

# **Dodd-Frank Act Stress Testing (DFAST)**

## Reporting Instructions

OCC Reporting Form DFAST-14A

January 202~~3~~<sup>2</sup>

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## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

The DFAST-14A report collects detailed data on national banks' and federal savings associations' quantitative projections of balance sheet assets and liabilities, income, losses, and capital across a range of macroeconomic scenarios and qualitative information on methodologies used to develop internal projections of capital across scenarios.

The DFAST-14A report is comprised of a Summary, Scenario, Regulatory Capital Instruments, Operational Risk, and a CECL supplemental schedule, each with multiple supporting sub-schedules. The number of schedules a national bank or federal savings association (hereafter "Banks") must complete is subject to materiality thresholds and certain other criteria. Banks report projections on the DFAST-14A schedules across supervisory scenarios provided by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (supervisory baseline and severely adverse), as well as Bank-defined (bank baseline and bank stress). One or more of the macroeconomic scenarios includes a market risk shock that selected Banks will assume when making trading and counterparty loss projections. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency will provide details about the macroeconomic scenarios to the Banks.

Banks are also required to submit qualitative information supporting their projections, including descriptions of the methodologies used to develop the internal projections of capital across scenarios and other analyses that support their comprehensive capital plans. Further information regarding the qualitative and technical requirements of required supporting documentation is provided in individual schedules as appropriate, as well as in Appendix A: Supporting Documentation.

### **1. Who Must Report**

#### **A. Reporting Criteria**

The Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act (EGRRCPA) amends certain aspects of the company-run stress testing requirement in section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Act, which requires certain national banks and federal savings associations to conduct annual stress tests. Therefore, only banks with greater than \$250 billion in total consolidated assets are covered by the company-run stress testing requirement. Separate annual schedules must be reported for each scenario as required, unless otherwise specified in the schedule or sub-schedule instructions. The instructions to these data schedules provide details on how to determine whether a Bank must submit a specific schedule, sub-schedule, or data element.

All annual schedules are required to be reported by all banks covered by the company-run stress testing requirement, with the exception of the following sub-schedule:

- ***Trading and Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR) sub-schedules (Summary Schedule): A bank consolidated under a holding company that is required to submit the Trading and CCR sub-schedules under the FR Y-14A reporting instructions must***

~~also include these sub-schedules and supporting documentation in their submission to the OCC. As with other components of these instructions, the sub-schedules should encompass trading activity within the bank. Banks with greater than \$500 billion in total consolidated assets that are subject to the amended market risk rule (12 CFR 3, Appendix B) must submit this schedule and sub-schedules.~~

## **B. Exemptions**

Banks that do not meet the reporting criteria listed above are exempt from reporting.

## **2. Where to Submit the Reports**

All Banks subject to these reporting requirements must submit completed reports electronically. Please register at [www.BankNet.gov](http://www.BankNet.gov). If you need BankNet assistance, please contact the OCC at: [BankNet@occ.treas.gov](mailto:BankNet@occ.treas.gov). Additional questions should be directed to the DFAST-14A mailbox: [DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov](mailto:DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov).

For requirements regarding the submission of qualitative supporting information, please see *Appendix A: Supporting Documentation*, in addition to instructions associated with each schedule for which supporting documentation might be required.

## **3. When to Submit the Reports**

Banks must file the DFAST-14A schedules annually according to the prescribed time schedules. All schedules will be due on or before the end of the submission date, unless that day falls on a weekend, in which case the data must be received on the first business day after the weekend or holiday (subject to timely filing provisions). No other extensions of time for submitting reports will be granted. The submission due date will be April 5. The data 'as-of date' will be December 31st prior to the submission due date. Early submission, including submission of schedules on a flow basis prior to the due date, aids the OCC in reviewing and processing data and is encouraged.

## **4. How to Prepare the Reports**

### **A. Applicability of GAAP**

Banks are required to prepare and file the DFAST-14A schedules in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and these instructions. The financial records of Banks should be maintained in such a manner and scope to ensure the DFAST-14A is prepared in accordance with these instructions and reflects a fair presentation of the Banks' financial condition and assessment of performance under stressed scenarios.

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued accounting standards update (ASU) 2016-13 which introduced the current expected credit losses methodology (CECL) for estimating allowances for credit losses and added Topic 326, Credit Losses, to the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). The new credit losses standard changes several aspects of existing U.S. GAAP. Banks must apply ASU 2016-13 for DFAST-14A reporting purposes in accordance

with the effective dates set forth in the ASU. As a result, the reporting of information associated with ASU 2016-13 will begin with the DFAST-14A reports effective December 31, 2019 (for the 2020 stress test cycle) but would not be fully phased in and reflected on the reporting forms and instructions until a future reporting date.

Banks that have adopted ASU 2016-13 on or before January 1, 2020, must reflect ASU 2016-13 in their stress test reports for 2020 and later. Banks that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 as of January 1, 2020, would reflect ASU 2016-13 in their stress test reports in the year they adopt ASU 2016-13 and subsequent years.

## **B. Rules of Consolidation**

Please reference the Call Report General Instructions for a discussion regarding the rules of consolidation.

## **C. Projections**

Many schedules collect data on a “projection horizon,” which includes one quarter of actual data followed by at least nine quarters of projected data. Where projections are required, the following applies: (1) The “projection horizon” refers to the nine quarters starting with the first quarter of the reporting year. (2) The projection horizon begins the quarter following the ‘as-of date.’

- Column headings refer to PQ1 through PQ9. PQ stands for projected quarter. PQ1 through PQ9 are nine quarterly projections over which the planning horizon extends.
- In some cases, the projected quarters will extend beyond the nine-quarter planning horizon (as is the case of projected future losses charged to the repurchase reserve), necessitating PQ10 or more.

## **D. Technical Details**

The following instructions apply generally to the DFAST-14A schedules, unless otherwise specified. For further information on the technical specifications for this report, please refer to the Technical Instructions.

- Do not enter any information in gray highlighted or shaded cells, including those with embedded formulas. Only non-shaded cells should be completed by institutions.
- Ensure that any internal consistency checks are complete prior to submission.
- Report dollar values in millions of U.S. dollars (unless specified otherwise).
- Dates should be entered in an YYYYMMDD format (unless otherwise indicated).
- Report negative numbers with a minus (-) sign.
- An amount, zero, or null should be entered for all items, except in those cases where other options such as “not available” or “other” are specified. If information is not available or not applicable and no such options are offered, the field should be left blank.
- Report income and loss data on a quarterly basis and not on a cumulative or year-to-date basis.

## **E. Other Instructional Guidance**

Banks should review the following published documents (in the order listed below) when determining the precise definition to be used in completing the schedules. Where applicable, references to the Call Reports have been provided in the DFAST-14A instructions and templates noting associations between the reporting series.

The latest available Call Report instructions published on the FFIEC's public Web site:

<https://www.ffiec.gov/forms031.htm>.

#### *Confidentiality*

Data that is collected as part of the annual company-run stress test requirement is confidential. All templates, worksheets and schedules are the property of the OCC and unauthorized disclosure is prohibited pursuant to 12 CFR 4.37.

#### *Amended Reports*

The OCC will require the filing of amended DFAST-14A templates if previous submissions contain significant errors. Additionally, a bank must file an amended report when it or the OCC discovers significant errors or omissions subsequent to submission of a report. Finally, since the Federal Reserve's FR Y-14A reporting forms and instructions are almost identical to the OCC DFAST-14A, there is a possibility that an error identified on one form may also appear on the other reporting form. If resubmission is required on the FR Y-14A, please check the DFAST-14A for that same error and file an amended report if needed. Failure to file amended reports on a timely basis may subject the institution to supervisory action.

If resubmissions are required, institutions should contact their resident examination staff, as well as the DFAST-14A mailbox: [DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov](mailto:DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov)

#### **F. Questions and Requests for Interpretations**

Banks should submit any questions or requests for interpretations by e-mail to [DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov](mailto:DFA165i2.reporting@occ.treas.gov).

### **5. Counterparty Default Scenario Component**

Banks with substantial trading or custodial operations will be required to incorporate a counterparty default scenario component into their severely adverse stress scenarios.<sup>1</sup> Like the global market shock, this component will only be applied to the largest and most complex Banks, in line with the OCC's higher expectations for those Banks relative to the other Banks participating in DFAST. In connection with the counterparty default scenario component, these Banks will be required to estimate and report the potential losses and related effects on capital associated with the instantaneous and unexpected default of the counterparty that would generate the largest losses across their derivatives and securities financing activities, including securities lending and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreement activities.<sup>2</sup> Each Bank's largest counterparty will be determined by net stressed losses, estimated by revaluing exposures and collateral using the global market shock. The as-of date for the counterparty default scenario component is the same as the global market shock. Similar to the global market shock, the counterparty default scenario

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<sup>1</sup> The four Banks participating in the counterparty default component are Bank of America, N.A.; Citibank, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.; and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. These are the same set of Banks which participate in the global market shock.

<sup>2</sup> In selecting its largest counterparty, a Bank will not consider certain sovereign entities (Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States), designated central clearing counterparties, or the bank's own affiliates.

component is an add-on component to the macroeconomic and financial market scenarios specified in the OCC's supervisory severely adverse scenarios and, therefore, losses associated with this component should be viewed as an addition to the estimates of Pre-Provision Net Revenue (PPNR) and losses under the macroeconomic scenario (see the description of global market shock).

## **6. Bank Scenarios**

For purposes of DFAST, each Bank will be required to submit the results of its stress tests based on at least one stress scenario developed by the Bank and a Bank baseline scenario. The Bank baseline scenario should reflect the Bank's view of the expected path of the economy over the planning horizon. A Bank may use the same baseline scenario as the supervisory baseline scenario if that Bank believes the supervisory baseline scenario appropriately represents its view of the most likely outlook for the risk factors salient to the Bank. For the Bank stress scenario, the firm should apply the BHC stress scenario to the exposures (both on- and off-balance sheet) and activities of the bank. The bank should not develop a separate Bank-level stress scenario which is materially different from the BHC stress scenario. Additionally, the bank should include documentation on the scenario development process, which at a minimum, should describe how the risk identification process relates to the scenario design and how the scenario design corresponds to the Bank's idiosyncratic risks.

To the degree that the Bank anticipates that its specific vulnerabilities or risk profile is different from the BHC, the bank should include supporting documentation which qualitatively identifies key differences in the risk profiles between the Bank and the BHC and how these differences are anticipated to affect the Bank-specific scenario results.<sup>3</sup>

## ***SUMMARY SCHEDULE***

### ***General Instructions***

This document contains instructions for the DFAST-14A Summary Schedule. The schedule includes data collection worksheets related to the following:

1. Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and Capital Statements;
2. Retail;
3. Securities;
4. Trading;
5. Counterparty Credit Risk;
6. Operational Risk; and
7. Pre-Provision Net Revenue (PPNR).

### ***Supporting Documentation***

Please refer to Supporting Documentation (Appendix A) for guidance on providing supporting documentation.

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<sup>3</sup> For directions on where this documentation should be uploaded, see Appendix A.

## **Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and Capital**

### **1. Income Statement**

The Income Statement worksheet collects projections for the main components of the income statement. Micro Data Reference Manual (MDRM) codes are provided in the 'Notes' column for many of the line items. Where applicable, use the definitions for the Call Report line items corresponding to the MDRM code.

For each scenario used, input the loan loss projections for the various line items in this worksheet. The bank should include losses tied to the relevant balances reported on the Balance Sheet worksheet.

- Losses associated with held for investment loans accounted for at amortized cost should be reported in the appropriate line items under the "Losses Associated With Loans Held for Investment Accounted for at Amortized Cost" section.
- Losses due to changes in the fair value of assets that are held for sale or held for investment under the fair value option should be reported in the appropriate line items under the "Losses Associated With Loans Held for Sale and Loans Accounted for Under the Fair Value Option" section.

The Repurchase Reserve/Liability for Mortgage Reps and Warrants line items are included to provide information on the expected evolution of any reserve or accrued liability that has been established for losses related to sold or government-insured mortgage loans (first or second lien). Losses charged to this reserve can occur through contractual repurchases, settlement agreements, or litigation loss, including losses related to claims under securities law or fraud claims; it is likely that most losses charged to this reserve will come through contractual repurchases or settlements.

Quarterly reserve/acquired liability levels and quarterly provisions and net charge-offs to the reserve/acquired liability should be reported as forecast under the applicable scenario. To ensure consistency across the sheets of each DFAST-14A summary workbook, the Provisions during the quarter line is linked to the PPNR Projections Worksheet rows where Banks are expected to report any provisions to the Repurchase Reserve/Liability for Mortgage Reps and Warrants.

#### ***Losses on HFI Loans at Amortized Costs***

##### **Item 1 Real estate loans (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 2, 5, 8 and 14.

##### **Item 2 First lien mortgages (including HELOANS)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 3 and 4.

##### **Item 3 First lien mortgages**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all



closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, excluding closed-end first lien home equity loans (reported in item 4).

**Item 4 First lien home equity loans (HELOANS)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end first lien home equity loans.

**Item 5 Second/junior lien mortgages**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 6 and 7.

**Item 6 Closed-end junior loans**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties.

**Item 7 Home equity lines of credit (HELOCS)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on the amount outstanding under revolving, open-end lines of credit secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties.

**Item 8 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 9, 10, and 11.

**Item 9 Construction**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2).

**Item 10 Multifamily**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC- C, item 1(d).

**Item 11 Nonfarm, nonresidential**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 12 and 13.

**Item 12 Owner-occupied**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1).

**Item 13 Non-owner-occupied**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2).

**Item 14 Loans secured by farmland**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all

loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b).

**Item 15 Real estate loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 16, 17, 18 and 24.

**Item 16 First lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 17 Second/junior lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all loans secured by second/junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 18 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 19, 20, and 21.

**Item 19 Construction (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC- C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 20 Multifamily (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC- C, item 1(d), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 21 Nonfarm, nonresidential (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 22 and 23.

**Item 22 Owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 23 Non-owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 24 Loans secured by farmland (Not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 25 C&I Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 26, 27 and 28.

**Item 26 C&I Graded**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all graded commercial and industrial (C&I) loans. Report only loans “graded” or “rated” using the reporting entity’s commercial credit rating system, as it is defined in the reporting entity’s normal course of business. This includes losses associated with domestic and international business and corporate credit card or charge card loans for which a commercially graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred.

**Item 27 Small Business (Scored/Delinquency Managed)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on small business loans. Report all "scored" or "delinquency managed" U.S. small business loans for which a commercial internal risk rating is not used or that uses a different scale than other corporate loans reported in the Call Report, schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 2.c, 3, 4.a, 4.b, 7, 9.a, 9.b.1, 9.b.2, 10.b, excluding corporate and small business credit card loans included in the Call Report, schedule RC-C, item 4.a.

**Item 28 Business and Corporate Card**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans extended under business and corporate credit cards. Business cards include small business credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). Corporate cards include employer-sponsored credit cards for use by a company’s employees. Exclude losses associated with corporate card or charge card loans included in Item 26 (C&I Graded Loans).

**Item 29 Credit Cards**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards. General purpose credit cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label credit cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type, and student cards if applicable.

**Item 30 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 31, 32, 33 and 34.

**Item 31 Auto Loans**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on auto loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6(c).

**Item 32 Student Loans**

Report losses on loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on student loans.

**Item 33 Other (consumer) loans backed by securities (non-purpose lending)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on other consumer loans that are backed by securities (i.e., non-purpose lending).

**Item 34 Other (consumer)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other consumer loans not reported in items 31, 32 or 33.

**Item 35 Other Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40.

**Item 36 Loans to Foreign Governments**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans to foreign governments, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 7. Exclude losses associated with loans to foreign governments included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 37 Agricultural Loans**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on agricultural loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 3. Exclude losses associated with agricultural loans included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 38 Loans for Purchasing or Carrying Securities (secured or unsecured)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans for purchasing or carrying securities (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC- C, item 9.b.(1). Exclude losses associated with loans for purchasing or carrying securities included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 39 Loans to Depositories and Other Financial Institutions**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans to depositories and other financial institutions (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, and 9.a. Exclude losses associated with loans to depositories and other financial institutions included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 40 All Other Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 41 and 42.

**Item 41 All Other Loans (exclude consumer loans)**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other loans (excluding consumer loans), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 9.b.(2). Exclude losses associated with all other loans included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 42 All Other Leases**

Report losses associated with loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other leases (excluding consumer leases), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.b. Exclude losses associated with all other leases included in Item 27 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 43 Total Loans and Leases**

This item is a derived field and is the sum of items 1, 15, 25, 29, 30 and 35.

### ***Losses on HFS Loans and Fair Value Option Loans***

**Report only the loans themselves (excluding hedges). Report hedges in the appropriate items of the income statement (e.g., hedges held in the trading book are reported in the trading book items).**

#### **Item 44 Real estate loans (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 45, 46, 47 and 48.

#### **Item 45 First Lien Mortgages**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, including closed- end first lien home equity loans.

#### **Item 46 Second/Junior Lien Mortgages**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties.

#### **Item 47 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all construction, multifamily, and nonfarm nonresidential loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1) and 1.e.(2).

#### **Item 48 Loans secured by farmland**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b).

#### **Item 49 Real estate loans (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 50, 51 and 52.

#### **Item 50 Residential Mortgages (not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all loans secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, including both first lien and second/junior lien loans, not held in domestic offices.

#### **Item 51 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans (not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all construction, multifamily, and nonfarm nonresidential loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1) and 1.e.(2), not held in domestic offices.

#### **Item 52 Loans secured by farmland (not in domestic offices)**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 53 C&I Loans**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all C&I loans, as defined in items 26, 27 and 28.

**Item 54 Credit Cards**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards. General purpose credit cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label credit cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type, and student cards if applicable.

**Item 55 Other Consumer**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all other consumer loans, as defined in items 31, 32, 33 and 34.

**Item 56 All Other Loans and Leases**

Report losses associated with held for sale loans and loans accounted for under the fair value option on all other loans and leases, as defined in items 36, 37, 38, 39, 41 and 42.

**Item 57 Total Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 44, 49, 53, 54, 55 and 56.

***Trading Account*****Item 58 Trading Mark-to-market (MTM) Losses**

Item 58 must equal item 18, columns A and B, on the DFAST14A Summary Schedule, Trading sub-schedule, with the sign reversed.

**Item 59 Trading Issuer Default Losses (Trading IDR)**

Item 59 must equal item 1 on the Counterparty Risk Schedule.

**Item 60 Counterparty Credit MTM Losses (CVA losses)**

Item 60 must equal item 2 on the Counterparty Risk Schedule.

**Item 61 Counterparty Default Losses**

Item 61 must equal item 3 on the Counterparty Risk Schedule.

**Item 62 Total Trading and Counterparty Losses**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 58, 59, 60, and 61. Banks should include Counterparty Credit Risk sub-schedule item 4 "Other Counterparty Losses" in item 65 "Other Losses" on this worksheet.

***Other Losses*****Item 63 Goodwill Impairment**

Report losses associated with goodwill impairment, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-M-Memorandum, item 2.b.

**Item 64 Valuation Adjustment for firm's own debt under fair value option (FVO)**

Report losses associated with the valuation adjustment for the firm's own debt under the fair value option (FVO).

**Item 65 Other Losses (describe in supporting documentation)**

Report all other losses not reported in items 1 through 64. Describe these losses in the supporting documentation.

**Item 66 Total Other Losses**

Report the sum of all other losses included in items 63, 64 and 65.

**Item 67 Total Losses**

Report the sum of items 43, 57, 62 and 66.

**Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses**<sup>4</sup>. [Lines 69 to 115 should be reported using data for the current quarter.](#)

**Item 68 Total allowance for loan and lease losses, prior quarter**

The total allowance for loan and lease losses prior quarter. This item is derived as the sum of items 68a-d.

Institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should report ALLL prior quarter in line item 68a. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report allowance for credit losses on loans and leases prior quarter, credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities prior quarter, available-for-sale debt securities prior quarter, and all other financial assets prior quarter in item 68a, 68b, 68c, and 68d, respectively.

**Item 68a ALLL prior quarter**

Report the total allowance for loan and lease losses as of the end of the prior quarter.

**Item 68b. Allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities, prior quarter**

Report the total allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities as of the end of the prior quarter.

**Item 68c. Allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities, prior quarter**

Report the total allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities as of the end of the prior quarter.

**Item 68d. Allowance for credit losses on all other financial assets, prior quarter**

Report the total allowance for credit losses on all other financial assets not included in items 68a-c above.

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<sup>4</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report the specified breakouts of allowances and provisions for credit losses in items 69 through 90 and 92 through 113.

**Item 69 Real Estate Loans (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of items 70, 74 and 78.

**Item 70 Residential Mortgages (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of the allowance for loan and lease losses included in items 71, 72 and 73.

**Item 71 First Lien Mortgages (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, including first lien home equity loans, held in domestic offices.

**Item 72 Closed-end Junior Liens (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all closed-end loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, held in domestic offices.

**Item 73 HELOCs (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for revolving, open-end lines of credit secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, held in domestic offices.

**Item 74 CRE Loans (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of the allowance for loan and lease losses included in items 76, 77 and 78.

**Item 75 Construction (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for construction, land development, and other land loans (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2)), held in domestic offices.

**Item 76 Multifamily (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d), held in domestic offices.

**Item 77 Nonfarm, Nonresidential (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(e)(1) and 1(e)(2), held in domestic offices.

**Item 78 Loans Secured by Farmland (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for loans secured by farmland as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), held in domestic offices.

**Item 79 Real Estate Loans (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of items 81, 82 and 83.

**Item 80 Residential Mortgages (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, including both first lien and second/junior lien loans, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 81 CRE Loans (Not in Domestic Offices)**



Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all construction, multifamily, and nonfarm nonresidential loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1) and 1.e.(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 82 Farmland (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by farmland as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 83 C&I Loans**

Report the sum of items 85, 86 and 87.

**Item 84 C&I Graded**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all graded C&I loans. Report the associated allowance only for loans "graded" or "rated" using the reporting entity's commercial credit rating system, as it is defined in the reporting entity's normal course of business. This includes the allowance for loan and lease losses for all domestic and international business and corporate credit card or charge card loans for which a commercially graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred.

**Item 85 Small Business (Scored/Delinquency Managed)**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for small business loans. Report the associated allowance for all "scored" or "delinquency managed" U.S. small business loans for which a commercial internal risk rating is not used or that uses a different scale than other corporate loans reported in the Call Report, schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 3, 4.a, 4.b, 7, 9.a, 9.b.1, 9.b.2, and 10.b. Exclude corporate and small business credit card loans included in the Call Report, schedule RC-C, line 4.a.

**Item 86 Business and Corporate Card**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for loans extended under business and corporate credit cards. Business cards include small business credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). Corporate cards include employer-sponsored credit cards for use by a company's employees. Exclude the allowance for loan and lease losses related to corporate card or charge card loans included in Item 85 (C&I Graded Loans).

**Item 87 Credit Cards**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards. General purpose credit cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label credit cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type.

**Item 88 Other Consumer**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all other consumer loans, as defined in items 31, 32, 33 and 34.

**Item 89 All Other Loans and Leases**

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses for all other loans and leases, as defined in items 36, 37, 38, 39, 41 and 42.

**Item 90 Unallocated**

Report any unallocated portion of the allowance for loan and lease losses (i.e., not attributable to items 70 to 89 above)

**Item 91 Total Provisions during the quarter**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 4. This item would be derived as the sum of items 91a-d.

Institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should report provisions for loan and lease losses during the quarter in line item 91a. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report provisions for credit losses on loans and leases during the quarter, provisions for held-to-maturity during the quarter, available-for-sale debt securities during the quarter, and all other financial assets during the quarter in item 91a, 91b, 91c, and 91d, respectively.

**Item 91a Provisions for loan and lease losses during the quarter**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, part II, item 5, column A. This item should align with the sum of provisions for loan and lease losses reported in the loan types broken out below.

**Item 91b Provisions for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities during the quarter**

Report the provision for credit losses on held-to-maturity securities during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, part II, item 5, column B.

**Item 91c Provisions for credit losses on available-for-sale securities during the quarter**

Report the provision for credit losses on available-for-sale securities during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, part II, item 5, column C.

**Item 91d Provisions for credit losses on all other financial assets during the quarter**

Report the provision for credit losses on all other financial assets not included in items 91a-c above.

**Item 92 Real Estate Loans (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of items 93, 97 and 101.

**Item 93 Residential Mortgages (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of the provision for loan and lease losses included in items 94, 95, and 96.

**Item 94 First Lien Mortgages (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, including first lien home equity loans, held in domestic offices.

**Item 95 Closed-end Junior Liens (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all closed-end loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, held in domestic offices.

**Item 96 HELOCs (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for revolving, open-end lines of credit secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, held in domestic offices.

**Item 97 CRE Loans (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of the provision for loan and lease losses included in items 98, 99 and 100.

**Item 98 Construction (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for construction, land development, and other land loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2), held in domestic offices

**Item 99 Multifamily (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d), held in domestic offices.

**Item 100 Nonfarm, Nonresidential (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(e)(1) and 1(e)(2), held in domestic offices.

**Item 101 Loans Secured by Farmland (in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for loans secured by farmland as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), held in domestic offices.

**Item 102 Real Estate Loans (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the sum of items 104, 105 and 106.

**Item 103 Residential Mortgages (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, including both first lien and second/junior lien loans, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 104 CRE Loans (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all construction, multifamily, and nonfarm nonresidential loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1) and 1.e.(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 105 Farmland (Not in Domestic Offices)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all loans secured by farmland as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 106 C&I Loans**

Report the sum of items 107, 108 and 109.

**Item 107 C&I Graded**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all graded C&I loans. Report the associated provision only for loans “graded” or “rated” using the reporting entity’s commercial credit rating system, as it is defined in the reporting entity’s normal course of business. This includes the provision for loan and lease losses for all domestic and international business and corporate credit card or charge card loans for which a commercially graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred.

**Item 108 Small Business (Scored/Delinquency Managed)**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for small business loans. Report the associated provision for all “scored” or “delinquency managed” U.S. small business loans for which a commercial internal risk rating is not used or that uses a different scale than other corporate loans reported in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 3, 4.a, 4.b, 7, 9.a, 9.b.1, 9.b.2, and 10.b.

Exclude corporate and small business credit card loans included in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, line 4.a.

**Item 109 Business and Corporate Cards**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for loans extended under business and corporate credit cards. Business cards include small business credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). Corporate cards include employer-sponsored credit cards for use by a company’s employees. Exclude the provision for loan and lease losses related to corporate card or charge card loans included in Item 108 (C&I Graded Loans).

**Item 110 Credit Cards**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards. General purpose credit cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label credit cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer’s stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type.

**Item 111 Other Consumer**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all other consumer loans, as defined in items 31, 32, 33 and 34.

**Item 112 All Other Loans and Leases**

Report the provision for loan and lease losses for all other loans and leases, as defined in items 36, 37, 38, 39, 41 and 42.

**Item 113 Unallocated**

Report any unallocated portion of the provision for loan and lease losses.

**Item 114 Total Net charge-offs during the quarter**

Report charge-offs net of recoveries during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, part I, item 9, column A minus column B. This item is derived as the sum of items 114a-d.

Institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should report net charge-offs during the quarter in line item 114a. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report net charge-offs during the quarter on loans and leases, held-to-maturity, available-for-sale debt securities, and all other financial assets in item 114a, 114b, 114c, and 114d, respectively.

**Item 114a Net charge-offs during the quarter on loans and leases**

Report charge-offs net of recoveries during the quarter, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, Part II, Column A, item 3 minus item 2.

**Item 114b Net charge-offs during the quarter on held-to-maturity debt securities**

Report charge-offs net of recoveries during the quarter on held-to-maturity debt securities, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, Part II, Column B, item 3 minus item 2.

**Item 114c Net charge-offs during the quarter on available-for-sale debt securities**

Report charge-offs net of recoveries during the quarter on available-for-sale debt securities, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, Part II, Column C, item 3 minus item 2.

**Item 114d Net charge-offs during the quarter on all other financial assets**

Report charge-offs net of recoveries during the quarter on all other financial assets not included in items 114a-c above.

**Line item 115 Total Other ALLL Changes**

This item is derived as the sum of items 115a-d.

Institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should report other allowances in line item 115a. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report other allowances for credit losses on loans and leases, other allowances for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities, available-for-sale debt securities, and all other financial assets in item 115a, 115b, 115c, and 115d respectively.

**Item 115a Other ALLL Changes**

Report other changes to the allowance for loan and lease losses, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI- B, Part II, column A, item 6, minus Schedule RI-B, Part II, item 4.

**Item 115b Other allowances for credit losses changes on held-to-maturity debt securities**

Report other changes to the allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-B, Part II, column B, item 6, minus item 4.

**Item 115c Other allowances for credit losses changes on available-for-sale debt securities**

Report other changes to the allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-B, Part II, column C, item 6, minus item 4.

**Item 115d Other allowances for credit losses changes on all other financial assets**

Report other changes to the allowance for credit losses on all other financial assets not included in items 115a-c above.

**Item 116 Total ALLL, current quarter**

This item is derived as the sum of items 116a-d.

Institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should report total allowances in line item 116a. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report total allowances for credit losses on loans and leases, other allowances for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities, available-for-sale debt securities, and all other financial assets in item 116a, 116b, 116c, and 116d, respectively.

**Item 116a ALLL, current quarter**

Report the sum of items 68a, 91a and 115a, minus item 114a.

**Item 116b Allowances for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities, current quarter**

Report the sum of items 68b, 91b and 115b, minus item 114b.

**Item 116c Allowances for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities, current quarter**

Report the sum of items 68c, 91c and 115c, minus item 114c.

**Item 116d Allowances for credit losses on all other financial assets, current quarter**

Report the sum of items 68d, 91d and 115d, minus item 114d.

***Pre-Provision Net Revenue (PPNR)***

**Item 117 Net interest income**

Item 117 must equal item 13 on the PPNR Submission Worksheet.

**Item 118 Noninterest income**

Item 118 must equal item 26 on the PPNR Submission Worksheet.

**Item 119 Noninterest expense**

Item 119 must equal item 38 on the PPNR Submission Worksheet.

**Item 120 Pre-provision Net Revenue**

Report the sum of items 117 and 118, minus item 119.

***Condensed Income Statement***

**Item 121 Pre-provision Net Revenue**

Report the value for item 120.

**Item 122 Provisions during the quarter**

Report the value for item 91.

**Item 123 Total Trading and Counterparty Losses**

Report the value for item 62.

**Item 124 Total Other Losses**

Report the value for item 66.

**Item 125 Other Income Statement (I/S) Items**

Report other income statement items that the institution chooses to disclose. Describe these items in the supporting documentation.

**Item 126 Realized Gains (Losses) on available-for-sale securities, including OTTI<sup>5</sup>**

Report realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 6.b. For the projected quarters, this amount represents projected other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) losses on available-for-sale securities and realized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities. Realized gains and losses from sales of available-for-sale securities should not be allowed unless there is an existing contractual or legal obligation to sell a security or a security has already been sold.

**Item 127a Realized Gains (Losses) on held-to-maturity securities, including OTTI<sup>6</sup>**

Report realized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 6.a. For the projected quarters, this amount represents projected OTTI losses on held-to-maturity securities and realized gains and losses on held-to-maturity securities. Realized gains and losses from sales of held-to-maturity securities should not be allowed unless there is an existing contractual or legal obligation to sell a security or a security has already been sold.

**Line Item 127b Unrealized holding gains (losses) on equity securities not held for trading**

Report unrealized holding gains (losses) on equity securities not held for trading as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI, item 8.b. This item is to be completed by banks that have adopted ASU 2016-01, which includes provisions governing the accounting for investments in equity securities.

**Item 128 Income (loss) before applicable income taxes and discontinued operations**

Report the sum of items 121, 125, 126, 127a and 127b, minus items 122, 123, and 124.

**Item 129 Applicable income taxes (foreign and domestic)**

Report all applicable income taxes, both foreign and domestic, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 9.

**Item 130 Income (loss) before discontinued operations**

Report the amount of item 128 minus item 129.

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<sup>5</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not include OTTI in items 126 or 127.

<sup>6</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not include OTTI in items 126 or 127.

**Item 131 Discontinued operations, net of applicable income taxes**

Report discontinued operations, net of applicable income taxes, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 11.

**Item 132 Net income (loss) attributable to bank and minority interests**

Report the sum of item 130 and item 131.

**Item 133 Net income (loss) attributable to minority interests**

Report net income (loss) attributable to minority interests, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 13.

**Item 134 Net income (loss) attributable to bank**

Report the amount of item 132 minus item 133.

**Item 135 Effective Tax Rate (percent)**

Report the amount of item 129 divided by item 128, multiplied by 100.

***Repurchase Reserve/Liability for Mortgage Reps & Warranties***

**Item 136 Reserve, prior quarter**

Report the amount of any reserve or accrued liability that was established in the prior quarter for losses related to sold or government-insured mortgage loans (first or second lien).

**Item 137 Provisions during the quarter**

Report the amount of provisions during the quarter to the repurchase reserve/liability for mortgage representations and warranties.

**Item 138 Net charges during the quarter**

Report the amount of net charges (charges less recoveries) during the quarter to the repurchase reserve/liability for mortgage representations and warranties. Losses charged to this reserve can occur through contractual repurchases, settlement agreements, or litigation loss, including losses related to claims under securities law or fraud claims.

This item is not a derived item; all institutions must report this item.

**Item 139 Reserve, current quarter**

Report the sum of items 136 and 137 minus item 138.

***2. Balance Sheet***

For each scenario, input the loan balance projections in the various line items in this worksheet. Balance projections for HFI loans (held for investment) should be reported in the appropriate line items in the "Loans Held for Investment at Amortized Cost." Balances for HFS or HFI loans under the fair value option should be reported in the appropriate line items in the "Loans Held for Sale and Loans Accounted for Under the Fair Value Option" section. MDRM codes are provided within the 'Notes' column for many of the line items. When applicable, the definition of



the bank's projections should correlate to the definitions outlined by the corresponding MDRM code within the Call Report.

Domestic refers to portfolios in the domestic U.S. offices (as defined in the Call Report), and International refers to portfolios outside of the domestic U.S. offices.

Additionally, explain any M&A and divestitures included and how they are funded (liabilities, asset sales, etc.).

### ***Securities***

#### **Item 1 Held to Maturity (HTM)**

Report the amount of held-to-maturity securities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 2.a.<sup>7</sup>

#### **Item 2a Available for Sale (AFS)**

Report the amount of available-for-sale securities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 2.b.

#### **Item 2b Equity securities with readily determinable fair values not held for trading**

Report the amount of equity securities with readily determinable fair values not held for trading, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC, item 2.c.

#### **Item 3 Total Securities**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 1, 2a and 2b.

#### **Item 4 Securitizations (investment grade)**

Investment grade means that the entity to which the banking organization is exposed through a loan or security, or the reference entity with respect to a credit derivative, has adequate capacity to meet financial commitments for the projected life of the asset or exposure. Such an entity or reference entity has adequate capacity to meet financial commitments if the risk of its default is low and the full and timely repayment of principal and interest is expected.

#### **Item 5 Securitizations (non-investment grade)**

Securitizations that do not meet the investment grade definition above.

### ***Total Loans and Leases***

#### **Item 6 Real estate loans (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 7, 10, 13 and 19.

#### **Item 7 First lien mortgages (including HELOANS)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 8 and 9.

#### **Item 8 First lien mortgages**

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<sup>7</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report item 1, net of any applicable allowance for credit losses.

Report loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, excluding closed-end first lien home equity loans (reported in item 7).

**Item 9 First lien home equity loans (HELOANS)**

Report all closed-end first lien home equity loans.

**Item 10 Second/junior lien mortgages**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 11 and 12.

**Item 11 Closed-end junior loans**

Report all closed-end loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(b).

**Item 12 Home equity lines of credit (HELOCS)**

Report the amount outstanding under revolving, open-end lines of credit secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(1).

**Item 13 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 14, 15, and 16.

**Item 14 Construction**

Report construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2).

**Item 15 Multifamily**

Report loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d).

**Item 16 Nonfarm, nonresidential**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 17 and 18.

**Item 17 Owner-occupied**

Report loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1).

**Item 18 Non-owner-occupied**

Report nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2).

**Item 19 Loans secured by farmland**

Report all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b).

**Item 20 Real estate loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 21, 22, 23 and 29.

**Item 21 First lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not

held in domestic offices.

**Item 22 Second/junior lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report all loans secured by second/junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 23 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 24, 25, and 26.

**Item 24 Construction (Not in domestic offices)**

Report construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 25 Multifamily (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 26 Nonfarm, nonresidential (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 27 and 28.

**Item 27 Owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 28 Non-owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 29 Loans secured by farmland (Not in domestic offices)**

Report all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 30 C&I Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 31, 32, 33 and 34.

**Item 31 C&I Graded**

Report all graded C&I loans. Report only loans "graded" or "rated" using the reporting entity's commercial credit rating system, as it is defined in the reporting entity's normal course of business. This includes domestic and international business and corporate credit card or charge card loans for which a commercially graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred.

**Item 32 Small Business (Scored/Delinquency Managed)**

Report all "scored" or "delinquency managed" U.S. small business loans for which a commercial internal risk rating is not used or that uses a different scale than other corporate loans reported in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 3, 4.a, 4.b, 7, 9.a, 9.b.1, 9.b.2,

and 10.b. Exclude corporate and small business credit card loans included in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, line 4.a.

**Item 33 Corporate Card**

Report loans extended under corporate credit cards. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). Corporate cards include employer-sponsored credit cards for use by a company's employees. Exclude corporate card loans included in Item 31 (C&I Graded Loans).

**Item 34 Business Card**

Report loans extended under business credit cards. Business cards include small business credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level.

**Item 35 Credit Cards**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 36 and 37.

**Item 36 Charge Cards**

Report loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards that have terms and conditions associated with a charge card. Instead of having a stated interest rate, charge cards have an annual fee and an interchange fee. Also customers must pay off the loan within the billing cycle, which is typically one month. General purpose charge cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label charge cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type.

**Item 37 Bank Cards**

Report loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards that have terms and conditions associated with a bank card. A bank card will have a stated interest rate and a minimum payment amount due within the billing cycle. General purpose bank cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label bank cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type.

**Item 38 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 39, 40, 41 and 42.

**Item 39 Auto Loans**

Report all auto loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6(c).

**Item 40 Student Loans**

Report all student loans.

**Item 41 Other (consumer) loans backed by securities (non-purpose lending)**

Report other consumer loans that are backed by securities (i.e., non-purpose lending).

**Item 42 Other (consumer)**

Report all other consumer loans not reported in items 39, 40 or 41.

**Item 43 Other Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 44, 45, 46, 47 and 48.

**Item 44 Loans to Foreign Governments**

Report all loans to foreign governments, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 7. Exclude loans to foreign governments included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 45 Agricultural Loans**

Report all agricultural loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 3. Exclude agricultural loans included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 46 Loans for Purchasing or Carrying Securities (secured or unsecured)**

Report all loans for purchasing or carrying securities (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 9.b.(1). Exclude loans for purchasing or carrying securities included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 47 Loans to Depositories and Other Financial Institutions**

Report all loans to depositories and other financial Institutions (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, and 9.a. Exclude loans to depositories and other financial institutions included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 48 All Other Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 49 and 50.

**Item 49 All Other Loans (exclude consumer loans)**

Report all other loans (excluding consumer loans), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 9.b.(2). Exclude all other loans included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 50 All Other Leases**

Report all other leases (excluding consumer leases), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.b. Exclude all other leases included in item 32 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 51 Total Loans and Leases**

Report the sum of items 6, 20, 30, 35, 38 and 43.

***Loans HFI at Amortized Cost***

**Item 52 Real estate loans (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 53, 56, 59 and 65.

**Item 53 First lien mortgages (including HELOANS)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 54 and 55.

**Item 54 First lien mortgages**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, excluding closed-end first lien home equity loans (reported in item 53).

**Item 55 First lien home equity loans (HELOANS)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end first lien home equity loans.

**Item 56 Second/junior lien mortgages**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 57 and 58.

**Item 57 Closed-end junior loans**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end loans secured by junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties.

**Item 58 Home equity lines of credit (HELOCS)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on the amount outstanding under revolving, open-end lines of credit secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties.

**Item 59 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 60, 61, and 62.

**Item 60 Construction**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2).

**Item 61 Multifamily**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d).

**Item 62 Nonfarm, nonresidential**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 61 and 62.

**Item 63 Owner-occupied**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1).

**Item 64 Non-owner-occupied**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2).

**Item 65 Loans secured by farmland**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b).

**Item 66 Real estate loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 67, 68, 69 and 75.

**Item 67 First lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 68 Second/junior lien mortgages (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all loans secured by second/junior (i.e., other than first) liens on 1 to 4 family residential properties, not held in domestic offices.

**Item 69 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 70, 71, and 72.

**Item 70 Construction (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on construction, land development, and other land loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 71 Multifamily (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(d), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 72 Nonfarm, nonresidential (Not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 73 and 74.

**Item 73 Owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(1), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 74 Non-owner-occupied (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans that are not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(e)(2), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 75 Loans secured by farmland (Not in domestic offices)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all loans secured by farmland, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1(b), not held in domestic offices.

**Item 76 C&I Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 77, 78 and 79.

**Item 77 C&I Graded**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all graded C&I loans. Report only loans “graded” or “rated” using the reporting entity’s commercial credit rating system, as it is defined in the reporting entity’s normal course of business. This includes domestic and international business and corporate credit card or charge card loans for which a commercially graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred.

**Item 78 Small Business (Scored/Delinquency Managed)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on small business loans. Report all "scored" or "delinquency managed" U.S. small business loans for which a commercial internal risk rating is not used or that uses a different scale than other corporate loans reported in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 3, 4.a, 4.b, 7, 9.a, 9.b.1, 9.b.2, and 10.b. Exclude corporate and small business credit card loans included in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, line 4.a.

**Item 79 Business and Corporate Card**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans extended under business and corporate credit cards. Business cards include small business credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). Corporate cards include employer-sponsored credit cards for use by a company’s employees. Exclude corporate card or charge card loans included in item 77 (C&I Graded Loans).

**Item 80 Credit Cards**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans extended under consumer general purpose or private label credit cards. General purpose credit cards are credit cards that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity, co-brand cards in this category, and student cards if applicable. Private label credit cards are credit cards, also known as proprietary credit cards, tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer’s stores. Include oil & gas cards in this loan type.

**Item 81 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 82, 83, 84 and 85.

**Item 82 Auto Loans**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on auto loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6(c).

**Item 83 Student Loans**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on student loans.

**Item 84 Other (consumer) loans backed by securities (non-purpose lending)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on other consumer loans that are backed by securities (i.e., non-purpose lending).



**Item 85 Other (consumer)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other consumer loans not reported in items 82, 83 or 84.

**Item 86 Other Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91.

**Item 87 Loans to Foreign Governments**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans to foreign governments, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 7. Exclude loans to foreign governments included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 88 Agricultural Loans**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on agricultural loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 3. Exclude loans included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 89 Loans for Purchasing or Carrying Securities (secured or unsecured)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans for purchasing or carrying securities (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 9.b.(1). Exclude loans for purchasing or carrying securities included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 90 Loans to Depositories and Other Financial Institutions**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on loans to depositories and other financial Institutions (secured or unsecured), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, and 9.a. Exclude loans to depositories and other financial institutions included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 91 All Other Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 92 and 93.

**Item 92 All Other Loans (exclude consumer loans)**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other loans (excluding consumer loans), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 9.b.(2). Exclude all other loans included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 93 All Other Leases**

Report loans held for investment accounted for at amortized cost on all other leases (excluding consumer leases), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.b. Exclude all other leases included in item 78 (Small Business Loans).

**Item 94 Total Loans and Leases**

Report the sum of items 52, 66, 76, 80, 81 and 86.

***HFS Loans and Loans Under Fair Value Options***

**Item 95 Real estate loans (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 96, 97, 98 and 99.

**Item 96 First Lien Mortgages**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 7 minus item 53.

**Item 97 Second/Junior Lien Mortgages**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 10 minus item 56.

**Item 98 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 13 minus item 59.

**Item 99 Loans secured by farmland**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 19 minus item 65.

**Item 100 Real estate loans (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 101, 102 and 103.

**Item 101 Residential Mortgages (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as the sum of items 21 and 22 minus items 67 and 68.

**Item 102 Commercial real estate (CRE) loans (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 23 minus item 69.

**Item 103 Loans secured by farmland (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 29 minus item 75.

**Item 104 C&I Loans**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 30 minus item 76.

**Item 105 Credit Cards**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 35 minus item 80.

**Item 106 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 38 minus item 81.

**Item 107 All Other Loans and Leases**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 41 minus item 84.

**Item 108 Total Loans and Leases Held for Sale and Loans and Leases Accounted for under the Fair Value Option**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 95, 100, 104, 105, 106 and 107.

**Item 109 Unearned Income on Loans**

Report all unearned income on loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 11, Column A.

**Item 110 Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses<sup>8</sup>**

This item is a shaded cell and is carried over from item 116a of the Income Statement Worksheet.

**Item 111 Loans and Leases (Held for Investment and Held for Sale) Net of Unearned Income and Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses<sup>9</sup>**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as item 51 minus items 109 and 110.

***Trading***

**Item 112 Trading Assets**

Report trading assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 5.

***Intangibles***

**Item 113 Goodwill**

Report goodwill, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-M - Memoranda, item 2.b.

**Item 114 Mortgage Servicing Rights**

Report all mortgage servicing rights, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-M, item 2.a.

**Item 115 Not Applicable**

**Item 116 All Other Identifiable Intangible Assets**

Report all other intangible assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-M, item 2.c.

**Item 117 Total Intangible Assets**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 113, 114, 115 and 116.

***Other (Assets)***

**Item 118 Cash and cash equivalent**

Report cash and cash equivalent, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 1.a. and 1.b.

**Item 119 Federal Funds Sold**

Report federal funds sold in domestic offices, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 3.a.

**Item 120 Securities Purchased under Agreements to Resell<sup>10</sup>**

Report securities purchased under agreements to resell, as defined in the Call Report Schedule

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<sup>8</sup> For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item will represent the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases.

<sup>9</sup> For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item will be net of unearned income and allowance for credit losses on loans and leases.

<sup>10</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report item 120 net of any applicable allowance for credit losses.

RC, item 3.b.

**Item 121 Premises and Fixed Assets**

Report all premises and fixed assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 6.

**Item 122 Other Real Estate Owned (OREO)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 123, 124 and 125.

**Item 123 Commercial**

Report the net book value of all other real estate owned in the form of, or for which the underlying real estate consists of, commercial real estate.

**Item 124 Residential**

Report the net book value of all other real estate owned in the form of, or for which the underlying real estate consists of, residential real estate.

**Item 125 Farmland**

Report the net book value of all other real estate owned in the form of, or for which the underlying real estate consists of, farmland.

**Item 126 Collateral Underlying Operating Leases for Which the Bank is the Lessor**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 127 and 128.

**Item 127 Autos**

Report the carrying amount of automobiles rented to others under operating leases, net of accumulated depreciation. The amount reported should only reflect collateral rented under operating leases and should not include collateral subject to capital/financing type leases.

**Item 128 Other**

Report the carrying amount of any equipment or other assets (other than automobiles) rented to others under operating leases, net of accumulated depreciation. The amount reported should only reflect collateral rented under operating leases and should not include collateral subject to capital/financing type leases.

**Item 129 Other assets<sup>11</sup>**

Report all other assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, sum of items 8, 9 and 11, minus item 126 (above).

**Item 130 Total Other (Assets)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 118-122, 126, and 129.

**Item 131 Total Assets**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 3, 111, 112, 117 and 130.

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<sup>11</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report item 129 net of any applicable allowance for credit losses.

## ***Liabilities***

### **Item 132 Deposits in Domestic Offices**

Report all deposits in domestic offices, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 13.a.(1) and 13.a.(2).

### **Item 133 Deposits in Foreign Offices**

Report all deposits in foreign offices, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 13.b.(1) and 13.b.(2).

### **Item 134 Deposits**

This item is a shaded cell and derived from the sum of items 132 and 133.

### **Item 135 Federal Funds Purchased and Repurchase Agreements**

Report all federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 14.a and 14.b.

### **Item 136 Trading Liabilities**

Report all trading liabilities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 15.

### **Item 137 Other Borrowed Money**

Report other borrowed money, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 16.

### **Item 138 Subordinated Notes and Debentures**

Report subordinated notes and debentures, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 19.

### **Item 139 Subordinated Notes Payable to Unconsolidated Trusts Issuing TruPS and TruPS Issued by Consolidated Special Purpose Entities**

If applicable, report all subordinated notes payable to unconsolidated trusts issuing trust preferred securities, and trust preferred securities issued by consolidated special purpose entities.

### **Item 140 Other liabilities**

Report other liabilities, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 20.

### **Item 141 Memo: Allowance for off-balance sheet credit exposures**

Report the allowance for off-balance sheet credit exposures, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-G, item 3.

### **Item 142 Total Liabilities**

Report the sum of items 134 through 140.

## ***Equity Capital***

### **Item 143 Perpetual Preferred Stock and Related Surplus**

Report all perpetual preferred stock and related surplus, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 23.

**Item 144 Common Stock (Par Value)**

Report the par value of common stock, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 24.

**Item 145 Surplus (Exclude All Surplus Related to Preferred Stock)**

Report surplus (excluding surplus related to preferred stock), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 25.

**Item 146 Retained Earnings**

Report all retained earnings, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 26.a.

**Item 147 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI)**

Report accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 26.b.

**Item 148 Other Equity Capital Components**

Report other equity capital components, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 26.c.

**Item 149 Total Bank Equity Capital**

Report the sum of items 143 through 148.

**Item 150 Noncontrolling (Minority) Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries**

Report all noncontrolling (minority) interests in consolidated subsidiaries, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 27.b.

**Item 151 Total Equity Capital**

Report the sum of items 149 and 150.

**Item 152 Unused Commercial Lending Commitments and Letters of Credit**

Report all unused commercial lending commitments and letters of credit, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-L, items 1.c.(1), 1.c.(2), 1.e.(1), 1.e.(2), 1.e.(3), 2, 3, and 4.

**3. Standardized RWA**

All banks are required to complete the “Standardized RWA” worksheet for all reporting quarters.

For reporting quarters starting January 1, 2018, advanced approaches banks must apply a 250 percent risk-weight to mortgage servicing assets (MSAs), deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, and significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock that are not deducted from capital. For all reporting quarters, a non-advanced approaches bank must apply a 100 percent risk weight to any amounts of MSAs, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, and significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock that are not deducted from capital, and continue to apply the 2017 risk weights under the capital rules to amounts of non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions and significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated

financial institution not in the form of common stock that are not deducted from capital.

Banks that are subject to market risk capital requirements at the as of date are required to complete the market risk-weighted asset section within the worksheet. In addition, if a bank projects to meet the trading activity threshold that would require it to be subject to the market risk capital requirements during the forecast period, then the bank should complete the market risk-weighted asset section within the worksheet.

### ***Balance Sheet Asset Categories***

#### **Item 1 Cash and balances due from depository institutions**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of cash and balances due from depository institutions. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R Part II, line item 1.

#### **Item 2a Securities (excluding securitizations): Held-to-maturity**

Report the total risk-weighted amortized cost of HTM securities excluding those securities that qualify as securitization exposures as defined in of the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 2a.

#### **Item 2b Securities (excluding securitizations): Available-for-sale and equity securities with readily determinable fair values not held for trading**

Report the total risk-weighted fair value of AFS securities, excluding those securities that qualify as securitization exposures as defined in §.2 of the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 2b.

If a banking organization cannot or does not make the AOCI opt-out election, it will risk weight the carrying value of its AFS debt securities, as defined in the regulatory rules (e.g., the value of the asset on the balance sheet determined in accordance with GAAP) and adjusted carrying value of its AFS equity securities (applicable only to equity exposures and is defined in the regulatory capital rules).

On the other hand, if a banking organization selected the AOCI opt-out election, then for debt securities, the banking organization will risk weight the carrying value of its AFS debt securities less net unrealized gains, or add back net unrealized losses. For equity securities, the banking organization will risk weight the adjusted carrying value. This means that it will risk weight its carrying value on the security, which includes any unrealized gains reflected in the value of the security less any unrealized gains that are excluded from regulatory capital, this includes up to 45 percent of pretax unrealized gains on AFS equity exposures as well as on AFS preferred stock classified as an equity security under GAAP.

#### **Item 3 Federal funds sold**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of federal funds sold.

### ***Loans and Leases Held for Sale***

#### **Item 4a Residential mortgage exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the carrying value of loans and leases HFS composed

of items related to residential mortgage exposures. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 4a.

**Item 4b High Volatility Commercial Real Estate**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the carrying value of loans and leases HFS related to high volatility commercial real estate exposures (HVCRE), as defined in the regulatory capital rules, including HVCRE exposures that are 90 days or more past due or on non-accrual status. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 4b.

**Item 4c Exposures Past Due 90 Days or More or on Nonaccrual**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the carrying value of loans and leases HFS that are 90 days or more past due or on non-accrual status according to the requirements set forth in §.32(k) of the regulatory capital rules. Do not include exposures to sovereigns or residential real estate, as described in §.32(a) and §.32(g) respectively, that are past due or on non-accrual status. Also, do not include HVCRE exposures that are past due or on non-accrual status. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 4c.

**Item 4d All other exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the carrying value of loans and leases held for sale (HFS) that are not reported in items 4a through 4c. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 4d.

***Loans and Leases Net of Unearned Income***

**Item 5a Residential mortgage exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the amount of loans and leases, net of unearned income, composed of items related to residential mortgage exposures, including the carrying value of the guaranteed portion of FHA and VA mortgage loans, loans secured by 1 to 4 family residential properties and by multifamily residential properties, as well as loans that meet the definition of statutory multifamily mortgage according to the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 5a.

**Item 5b High Volatility Commercial Real Estate (HVCRE) Exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the amount of loans and leases, net of unearned income that are related to HVCRE, including HVCRE exposures that are 90 days or more past due or on non-accrual status. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 5b.

**Item 5c Exposures Past Due 90 Days or More or on Nonaccrual**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the amount of loans and leases, net of unearned income, that are 90 days or more past due or on non-accrual status according to the requirements set forth in the regulatory capital rules. Do not include exposures to sovereigns or residential real estate as described in §.32(a) and §.32(g) respectively, that are past due or on non-accrual status. Also, do not include HVCRE exposures that are past due or on non-accrual status. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 5c.



**Item 5d All other exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the amount of loans and leases, net of unearned income, that is not reported in items 5a through 5c. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 5d.

**Item 6 Trading assets (excluding securitizations that receive standardized charges)**

If the Bank is subject to the market risk capital rules, report the total risk-weighted fair value of trading assets that do not meet the definition of a covered position per the market risk capital rules, excluding those trading assets that do not meet the definition of a covered position per the market risk capital that are securitization exposures as defined in §.2 of the regulatory capital rules.

If the Bank is not subject to the market risk capital rules, report the total risk-weighted fair value of trading assets, excluding those trading assets that are securitization exposures as defined in §.2 of the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 7.

**Item 7a All other assets**

Report the risk-weighted asset amount consistent with the definition of the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 8.

**Item 7b Separate account bank-owned life insurance**

Report the risk-weighted asset amount consistent with the definition of the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 8a.

**Item 7c Default fund contributions to central counterparties**

Report the risk-weighted asset amount consistent with the definition of the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 8b.

***Securitization Exposures: On-Balance Sheet*****Item 8a Held-to-maturity**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of amortized cost of HTM securities that are securitization exposures. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 9a.

**Item 8b Available-for-sale**

Report the total risk-weighted portion of the fair value of AFS securities that are securitization exposures. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 9b.

**Item 8c Trading assets that receive standardized charges**

If the Bank is subject to the market risk capital rules, report the total risk-weighted fair value of the portion of trading assets that are securitization exposures that do not meet the definition of a covered position per the market risk capital rules. If the Bank is not subject to the market risk capital rules, report the total risk-weighted fair value of trading assets that are securitization exposures. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-

R, Part II, line item 9c.

**Item 8d All other on-balance sheet securitization exposures**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of any qualifying on-balance assets included in Schedule RC that qualify as securitization exposures as defined in §.2 of the regulatory capital rules and are not currently covered in 8a, 8b, or 8c. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 9d.

**Item 9 Off-balance sheet securitization exposure**

Report the risk-weighted amount of all derivatives and off-balance sheet items reported included in Schedule RC-L or Schedule RC-S that qualify as securitization exposures as defined in §.2 of the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 10.

**Item 10 RWA for Balance Sheet Asset Categories Total Assets**

This item is a shaded cell (derived calculation) and equals the sum of items 1 through 8d. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 11.

***Derivatives and Off-Balance Sheet Items (Excluding Securitization Exposures)***

**Item 11 Financial standby letters of credit**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of all financial standby letters of credit that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 12.

**Item 12 Performance standby letters of credit and transaction related contingent items**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of transaction related contingent items, which includes the face amount of performance standby letters of credit and any other transaction related contingent items that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described is reported in the regulatory capital rules, Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 13.

**Item 13 Commercial and similar letters of credit**

Report the total risk-weighted amounts of commercial and similar letters of credit, including self-liquidating, trade-related contingent items that arise from the movement of goods, with an original maturity of less than one year that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 14.

**Item 14 Retained recourse on small business obligations sold with recourse**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of retained recourse on small business obligations. Under Section 208 of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994, a "qualifying institution" that transfers small business loans and leases on personal property (small business obligations) with recourse in a transaction that qualifies as a sale

under GAAP must maintain risk-based capital only against the amount of recourse retained, provided the institution establishes a recourse liability account that is sufficient under GAAP. Only loans and leases to businesses that meet the criteria for a small business concern established by the Small Business Administration under Section 3(c) of the Small Business Act (12 U.S.C. 631) are eligible for this favorable risk-based capital treatment. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 15.

In general, a "qualifying institution" is one that is well capitalized without regard to the Section 208 provisions. If a bank ceases to be a qualifying institution or exceeds the retained recourse limit set forth in banking agency regulations implementing Section 208, all new transfers of small business obligations with recourse would not be treated as sales. However, the reporting and risk-based capital treatment described above will continue to apply to any transfers of small business obligations with recourse that were consummated during the time the bank was a "qualifying institution" and did not exceed the limit.

**Item 15 Repo-style transactions**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of repo-style transactions, which is composed of the sum of the amount of securities lent, the amount of securities borrowed, and the amount of securities sold under agreements to repurchase that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 16.

**Item 16 All other off-balance sheet liabilities**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of all other off-balance sheet liabilities that are covered by the regulatory capital rules as well as the amount of those credit derivatives that are covered by the regulatory capital rules, but do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules, and have not been included in any of the preceding items in the Derivatives and Off-Balance Sheet Items section. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 17.

**Item 17a Unused commitments: Original maturity of one year or less, excluding ABCP (asset-backed commercial paper) Conduits**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of the unused portion of an eligible liquidity facility with an original maturity of one year or less, excluding ABCP facilities that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. Note that "original maturity" is defined as the length of time between the date a commitment is issued and the date of maturity, or the earliest date on which the banking organization: (1) is scheduled to, and as a normal practice actually does, review the facility to determine whether or not it should be extended and; (2) can unconditionally cancel the commitment. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 18a.

**Item 17b Unused commitments: Original maturity of one year or less to ABCP**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of the unused portion of an eligible liquidity facility with an original maturity of one year or less to ABCP facilities that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. Under the regulatory capital rules, the unused portion of commitments (facilities) which are unconditionally cancelable (without cause) at any time by the banking organization have a zero percent conversion factor. The unused portion of such commitments should be excluded from this item.

**Item 17c Unused commitments: Original maturity exceeding one year**

Report the total risk-weighted amount of the unused portion of the eligible liquidity facility with an original maturity exceeding one year and are subject to the risk-based capital rules and that do not meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. Under the regulatory capital rules, the unused portion of commitments (facilities) which are unconditionally cancelable (without cause) at any time by the banking organization have a zero percent conversion factor. The unused portion of such commitments should be excluded from this item. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 18b.

**Item 18 Unconditionally cancelable commitment**

Report the total risk-weighted amount unconditionally cancelable commitments that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. The unused portion of commitments (facilities) that are unconditionally cancelable (without cause) at any time by the banking organization have a zero percent conversion factor. The unused portion of such commitments should be reported in this item. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 19.

**Item 19 Over-the-counter derivatives**

Report the credit equivalent amount of over-the-counter derivative contracts covered by the regulatory capital rules. Include over-the-counter credit derivative contracts held for trading purposes and subject to the market risk capital rules. Do not include centrally cleared derivative contracts. The credit equivalent amount of an over-the-counter derivative contract is the sum of its current credit exposure plus the potential future exposure over the remaining life of the derivative contract (regardless of its current credit exposure, if any). The current credit exposure of a derivative contract is (1) the fair value of the contract when that fair value is positive and (2) zero when the fair value of the contract is negative or zero. The potential future credit exposure of a contract, which is based on the type of contract and the contract's remaining maturity, is determined by multiplying the notional principal amount of the contract by the appropriate credit conversion factor from the Instructions to the Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income, Schedule RC-R, item 54. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 20.

**Item 20 Centrally cleared derivatives**

Report the credit equivalent amount of centrally cleared derivative contracts covered by the regulatory capital rules. Include centrally cleared credit derivative contracts held for trading purposes and subject to the market risk capital rules. Do not include over-the-counter derivative contracts. Do not include centrally cleared derivative contracts that meet the definition of a securitization exposure as described in the regulatory capital rules. The credit equivalent amount of a centrally cleared derivative contract is the sum of its current credit exposure; plus the potential future exposure over the remaining life of the derivative contract; plus the fair value of collateral posted by the clearing member client bank and held by the central counterparty or a clearing member in a manner that is not bankruptcy remote.

The current credit exposure of a derivative contract is (1) the fair value of the contract when that fair value is positive and (2) zero when the fair value of the contract is negative or zero. The

potential future credit exposure of a contract, which is based on the type of contract and the contract's remaining maturity, is determined by multiplying the notional principal amount of the contract by the appropriate credit conversion factor from the Instructions to the Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income, Schedule RC-R, item 54. This should be consistent with the RWA amount that is reported in the Call Report, RC-R, Part II, line item 21.

**Item 21 Unsettled transactions (failed trades)**

This should be consistent with the risk-weighted asset amount that is reported in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part II, line item 22.

**Item 22 RWA for Assets, Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Asset Categories**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 9 through 21.

**Item 23 RWA for purposes of calculating the allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) 1.25 percent threshold**

For this item, follow the instructions of the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part II, line 26.

***Market Risk***

Items 24 through 40 are applicable only to banks that are subject to the market risk capital rule. If a bank does not have a particular portfolio or no trading book at all, risk-weighted assets should be reported as 0.

**Item 24 Value-at-risk (VaR)-based capital requirement**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 4.

**Item 25 Stressed VaR-based capital requirement**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 7.

***Specific Risk Add-On***

**Item 26 Debt Positions**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 8.

**Item 27 Equity Positions**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 9.

**Item 28 Capital requirements for securitization positions using the Simplified Supervisory Formula Approach (SSFA) or applying a specific risk-weighting factor of 1250 percent**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 10.

**Item 29 Standardized measure of specific risk add-ons (sum of items 26, 27, and 28)**

This item is the derived sum of line item 26, 27, and 28. This item is consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 14.

**Item 30 Incremental risk charge requirement**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 18. **This item is not applicable to an institution that does not calculate a modeled measure of incremental risk.**

**Item 31 Modeled comprehensive risk measure**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 19.

**Item 32 Standardized measure of specific risk add-ons for net long correlation trading positions**

This item should be consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 26.

**Item 33 Standardized measure of specific risk add-ons for net short correlation trading positions**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 34.

**Item 34 Standardized measure of specific risk add-ons (greater of item 32 or 33)**

This item is derived as the greater of line item 32 or 33.

**Item 35 Surcharge for modeled correlation trading positions (item 34 multiplied by 0.08)**

This item is derived as the product of line item 34 multiplied by 0.08. This item should be consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 37.

**Item 36 Comprehensive risk capital measure requirement**

Report the risk-weighted amount consistent with the definition for FFIEC 102 line item 42. Only if a Bank has received supervisory approval of its comprehensive risk model effectiveness, report the risk-weighted asset amount consistent with the definition for FFIEC 102 line item 48.

***De minimis positions and other adjustments***

**Item 37 Capital requirement for all de minimis exposures**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 52.

**Item 38 Additional capital requirement**

Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, line item 53.

**Item 39 Sum of item 37 and 38**

This item is derived as sum of item 37 and item 38. Report this item consistent with the definition of FFIEC 102, Line Item 54.

**Item 40 Standardized market risk-weighted assets: Sum of items 24, 25, 29, 30 (if applicable), 36 (if applicable), and 39**

This item is derived as the sum of items 24, 25, 29, 30 (if applicable), 36 (if applicable), and 39.

**Item 41 Risk-weighted assets before deductions for excess allowance of loan and lease losses and allocated risk transfer risk reserve**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 22 and 40.

**Item 42 Less: Excess allowance for loan and lease losses**

Report the amount, if any, by which the banking organization's allowance for loan and lease losses exceeds 1.25% of the banking organization's gross risk-weighted assets.

**Item 43 Less: Allocated transfer risk reserve**

Report the entire amount of any allocated transfer risk reserve (ATRR) the reporting banking organization is required to establish and maintain as specified in Section 905(a) of the International Lending Supervision Act of 1983, in the agency regulations implementing the Act (Subpart D of Federal Reserve Regulation K, Part 347 of the FDIC's Rules and Regulations, and 12 CFR Part 28, Subpart C (OCC)), and in any guidelines, letters, or instructions issued by the agencies. The entire amount of the ATRR equals the ATRR related to loans and leases held for investment (which is reported in Schedule RI-B, part II, Memorandum item 1) plus the ATRR for assets other than loans and leases held for investment.

**Item 44 Total risk-weighted assets**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 41 minus the sum of items 42 and 43.

***Memorandum Items - Derivatives*****Item 45 Current credit exposure across all derivative contracts covered by the regulatory capital rules**

Report the amount consistent with the definition from the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part II, Memorandum Item 1.

Report the total current credit exposure amount for all interest rate, foreign exchange rate and gold, credit (investment grade reference assets), credit (non-investment grade reference assets), equity, precious metals (except gold), and other derivative contracts covered by the regulatory capital rules after considering applicable legally enforceable bilateral netting agreements. Banking organizations that are subject to Subpart F of the regulatory capital rules should exclude all covered positions subject to these guidelines, except for foreign exchange derivatives that are outside of the trading account. Foreign exchange derivatives that are outside of the trading account and all over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives continue to have a counterparty credit risk capital charge and, therefore, a current credit exposure amount for these derivatives should be reported in this item.

**Item 46 Notional principal amounts of over-the-counter derivative contracts**

Report in the appropriate sub-item and column the notional amount or par value of all OTC derivative contracts, including credit derivatives that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. Such contracts include swaps, forwards, and purchased options. Report notional amounts and par values in the column corresponding to the contract's remaining term to maturity from the report date. This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of lines 47a through 47g.

**Item 47a Interest rate**

Report the remaining maturities of interest rate contracts that are subject to regulatory capital rules.

**Item 47b Foreign exchange rate and gold**

Report the remaining maturities of foreign exchange contracts and the remaining maturities of gold contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules.

**Item 47c Credit (investment grade reference asset)**

Report the remaining maturities of those credit derivative contracts where the reference entity meets the definition of investment grade as described in the regulatory capital rule.

**Item 47d Credit (non-investment grade reference asset)**

Report the remaining maturities of those credit derivative contracts where the reference entity does not meet the definition of investment grade as described in the regulatory capital rule.

**Item 47e Equity**

Report the remaining maturities of equity derivative contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules.

**Item 47f Precious metals (except gold)**

Report the remaining maturities of other precious metals contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. Report all silver, platinum, and palladium contracts.

**Item 47g Other**

Report the remaining maturities of other contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. For contracts with multiple exchanges of principal, notional amount is determined by multiplying the contractual amount by the number of remaining payments (e.g., changes of principal) in the derivative contract.

**Item 48 Notional principal amounts of centrally cleared derivative contracts**

Report in the appropriate sub-item and column the notional amount or par value of all centrally cleared derivative contracts, including credit derivatives that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. Such contracts include swaps, forwards, and purchased options. This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of lines 49a through 49g.

**Item 49a Interest rate**

Report the remaining maturities of interest rate contracts that are subject to regulatory capital rules.

**Item 49b Foreign exchange rate and gold**

Report the remaining maturities of foreign exchange contracts and the remaining maturities of gold contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules.

**Item 49c Credit (investment-grade reference asset)**

Report the remaining maturities of those credit derivative contracts where the reference entity meets the definition of investment grade as described in §.2 of the regulatory capital rule.

**Item 49d Credit (non-investment grade reference asset)**

Report the remaining maturities of those credit derivative contracts where the reference entity does not meet the definition of investment grade as described in §.2 of the regulatory capital rule.

**Item 49e Equity**

Report the remaining maturities of equity derivative contracts that are subject to the



regulatory capital rules.

**Item 49f Precious metals (except gold)**

Report the remaining maturities of other precious metals contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. Report all silver, platinum, and palladium contracts.

**Item 49g Other**

Report the remaining maturities of other contracts that are subject to the regulatory capital rules. For contracts with multiple exchanges of principal, notional amount is determined by multiplying the contractual amount by the number of remaining payments (e.g., changes of principal) in the derivative contract.

**4. Capital**

The Capital worksheet collects projections of the main drivers of equity capital and the key components of the regulatory capital schedule. MDRM codes are provided in the 'Notes' column for many of the line items.

Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

All data collected in the Capital worksheet should be reported on a quarterly basis and not on a year-to-date, cumulative basis. Note that item 118, Common shares outstanding, should be reported in millions of shares.

Under the OCC's stress test rules, a Bank's calculations of pro forma regulatory capital ratios over the planning horizon shall not include estimates using the advanced approaches. Accordingly, for actual and projected items on the DFAST-14A capital sub-schedule, Banks should not use the advanced approaches. For example, in line 34, "All other deductions from (additions to) common equity tier 1 capital before threshold-based deductions," an advanced approaches bank should not include expected credit losses that exceed the eligible credit reserves.

Beginning with the 2020 stress test cycle, a bank that has adopted CECL may include its provision for credit losses, which would include provisions calculated under ASU 2016-13, instead of its provision for loan and lease losses, for all quarters. Additionally, any bank that opts to phase in adverse effects of the current expected credit loss methodology on regulatory capital must reflect that in that its projections.

The OCC's stress test rules do not prescribe capital action assumptions for the supervisory scenarios. This differs from the standardized set of capital action assumptions for the supervisory stress tests that are specified in the Federal Reserve's rules. Banks should adjust capital actions across the supervisory and bank-specific scenarios consistent with the bank's internal capital policies and scenario conditions as appropriate.

***Schedule RI-A – Changes in Bank Equity Capital***

***Items 1 through 17 relate to Schedule RI-A, Changes in Bank Equity Capital***

**Item 1 Total Bank equity capital most recently reported for the end of previous quarter**

Report total Bank equity capital most recently reported for the end of previous quarter, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 1 (except Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 1, is reported for the end of the previous calendar year).

**Item 2 Effect of changes in accounting principles and corrections of material accounting errors**

Report the effect of changes in accounting principles and corrections of material accounting errors, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 2.

**Item 3 Balance end of previous QUARTER as restated**

This item is derived as the sum of items 1 and 2, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, line item 3.

**Item 4 Net Income (loss) attributable to Bank**

Report net income (loss) attributable to the Bank, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 4.

**Item 5 Sale of perpetual preferred stock, gross**

Report the sale of perpetual preferred stock, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 5.

**Item 6 Conversion or retirement of perpetual preferred stock**

Report the conversion or retirement of perpetual preferred stock, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 5.

**Item 7 Sale of common stock, gross**

Report the sale of common stock, gross, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 5.

**Item 8 Conversion or retirement of common stock**

Report the conversion or retirement of common stock, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A, item 5. Note: increases and decreases in additional paid in capital (APIC) attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for the employee stock compensation should be captured in this line item.

**Item 9 Sale of treasury stock**

Report the sale of treasury stock (if applicable), as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A, item 6.

**Item 10 Purchase of treasury stock**

Report the purchase of treasury stock (if applicable), as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A, item 6.

**Item 11 Changes incident to business combinations, net**

Report the changes incident to business combinations, net, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule

RI- A, item 7.

**Item 12 Cash dividends declared on preferred stock**

Report cash dividends declared on preferred stock, as defined in Call Report, Schedule RI-A, item 8. [This item should be reported on a quarter to date basis.](#)

**Item 13 Cash dividends declared on common stock**

Report cash dividends declared on common stock, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 9. [This item should be reported on a quarter to date basis.](#)

**Item 14 Other comprehensive income**

Report other comprehensive income, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI-A, item 10.

**Item 15 Change in the offsetting debit to the liability for Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) debt guaranteed by the Bank**

If applicable to the Bank, report the change in the offsetting debit to the liability for Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) debt guaranteed by the Bank, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A.

**Item 16 Other adjustments to equity capital (not included above)**

Report other adjustments to equity capital, not included above, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A. Report amounts separately and provide a text explanation of each type of adjustment to equity capital included in this item in item Memoranda 1 (line 125) at the end of this sub- schedule. Note: increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for the employee stock compensation should not be captured in this line item, instead the impact should be captured in line items 7, 8, 9, and/or 10 as appropriate.

**Item 17 Total bank equity capital end of current period**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15 and 16, less items 10, 12 and 13. Note that this line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC, line item 27a.

***Regulatory Capital per Regulatory Capital Rule***

***AOI Opt-Out Election***

**Item 18 AOI opt-out election**

Banks that are not subject to Category I or II standards have a one-time election to opt-out of the requirement to include most components of AOI in common equity tier 1 capital (with the exception of accumulated net gains and losses on cash flow hedges related to items that are not recognized at fair value on the balance sheet). A bank that makes this AOI opt-out election must make the same election on the Call Report filing. Enter "1" to opt out or "0" to opt in.

***Common Equity Tier 1***

**Item 19 Common stock and related surplus, net of treasury stock and unearned employee**

**stock ownership plan (ESOP) shares**

Report the amount of common stock and related surplus as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, part 1, item 1.

**Item 20 Retained earnings**

Report the amount of the Bank's retained earnings as described in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 2.

Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 and have elected to apply any transition provisions should include the applicable portion of the transitional amount in this item.

**Item 21 Accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI)**

Report the amount of AOCI as described under GAAP in the U.S. that is included in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 3.

**Item 22 Common equity tier 1 minority interest includable in common equity tier 1 capital**

Report the amount of the bank's common equity tier 1 minority interest includable in common equity tier 1 capital as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 4.

**Item 23 Common equity tier 1 capital before adjustments and deductions**

This line item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of line items 19 through 22. This item should align with the definition in Call Report Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 5.

***Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: Adjustments and Deductions***

**Item 24 Goodwill net of associated deferred tax liabilities (DTLs)**

Report the amount of goodwill included in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 6. Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 25 Intangible assets (other than goodwill and mortgage servicing assets (MSAs)), net of associated DTLs**

Report the amount of intangible assets as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 7.

**Item 26 Deferred Tax Assets (DTAs) that arise from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, net of any related valuation allowances and net of DTLs**

Report the amount of DTAs as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 8.

***AOCI-related Adjustments***

**If Item 18 is "1" for "Yes," complete items 27 through 31 only for AOCI-related adjustments.**

**Item 27 AOCI-related Adjustments: Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities**

Report the amount of net unrealized holding gains (losses) on AFS securities, net of applicable taxes, as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9a. If the amount is a net gain, report

it as a positive value in this item. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value in this item.

**Item 28 AOCI-related adjustments: Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale preferred stock classified as an equity security under GAAP and available-for-sale equity exposures**

Report as a positive value net unrealized loss on AFS preferred stock classified as an equity security under GAAP and AFS equity exposures as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9b.

**Item 29 AOCI-related adjustments: Accumulated net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges**

Report the amount of accumulated net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9c. If the amount is a net gain, report it as a positive value in this item. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value in this item.

**Item 30 AOCI-related Adjustments: Amounts recorded in AOCI attributed to defined benefit postretirement plans resulting from the initial and subsequent application of the relevant GAAP standards that pertain to such plans**

Report the amounts recorded in AOCI as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9d, resulting from the initial and subsequent application of ASC Subtopic 715-20 (formerly FASB Statement No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans") to defined benefit postretirement plans resulting from the initial and subsequent application of the relevant GAAP standards that pertain to such plans. A Bank may exclude this portion related to pension assets deducted in item 36 above. If the amount is a net gain, report it as a positive value in this item. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value in this item.

**Item 31 AOCI-related adjustments: Net unrealized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities that are included in AOCI**

Report the amount of net unrealized gains (losses) that are not credit-related on HTM securities and are included in AOCI as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9e. If the amount is a net gain, report it as a positive value. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value.

**If Item 18 is "0" for "No," complete item 32 only for AOCI-related adjustments.**

**Item 32 Accumulated net gain (loss) on cash flow hedges included in AOCI, net of applicable tax effects, that relate to the hedging of items that are not recognized at fair value on the balance sheet**

Report the amount of accumulated net gain (loss) on cash flow hedges included in AOCI, net of applicable tax effects that relate to the hedging of items not recognized at fair value on the balance sheet, as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 9f. If the amount is a net gain, report it as a positive value. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value.

**Item 33 Other deductions from (additions to) common equity tier 1 capital before threshold-based deductions: Unrealized net gain (loss) related to changes in the fair value of liabilities that are due to changes in own credit risk**

Report the amount of unrealized net gain (loss) as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1,

item 10a. If the amount is a net gain, report it as a positive value in this item. If the amount is a net loss, report it as a negative value in this item.

**Item 34 All other deductions from (additions to) common equity tier 1 capital before threshold-based deductions**

Report the amount of other deductions from (additions to) common equity tier 1 capital as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 10b that are not included in items above.

Under the OCC's stress test rules, a Bank's calculations of pro forma regulatory capital ratios over the planning horizon shall not include estimates using the advanced approaches. Accordingly, for this line item, an advanced approaches Bank that has exited parallel run should not include expected credit losses that exceed the eligible credit reserves.

Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 35 Non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock that exceed the 10 percent threshold for non-significant investments**

This line item should correspond to the definition in Call report Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 11.

Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 36 Subtotal (item 23 minus items 24 through 35)**

This captures the item 23 less items 24 through 35.

**Item 37a Significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock, net of associated DTLs, that exceed 10 percent common equity tier 1 capital deduction threshold**

For banks subject to Category I and II standards only, this item is based on item 71 and should correspond to the definition in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 13.b. For banks subject to Category III and IV standards, this item should be left blank.

Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 37b Investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions, net of associated DTLs, that exceed the 25 percent common equity tier 1 capital deduction threshold.**

For banks subject to Category I and II standards, this line item should be blank. For banks subject to Category III and IV standards, this line item should be derived from line item 74 and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 13.a.

**Item 38 MSAs, net of associated DTLs, that exceed the common equity tier 1 capital deduction threshold**

For banks subject to Category I and II standards only, this item is based on item 79 and should correspond to the definition in Call Report Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 14b. For banks subject to Category III and IV standards, this line item should be derived from line item 79 and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 14.a.

**Item 39 DTAs arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, net of related valuation allowances and net of DTLs, that exceed the common equity tier 1 capital deduction threshold**

For banks subject to Category I and II standards, this item is based on item 82, and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 15b. For banks subject to Category III and IV standards, this line item should be derived from line item 82 and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, schedule RC-R, part I, line item 15a.

Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 and have elected to apply any transition provisions should include the applicable portion of the transitional amounts in this item.

**Item 40 Amount of significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock; MSAs, net of associated DTLs; and DTAs arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, net of related valuation allowances and net of DTLs; that exceeds the 15 percent common equity tier 1 capital deduction threshold**

For banks subject to Category I and II standards, this item is based on line item 87 and should correspond to the definition in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 16. For banks subject to Category III and IV standards, this line item should be left blank.

**Item 41 Deductions applied to common equity tier 1 capital due to insufficient amount of additional tier 1 capital and tier 2 capital to cover deductions**

Report the total amount of deductions as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 17, if the Bank does not have a sufficient amount of additional tier 1 capital and tier 2 capital to cover these corresponding additional tier 1 and tier 2 deductions in items 47 and 57.

**Item 42 Total adjustments and deductions for common equity tier 1 capital**

This item is a shaded cell that is derived from the sum of line items 37 to 41. This item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, item 18.

**Item 43 Common equity tier 1 capital**

This item is a shaded cell that is derived from item 36 minus item 42. This item is the numerator of

the Bank's common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio, which should align with Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 19.

### ***Additional Tier 1 Capital***

#### **Item 44 Additional tier 1 capital instruments plus related surplus**

Report this item as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 20.

#### **Item 45 Non-qualifying capital instruments subject to phase out from additional tier 1 capital**

Report this item as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 21, subject to the applicable phase-out schedule as described within the Call Report.

#### **Item 46 Tier 1 minority interest not included in common equity tier 1 capital**

Report this item as consistent with the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 22.

#### **Item 47 Additional tier 1 capital before deductions**

This is a shaded cell and is derived from the total of items 44 through 46. This item should align with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, item 23.

#### **Item 48 Additional tier 1 capital deductions**

Report this item as consistent with the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 24

#### **Item 49 Additional tier 1 capital**

Report this item as consistent with the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 25.

### ***Tier 1 Capital***

#### **Item 50 Tier 1 capital (sum of items 43 and 49)**

This is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 43 and 49. This line item is the numerator of the bank's tier 1 risk-based capital ratio and tier 1 leverage ratio and should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 26.

### ***Tier 2 Capital***

#### **Item 51 Tier 2 capital instruments plus related surplus**

Report the amount as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 39.

#### **Item 52 Non-qualifying capital instruments subject to phase-out from tier 2 capital**

Report the total amount of non-qualifying capital instruments that were included in tier 2 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 40.

#### **Item 53 Total capital minority interest that is not included in tier 1 capital**

Report the amount of total capital minority interest as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 41.

#### **Item 54 Allowance for loan and lease losses includable in tier 2 capital**

Report the portion of the Bank's allowance for loan and lease losses that is includable in



tier 2 capital, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 42.a..

Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 may report the adjusted allowances for credit losses on loans and leases, as defined in the regulatory capital rule.

Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 and have elected to apply any transition provisions should subtract the applicable portion of the transitional amounts from this item.

**Item 55 (Advanced approaches Banks that exit parallel run only): eligible credit reserves includable in tier 2 capital**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 56 Unrealized gains on available-for-sale preferred stock classified as an equity security under GAAP and available-for-sale equity exposures includable in tier 2 capital**

Banks should report this line item consistent with the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 31.

**Item 57 Tier 2 capital before deductions**

This item is a shaded cell that is derived from the sum of items 51, 52, 53, 54, and 56, and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 44.a.

**Item 58 (Advanced approaches banks that exit parallel run only): Tier 2 capital before deductions, reflective of transition procedures**

Banks do not have to report this line item.

**Item 59 Tier 2 capital deductions**

Report total tier 2 capital deductions from the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 45..

**Item 60 Tier 2 capital**

This item is a shaded cell and captures the difference between items 57 and 59. This item corresponds to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 46a.

**Item 61 (Advanced approaches Banks that exit parallel run): Tier 2 capital, reflective of transition provisions**

Banks do not have to report this item.

***Total Capital***

**Item 62 Total capital**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the sum of items 50 and 60. This line item is the numerator of the bank's total risk-based capital ratio and corresponds to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 47a .

**Item 63 (Advanced approaches Banks that exit parallel run only): Total capital, reflective of transition provisions (sum of items 50 and 61)**

Banks do not have to report this item.

## ***Threshold Deductions Calculations***

***Items 64 – 71 should only be filed by banks subject to Category I and II standards.***

*Non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock, net of associated DTLs.*

### **Item 64a Aggregate non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions, including in the form of common stock, additional tier 1, and tier 2 capital**

Aggregate holdings of capital instruments relevant to non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial entities. This should correspond to the definition of non-significant investments in banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

### **Item 64b Aggregate non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock**

Aggregate holdings of capital instruments relevant to non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial entities in the form of common stock. This should correspond to the definition of non-significant investments in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 11. Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

### **Item 65 10 percent common equity tier 1 deduction threshold for non-significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock**

This line item is a shaded cell and is derived as ten percent of (line item 23 less line items 24 through 34).

### **Item 66 Amount of non-significant investments that exceed the 10 percent deduction threshold for non-significant investments**

This line item is a shaded cell and is derived as line item 64a less line item 65, times the ratio of line item 64b to line item 64a. If line item 65 is greater than line item 64a this is set to zero. This line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 11.

## ***10 Percent/15 Percent Deduction Calculations***

*Significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock, net of associated DTLs.*

### **Item 67 Gross significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock**

Aggregate holdings of capital instruments relevant to significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial entities, including direct, indirect and synthetic holdings in both the

banking book and trading book. Banks must reflect the impact of the global market shock on items subject to adjustment or deduction in capital. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 68 Permitted offsetting short positions in relation to the specific gross holdings included above**

Offsetting positions in the same underlying exposure where the maturity of the short position either matches the maturity of the long position or has a residual maturity of at least one year. If a bank adjusts its projection of an item to reflect the impact of the global market shock, it must also report an adjusted starting value that reflects the global market shock.

**Item 69 Significant investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock net of short positions**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from the greater of item 67 minus item 68 or zero. This line item should correspond to the definition of significant investments in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 13b.

**Item 70 10 percent common equity tier 1 deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as 10 percent of item 36.

**Item 71 Amount to be deducted from common equity tier 1 due to 10 percent deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 69 minus item 70. If line item 70 is greater than line item 69, this is set to zero. The line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 13.b.

***Investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions (banks subject to Category III and IV standards only)***

**Item 72 Aggregate amount of investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions, net of associated DTLs**

Report the gross amounts of investments in the capital of unconsolidated financial institutions in the form of common stock, additional tier 1, and tier 2 capital, net of associated DTLs. This line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 13.a.

**Line item 73 25 percent common equity tier 1 deduction threshold**

This line item is a shaded cell and is derived from 25 percent of line item 36.

**Line item 74 Amount to be deducted from common equity tier 1 due to 25 percent deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from line item 72 minus line item 73. If line item 73 is greater than line item 72 this is set to zero. This line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 13.a.

**Items 75 to 82 should be filed by all banks**

***MSAs, net of associated DTLs***

**Item 75 Total mortgage servicing assets classified as intangible**

Report the amount of MSAs included in Schedule RC-M, item 2(a), prior to any netting of associated DTLs.

**Item 76 Associated deferred tax liabilities which would be extinguished if the intangible becomes impaired or derecognized under the relevant accounting standards**

The amount of MSAs to be deducted from common equity tier 1 is to be offset by any associated DTLs. If the bank chooses to net its DTLs associated with MSRs against DTAs, those DTLs should not be deducted again here.

**Item 77 Mortgage servicing assets net of related deferred tax liabilities**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 75 minus line item 76. This line item should correspond to the definition of MSAs in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 14a or 14b.

**Item 78 Common equity tier 1 deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as 10 percent of item 36. For banks subject to Category I and II standards or 25 percent of line item 36 for banks subject to Category III and IV standards.

**Item 79 Amount to be deducted from common equity tier 1 due to deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 77 minus item 78. If item 78 is greater than item 77, this is set to zero. This line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 14a or 14b.

***DTAs arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, net of related valuation allowances and net of DTLs.***

**Item 80 DTAs arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through net operating loss carrybacks, net of related valuation allowances and net of DTLs**

Report this line item consistent with the definition of DTAs in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 15a or 15b.

**Item 81 Common equity tier 1 deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as either 10 percent of item 36 for banks subject to Category I and II standards or 25 percent of item 36 for banks subject to Category III and IV standards.

**Item 82 Amount to be deducted from common equity tier 1 due to the deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 80 minus 81. If line item 81 is greater than line item 80 this is set to zero. This line item should be consistent with the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 15a or 15b.

**Items 83 – 86 should only be filed by banks subject to Category I and II standards**

***Aggregate of items subject to the 15 percent limit (significant investments, mortgage servicing assets, and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences)***

**Item 83 Sum of items 69, 77, and 80**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 69, 77, and 80.

**Item 84 15 percent common equity tier 1 deduction threshold**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 36. For advanced approaches banks, starting January 1, 2018, this item is derived as 17.65 percent of line items 36 minus line item 83.

**Item 85 Sum of items 71, 79, and 82**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 71, 79, and 82.

**Item 86 Item 83 minus item 85**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from items 83 less item 85.

**Item 87 Amount to be deducted from common equity tier 1 due to 15 percent deduction threshold (greater of item 86 minus item 84, or zero)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived as items 86 minus item 84. If item 84 is greater than item 86 this is set to zero. . This should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part I, line item 16.

***Total Assets for Leverage Ratio***

**Item 88 Average total consolidated assets<sup>12</sup>**

Report the amount of average total consolidated assets as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 27.

**Item 89 Deductions from common equity tier 1 capital and additional tier 1 capital**

Report the amount of deductions from common equity tier 1 capital and additional tier 1 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 28.

**Item 90 Other deductions from (additions to) assets for leverage ratio purposes**

Report the amount of any deductions from assets as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, item 29. If the amount is a net deduction, report it as a positive value in this item. If the amount is a net addition, report it as a negative value in this item.

**Item 91 Total assets for the leverage ratio**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 88 minus items 89 and 90. This should correspond to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 30.

***Regulatory Capital and Ratios***

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<sup>12</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 and have elected to apply the transition provision should include the applicable portion of the transitional amounts in item 36.

**Item 92 Common Equity Tier 1**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 43.

**Item 93 Tier 1 Capital**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 50.

**Item 94 Total Capital**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 62.

**Item 95 Total Capital (advanced approaches Banks that exit parallel run only)**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 96 Total risk-weighted assets using standardized approach**

For all banks, please report the total amount of Standardized RWA for the actual quarter. This is not a derived item; banks should fill in this item. This line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part 1, item 48.a

**Item 97 (Advanced approaches banks that exit parallel run only): total risk-weighted assets using advanced approaches rules**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 98 Total Assets for the Leverage Ratio per the regulatory capital rule**

This is derived from item 91 and should correspond to the definition in the Call Report Schedule RC- R, Part 1, item 30.

**Item 99 Supplementary Leverage Ratio Exposure**

Starting January 1, 2018, banks subject to the supplementary leverage ratio should report their total supplementary leverage ratio exposure consistent with the definition in 12 CFR 3.

**Item 100 Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (%)**

This item is derived from item 92 divided by item 96 times 100. This line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 49

**Item 101 Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (%) (advanced approaches banks that exit parallel run only)**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 102 Tier 1 Capital Ratio (%)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 93 divided by item 96 times 100. This line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 50..

**Item 103 Tier 1 Capital Ratio (%) (advanced approaches Banks that exit parallel run only)**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 104 Total risk-based capital ratio (%)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 94 divided by item 96 times 100. This line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 51.

**Item 105 Total risk-based capital ratio (%) (advanced approaches banks that exit parallel run only)**

Banks do not have to report this item.

**Item 106 Tier 1 Leverage Ratio (%)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived from item 90 divided by item 95. This line item should correspond to the definition in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 31.

**Item 107 Supplementary Leverage Ratio (%)**

This line item is derived from line item 93 divided by line item 99 times 100.

***Schedule RC-F Other Assets***

**Item 108 Net deferred tax assets**

Report net DTAs, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-F, item 2.

***Schedule RC-G Other Liabilities***

**Item 109 Net deferred tax liabilities**

Report net DTLs, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-G, item 2.

**Item 110 Not collected by the OCC**

**Item 111 Not collected by the OCC**

***Deferred Tax Asset Information***

**Item 112 Taxes previously paid that the bank could recover through allowed carrybacks if the bank DTAs on net operating loss, tax credits, and temporary differences (both deductible and taxable) fully reverse at the report date**

Report the amount of taxes previously paid that the bank could recover through loss carrybacks or carrybacks of projected negative income (i.e., net operating loss and credits) if the bank's DTAs on net operating loss, tax credits, and temporary differences (both deductible and taxable) fully reverse at report date. Report the full amount recoverable without consideration of the bank's DTA/DTL position at the reporting date. For the purposes of this line item, the bank should not include taxes paid in jurisdictions that do not allow a bank to recover taxes paid in prior fiscal years. Report disaggregated data for taxes paid in memorandum line items 138, 139, and 140.

(a) U.S. Federal Government

Report line 112a as it relates solely to the U.S. federal government.

(b) U.S. State Governments

Report line 112b as it related to all U.S. state governments.

(c) All Non-U.S. Tax Jurisdictions

Report line 112c as it related to all non-U.S. tax jurisdictions.

**Item 113 Deferred tax assets that arise from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, net of DTLs, but gross of related valuation allowances**

Report the aggregate amount of DTAs that arise from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, net of associated DTLs, but gross of associated valuation allowances. This line item should correspond to the definition of DTAs in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 8 of any related valuation allowances.

**Item 114 Valuation allowances related to deferred tax assets that arise from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards**

Report any valuation allowances related to DTAs that arise from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, net of associated DTLs.

- (a) U.S. Federal Government  
Report line 114a as it relates solely to the U.S. federal government.
- (b) U.S. State Governments  
Report line 114b as it related to all U.S. state governments.
- (c) All Non-U.S. Tax Jurisdictions  
Report line 114c as it related to all non-U.S. tax jurisdictions.

**Item 115 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences, net of DTLs**

Report the aggregate amount of DTAs arising from temporary differences, net of DTLs. If DTLs exceed DTAs from temporary differences, this item should be reported as a negative number. This line item should correspond to the gross amount of DTAs arising from temporary differences, net of DTLs as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC-R, part 1, line item 15, before any netting associated with potential net operating loss carrybacks or related valuation allowances.

- (a) U.S. Federal Government  
Report line 115a as it relates solely to the U.S. federal government.
- (b) U.S. State Governments  
Report line 115b as it related to all U.S. state governments.
- (c) All Non-U.S. Tax Jurisdictions  
Report line 115c as it related to all non-U.S. tax jurisdictions.

**Item 116 Valuation allowances related to DTAs arising from temporary differences**

Report any valuation allowances related to DTAs arising from temporary differences.

- (a) U.S. Federal Government  
Report line 116a as it relates solely to the U.S. federal government.
- (b) U.S. State Governments  
Report line 116b as it related to all U.S. state governments.
- (c) All Non-U.S. Tax Jurisdictions  
Report line 116c as it related to all non-U.S. tax jurisdictions.



### ***Supplemental Capital Action Information***

#### **Item 117 Cash dividends declared on common stock**

This item should be reported on a quarter-to-date basis.

#### **Item 118 Common shares outstanding (Millions)**

If applicable, report the number (in millions) of common shares outstanding at the time dividends on common stock are declared such that line item 119 reflects the bank's intended quarterly distribution of common dividends per share.

#### **Item 119 Common dividends per share (\$)**

If applicable, report the bank's intended quarterly distribution in common dividends per share.

#### **Item 120 Issuance of common stock for employee compensation**

If applicable, report the amount (in \$millions) of the issuance of common stock for employee compensation. Include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for the employee stock compensation.

#### **Item 121 Other issuance of common stock**

Report the amount (in \$millions) of other issuance of common stock

#### **Item 122 Total issuance of common stock**

#### **Item 123 Not collected by the OCC**

#### **Item 124 Other share repurchases**

Report the amount (in \$millions) of all other share repurchases

#### **Item 125 Total share repurchases**

### ***Supplemental Information on Trust Preferred Securities Subject to Phase-Out from Tier 1 Capital***

#### **Item 126 Outstanding trust preferred securities**

If applicable, report the outstanding notional balance of trust preferred securities.

#### **Item 127 Trust preferred securities included in item 49**

If applicable, report trust preferred securities qualifying for tier 1 capital and included in item 49 above.

### **Capital Buffers and Ratios**

**\*The OCC does not plan to collect the information in Items 128 to 146 for the 202~~32~~ DFAST reporting year; however these items are included below for reference**

**Item 128 Capital conservation buffer requirement (sum of items 128a and 128c):** Not collected by the OCC

**Item 128(a) of which: Stress capital buffer requirement.**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 128(b) of which: GSIB surcharge (if applicable).**

Not collected by the OCC

**Item 128(c) of which: Countercyclical capital buffer amount (if applicable).**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 129 Capital conservation buffer.**

Not collected by the OCC.

#### **Leverage Buffer and Requirements**

**Item 130 Total leverage exposure for the supplementary leverage ratio (SLR) (if applicable).**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 131 Leverage buffer requirement (if applicable).**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 132 Leverage buffer (if applicable).**

Not collected by the OCC.

#### **Maximum Payout Ratios and Amounts**

**Item 133 Eligible retained income.**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 134 Maximum payout ratio.**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 135 Maximum payout amount.**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 136 Distributions and discretionary bonus payments during the quarter.**

Not collected by the OCC.

#### **Long-Term Debt and Total Loss Absorbing Capacity**

**Item 137 Outstanding eligible long-term debt**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 138 Total loss absorbing capacity**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 139 LTD standardized risk-weighted assets ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 140 TLAC standardized risk-weighted assets ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 141 LTD advanced approaches risk-weighted assets ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 142 TLAC advanced approaches risk-weighted assets ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 143 LTD leverage ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 144 TLAC leverage ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 145 Advanced approaches holding companies only: LTD and TLAC supplementary leverage ratios**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 145(a) LTD supplementary leverage ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 145(b) TLAC supplementary leverage ratio**

Not collected by the OCC.

**Item 146 Institution-specific buffer necessary to avoid limitations on distributions and discretionary bonus payment**

Not collected by the OCC.

**146(a) TLAC risk-weighted asset buffer**

Not collected by the OCC.

**146(b) TLAC leverage buffer**

Not collected by the OCC.

***Memoranda***

**Memoranda Item 147 Itemized other adjustments to equity capital**

Report amounts separately of other adjustments to equity capital included in item 16, and provide a text explanation of each type of adjustment.

## **Itemized historical data related to taxes paid:**

### **Memoranda Item 148 Taxes paid during fiscal year ended two years ago**

Report the amount of taxes paid during fiscal year ended two years ago that are included in line item 109, assuming that fiscal years align with calendar years.

### **Memoranda Item 149 Taxes paid during fiscal year ended one year ago**

Report the amount of taxes paid during fiscal year ended one year ago that are included in line item 109, assuming that fiscal years align with calendar years.

### **Memoranda Item 150 Taxes paid through the as-of date of the current fiscal year**

Report the amount of taxes paid during the current fiscal year through the as-of date that are included in line item 109, assuming that fiscal years align with calendar years.

### **Memoranda Item 151 Reconcile the Supplemental Capital Action and RI-A projections**

In this item, reconcile the supplemental capital actions with RI-A projections reported in items 1 through 12; that is, allocate the capital actions among the RI-A buckets.

### ***Supporting Documentation***

Please refer to Appendix A: Supporting Documentation for guidance on providing supporting documentation.

## **Retail**

### **1. Retail Balance and Loss Projections**

Loans on the retail schedules should be reported based on the loan's classification on the Call Report Schedule RC-C (i.e., based on the loan's collateral, counterparty, or purpose). Refer to the Call Report instructions for Schedule RC-C for guidance on loan classification. *All loans should be reported net of charge-offs.*

- **Domestic** refers to portfolios held in domestic U.S. offices (as defined in the Call Report glossary),
- **International** refers to portfolios outside of the domestic U.S. offices.

The Retail Balance and Loss Projections worksheet collects projections of business-line level balances and losses on bank's held for investment loans accounted for at amortized cost (accrual loans). Loans HFS and loans HFI under the fair value option should not be included.

Retail Loan Categories

#### **A. First Lien Mortgages (in Domestic Offices)**

The loan population includes all domestic first lien mortgage loans directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio loans are all loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.2.(a).

**B. First Lien HELOANS (in Domestic Offices)**

The Loan population includes all domestic first lien home equity loans directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio loans are all loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(a).

**C. Closed-End Junior Liens (in Domestic Offices)**

The loan population includes all domestic loans directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio loans are all loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC- C, item 1.c.(2)(b).

**D. HELOCs (in Domestic Offices)**

The loan population includes all first and junior lien domestic lines directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio lines are all loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(1).

**E. First Lien Mortgages and HELOANS (International)**

The loan population includes all non-domestic loans directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio loans are all loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(a).

**F. Closed-End Junior Liens and Home Equity Lines Of Credit (International)**

The loan population includes all non-domestic loans/lines directly held on the Bank's portfolio. Portfolio loans are all loans/lines as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.c.(2)(b) and 1.c.(1).

**G. Corporate Card (Domestic)**

Employer-sponsored domestic credit cards for use by a company's employees. This includes U.S. corporate credit card loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 4.a, and U.S. corporate card loans reported in other Call Report lines. Only include cards where there is any individual liability associated with the sub-lines such that individual borrower characteristics are taken into account during the underwriting decision, and/or performance on the credit is reported to the credit bureaus.

Loans for which a commercially-graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred should not be reported in this worksheet.

**H. Business Card (Domestic)**

Small business domestic credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as an applicant. Report at the control account level or the individual pay level (not at the sub-account level). This includes SME credit card loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 4.a, and U.S. corporate card loans reported in other Call Report lines.

Only include cards where there is any individual liability associated with the sub-lines such that individual borrower characteristics are taken into account during the underwriting decision, and/or performance on the credit is reported to the credit bureaus.

Loans for which a commercially-graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred should not be reported in this Worksheet.

**I. Charge Card (Domestic)**

Domestic credit cards for which the balance is repaid in full each billing cycle. Exclude charge cards to corporations and small businesses (report in Corporate Card or Business Card as appropriate).

**J. Bank Card (Domestic)**

Regular general purpose domestic credit cards as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.a or 9.b.

Bank cards include products that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity and co-brand cards in this category, and student cards, if applicable. This product type also includes private label or proprietary credit cards, which are tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil and gas cards in this loan type.

Exclude bank cards to corporations and small businesses (report in Corporate Card or Business Card, as appropriate).

**K. Business and Corporate Card (International)**

Report employer-sponsored non-domestic credit cards for use by a company's employees and small business non-domestic credit card accounts where the loan is underwritten with the sole proprietor or primary business owner as an applicant. Such loans as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC-C, item 4.b, and International corporate and business card loans reported in other Call Report lines.

For corporate cards, only include cards where there is any individual liability associated with the sub-lines such that individual borrower characteristics are taken into account during the underwriting decision, and/or performance on the credit is reported to the credit bureaus.

For bank cards, only include cards where there is any individual liability associated with the sub- lines such that individual borrower characteristics are taken into account during the underwriting decision, and/or performance on the credit is reported to the credit bureaus.

Loans for which a commercially-graded corporation is ultimately responsible for repayment of credit losses incurred should not be reported in this worksheet.

**L. Bank and Charge Card (International)**

Include both non-domestic credit cards for which the balance is repaid in full each billing cycle and regular general purpose non-domestic credit cards as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C item 6.a or 9.b.

Bank cards include products that can be used at a wide variety of merchants, including any who accept MasterCard, Visa, American Express or Discover credit cards. Include affinity and co-brand cards in this category, and student cards, if applicable. This product type also includes private label or proprietary credit cards, which are tied to the retailer issuing the card and can only be used in that retailer's stores. Include oil and gas cards in this loan type.

Exclude bank cards to corporations and small businesses (report in Corporate Card or Business Card, as appropriate).

**M. Auto Loans (Domestic)**

Include all domestic auto loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.c and repossessed automobiles as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-F.

**N. Auto Loans (International)**

Include all non-domestic auto loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.c and repossessed automobiles as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-F.

**O. Auto Leases (Domestic)**

Include domestic auto leases as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.a and repossessed automobiles as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-F.

**P. Auto Leases (International)**

Include non-domestic auto leases as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.a and repossessed automobiles as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-F.

**Q. Student Loan**

Include student loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C.

**R. Small Business Loan - Scored (Domestic)**

The loan population of domestic small business loans is dependent on two factors: 1) the classification of the loan as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C (i.e., based on the collateral, counterparty, or purpose of the loan); and (2) whether the method to measure credit risk for the loan is different than that used for ordinary corporate loans.

- a. Reportable loans may include those small business loans that are included in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 2.a, 2.b, 3, 4.a and 4.b (excluding SME credit card loans included on Item 4.a, 7, 9.b.(1), 9.b.(2) and 10.b.
- b. To be classified as a small business loan, the method to measure credit risk must be different than the method used for other corporate loans. Commercial internal risk ratings or grades tend to not be used to assess credit risk for ordinary corporate loans. Meanwhile, small business loans tend to be scored or delinquency managed. Additionally, loans that are nevertheless internally risk weighted but that use a scale different from that used for ordinary corporate loans may also be considered small business loans.

**S. Small Business Loan - Scored (International)**

The population of international small business loans includes all non-domestic loans that fit the definition of small business loans (see above).

**T. Other Consumer Loans and Leases (Domestic)**

- a. Include all domestic loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 6.b and 6.d excluding student loans and non-purpose based securities loans. Non-purpose based securities loans are loans secured by a portfolio of securities that are used for the purpose of something other than purchasing securities.
- b. Include domestic non-auto leases as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.a.

## **U. Other Consumer Loans and Leases (International)**

- a. Include all non-domestic loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 6.b and 6.d excluding student loans and non-purpose securities based loans. Non-purpose securities based loans are loans secured by a portfolio of securities that are used for the purpose of something other than purchasing securities.
- b. Include non-domestic non-auto leases as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 10.a.

**For Sections A through U: Report line items 1 through 8 for the current quarter and nine subsequent projected quarters (PQ1 through PQ9).** Reporting of projections for credit cards should be based on all open accounts (active and inactive), but not charged-off accounts.

### **Item 1 Balances**

Report according to Call Report definitions (end of quarter levels). Report end of quarter levels for each section. Where requested, please segment the total balances reported by age. For those lines, balances should be classified according to the origination date of the account with which the balance is associated. The PCD breakout is only applicable to mortgage line items.

### **Item 1a Balances - PCD<sup>13</sup>**

Report according to Call Report definitions (end of quarter levels). Report end of quarter balances levels that are classified as PCD on the origination date of the account with which the balance is associated.

### **Item 2 New Originations**

Report the total dollar amount of new originations net of sales to Agencies. Report only originations for those loans and leases that the Bank has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff.

### **Item 3 Paydowns**

Report the total dollar of repayments received in the given quarter.

### **Item 4 Asset Purchases**

Report the total dollar of assets purchased in the given quarter. Include mortgages repurchased from GSEs and private securitizations that are put back onto the general ledger.

### **Item 5 Asset Sales**

Report the total dollar of assets sold in the given quarter, net of sales to Agencies.

### **Item 6 Loan Losses**

Report the total dollar of net charge-offs recognized in the given quarter. The PCD breakout is only applicable to mortgage line items.

### **Item 6a Loan Losses - PCD<sup>14</sup>**

Report the total dollar of net charge-offs to Non-accretable discount (NAD) and Allowance

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<sup>13</sup> Item 1a is only reported by institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13.

<sup>14</sup> Item 6a is only reported by institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13.



recognized in the given quarter for balances that are classified as PCD on the origination date of the account with which the balance is associated.

## ***AFS/HTM Securities***

### ***General Instructions***

High-Level OTTI Methodology and Assumptions for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio, Projected OTTI for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio, Projected Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and Fair Value for AFS and Impaired HTM Securities, and Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio collect data on the following types of securities:

- government agency MBS: MBS issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government agencies;
- auction rate securities: auction-rate securities are variable rate securities with long-term maturities whose interest rates are periodically reset through auctions occurring at predetermined short-term intervals (generally 7, 14, 28, or 35 days);
- collateralized debt obligations (CDOs): CDOs are asset-backed securities collateralized by a discrete portfolio of fixed income assets and that make payments based on the performance of those assets;
- collateralized loan obligations (CLOs): CLOs are securitizations of portfolios of loans through a bankruptcy-remote special-purpose vehicle (SPV) that issues asset-backed securities in one or more classes (or tranches). In general, CLOs are backed by a variety of assets, including whole commercial loans, revolving credit facilities, letters of credit, and bankers' acceptances;
- commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS): Exclude securities that have been issued or guaranteed by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). Report these securities as "Agency MBS" (above);
- common stock (equity);
- auto asset-backed securities (ABS): ABS collateralized by auto loans;
- credit Card ABS: ABS collateralized by credit card loans;
- student Loan ABS: ABS collateralized by student loans;
- other ABS (excluding home equity loan ABS): all other ABS that cannot properly be reported as auto ABS, credit card ABS, student loan ABS or home equity loan ABS;
- corporate bonds: corporate bonds are debt obligations issued by corporations and may be secured or unsecured;
- Covered bonds: securities generally classified as "covered bonds" that feature recourse to cash flows of a pool of mortgages or public-sector loans on the balance sheet of an issuing financial institution
- domestic non-government agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS, includes home equity loan ABS): RMBS, including securities backed by home equity loans, that are issued by domestic non-government agency entities, such as Alt-A (option ARM), Alt-A FRM, Alt-A ARM, closed-end second, HELOC, Scratch & Dent, Subprime, Prime Fixed, and Prime ARM securities;
- foreign RMBS: RMBS of foreign issuers;
- municipal bonds: bonds issued by U.S. states, cities, counties, and other governmental entities at or below the state level. Include bonds issued by Canadian provinces or other local government entities and bonds issued by other non-U.S. local government entities;

- mutual funds: investments in mutual funds, including money market mutual funds and mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. government securities;
- preferred stock (equity): refer to the Call Report Glossary entry for “Preferred Stock”;
- sovereign bonds: bonds issued by the central governments of foreign countries. Also, include in this category obligations of foreign country central banks, foreign central government units or agencies, fully government-guaranteed obligations of municipal or state-owned enterprises; and obligations of supranational organizations such as the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), Inter-American Development Bank, and Asian Development Bank;
- U.S. Treasuries & other government agency non-MBS: U.S. government agency obligations issued by U.S. government agencies and U.S. government-sponsored agencies, including but not limited to, Small Business Administration “Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates,” U.S. Maritime Administration obligations, and Export–Import Bank participation certificates. Include obligations (other than MBS) issued by the Farm Credit System, the Federal Home Loan Bank System, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Financing Corporation, Resolution Funding Corporation, the Student Loan Marketing Association, and FDIC Structured Sale Guaranteed Notes and NCUA Guaranteed Notes; and
- other securities (for “other” AFS and HTM securities, please provide the security type in item 28, currently labeled “Other,” adding extra rows below as necessary: all securities that cannot properly be reported in the categories above.

In circumstances whereby the bank holds securities in both AFS and HTM categories within a given asset class, separate each security into separate rows. If using additional rows, Banks should ensure that the totals sum appropriately. All Banks should estimate results using the conditions specified in the macroeconomic scenario. Securities should correspond with where the reporter has classified the asset on the balance sheet of the Call Report.

Starting from 2020 DFAST cycle (data as of December 31, 2019), institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should continue to report the following sub-schedules:

- High-Level OTTI Methodology and Assumptions for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio,
- Projected OTTI for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio,
- Projected OCI and Fair Value for AFS and Impaired HTM Securities, and
- Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio.

Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should report the following sub-schedules:

- Projected OCI and Fair Value for AFS and Impaired HTM Securities,
- Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio,
- Expected Credit Loss and Provision for Credit Loss - HTM Securities, and
- Expected Credit Loss and Provision for Credit Loss - AFS Securities.

Sub-schedules Projected OCI and Fair Value for AFS Securities and Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio should only be filled out for AFS and Equity securities.<sup>15</sup>

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<sup>15</sup> Upon full adoption of ASU 2016-13, DFAST-14A sub-schedules High-Level OTTI Methodology and Assumptions for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio and Projected OTTI for AFS and HTM Securities by

### **1. High Level OTTI methodology Assumptions for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio**

Complete the unshaded cells in the table provided. In the “Threshold for Determining OTTI” column, report either the price-based threshold, the ratings-based threshold, the cash flow model-based threshold, or other threshold. Report the aggregate cumulative lifetime loss on underlying collateral (percentage original balance) as the total undiscounted loss amount (including both historical and projected losses) for the underlying collateral as a percentage of original principal balance of the securities aggregated by portfolio. In the “discount rate methodology” column, state whether a market-based or accounting-based (e.g., book /purchase price) discount is used. In the final three columns: provide the name(s) of any vendor(s) and any vendor models that are used, indicate whether all securities were reviewed for potential OTTI for stress testing and provide the macro- economic and financial variables used in loss estimation.

### **2. Projected OTTI for AFS and HTM Securities by Portfolio**

Provide the credit loss portion and non-credit loss portion of projected OTTI (for relevant portfolios) for the quarters detailed in the tables provided. Values should be quarterly, not cumulative. Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-01, which includes provisions governing the accounting for investments in equity securities, should continue to report the “Actual Amortized Cost” field for equity securities in this schedule. However, all other fields in this schedule for equity securities should be left blank.

OTTI related to the security’s credit loss is recognized in earnings, whereas the OTTI related to other factors (defined as the non-credit loss portion) is included as part of a separate component of OCI. For only those securities determined to be other-than-temporarily impaired, Banks should provide both projected losses that would be recognized in earnings and any projected losses that would be captured in OCI. Amortized Cost should represent all Securities held, regardless of if they are impaired or not. OTTI values should be stated as positive values.

### **3. Projected OCI and Fair Value for AFS and Impaired HTM Securities**

The “Total Actual Fair Market Value” column is the end-of-quarter fair value of the portfolio assets for the reporting quarter.

The “Beginning Fair Market Value” in each column for the projected quarters represents the beginning-of-quarter fair value of the AFS and impaired HTM portfolio assets evaluated during the projected quarter. For avoidance of doubt, securities purchased in the middle of the quarter should be accounted for in the Beginning Fair Market Value of the subsequent quarter.

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Portfolio will be eliminated, Sub- schedules projected OCI and Fair Value for AFS Securities and Impaired HTM and Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio will be renamed and revised to exclude HTM securities.

The “Fair Value Rate of Change” is the weighted average percent change in fair value over the quarter for assets projected to be held at the beginning and end of the relevant quarter. (The “Fair Value Rate of Change” is **not** a ratio of projected OCI to Beginning Fair Market Value). The Fair Value Rate of Change should represent the change in price of the assets whereby the change in fair value does not include amortizations or paydowns. Reinvested assets should be included if the securities were held at the beginning and end of the relevant quarter.

The “Projected OCI” in each column represents the pre-tax incremental change in accumulated OCI during the period due to changes in the fair value of the securities in the portfolio and may also reflect changes in amortized cost, including changes due to amortization and accretion, or any other anticipated factors affecting the amortized cost amounts of AFS and impaired HTM holdings. Future OCI may include fair value gains and losses on new instruments if reinvestments are anticipated. These columns, including the “Total Projected OCI in all Quarters,” may be affected by changes in the securities’ amortized cost due to a projected experience of OTTI and estimate of OTTI write-down for a given quarter.

Report OCI gains as positive values and OCI losses as negative values.

#### **4. Actual AFS and HTM Fair Market Value Sources by Portfolio**

Provide information on the sources of actual fair market values as of the reporting date. In the “Principal Market Value Source” column, state whether a vendor or proprietary model is used. If using a third-party vendor, provide the name of the vendor. Banks should also indicate how often securities are normally marked to market (e.g., daily, weekly, quarterly, etc.).

#### **5. Expected Credit Loss and Provision for Credit Loss – HTM Securities**

Institutions should provide the following information on HTM securities on this sub-schedule:

- The “Total Allowance for Credit Loss” column is the total allowance for HTM securities as of the report date (i.e., PQ0).
- The “Provision for Credit Loss” column is the provision for HTM securities during the quarter.

#### **6. Expected Credit Loss and Provision for Credit Loss – AFS Securities**

Institutions should provide the following information on AFS securities on this sub-schedule:

- The “Total Allowance for Credit Loss” column is the total allowance for AFS securities as of the report date (i.e., PQ0).
- The “Expected credit loss before applying the fair value floor” column is expected credit losses as defined by ASU 2016-13 and before applying the fair value floor that limits the allowance for credit losses to the amount by which fair value is below amortized cost.
- The “Provision for Credit Loss” column is the provision for AFS securities during the quarter.

***Supporting documentation:***

Please refer to Appendix A: Supporting Documentation for guidance on providing supporting documentation.

## ***Trading***

**Only the banks subject to the market shock scenario are required to complete this worksheet.**

The Trading worksheet collects bank-wide trading profit and loss (P/L) results decomposed into the various categories listed (e.g., Equities, FX, Rates) as of a date specified by the OCC or another recent reporting date prior to the supplied as-of date as appropriate (see When to Report section of the General Instructions for additional detail). These categories are not meant to denote lines of business or desks, but rather bank-wide totals by risk. The decomposition of losses into risk areas should sum to equal the total trading mark-to-market (MTM) loss reported on the income statement. Report total P/L for the entire scenario horizon. When reporting P/L numbers, report profits as positive numbers and losses as negative numbers.

### ***Column Instructions***

**Column A Firmwide Trading**

Report bank-wide total trading profit and loss for the entire scenario horizon. Do not include P/L related to Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) hedges in this column.

**Column B Firmwide CVA Hedges**

Report firm-wide total P/L related to the Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) hedges.

**Column C Firmwide Total**

Contains the sum of the P/L related to the trading exposures and Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) hedges reported in columns (A) and (B).

### ***Item Instructions***

The categories are not meant to denote lines of business or desks, but rather bank-wide totals by risk.

**Item 1 Equity**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with bank-wide Equity risk reported in items 1A through 1I. No input required.

**Item 1A Equity: Delta/Gamma**

Report the contribution to P/L from changes in Equity prices.

**Item 1B Equity: Vega**

Report the first order contribution to P/L from changes in Equity volatility.

**Item 1C Equity: Dividends**

Report the contribution to P/L from changes in dividend yields.

**Item 1D Equity: Correlation**

Report the contribution to P/L from changes in Equity correlation.

**Item 1E Equity: Vanna (dVega/dSpot)**

Report the contribution to P/L from Equity volatility given changes in Equity prices.

**Item 1F Equity: Volgamma (dVega/dVol)**

Report the second order contribution to P/L from changes in Equity volatility.

**Item 1G Equity: Skew (moneyness)**

Report the contribution to P/L from changes in Equity volatility skew.

**Item 1H Equity: Higher Order**

Report other higher order contributions to P/L from changes in Equity related risks not included in items 1A through 1G.

**Item 1I Equity: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other Equity related risks not included in items 1A through 1H. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in documentation.

**Item 2 FX**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with bank-wide FX risk reported in items 2A through 2D. No input required.

**Item 2A FX: Delta/Gamma**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in FX rates.

**Item 2B FX: Vega**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in FX volatility.

**Item 2C FX: Higher Order**

Report other higher order contributions to P/L from changes in FX related risks not included in items 2A through 2B.

**Item 2D FX: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other FX related risks not included in items 2A through 2C. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 3 Rates**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with bank-wide Rates risk reported in items 3A through 3H. No input required. For Agency and Muni products, the P/L related to interest rates risk should be reported in this section.

**Item 3A Rates: Delta/Gamma**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in interest rates.

**Item 3B Rates: Vega**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in interest rate volatility.

**Item 3C Rates: Swap Spreads**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in interest rate swap spreads.

**Item 3D Rates: Basis Spreads**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in interest rate basis spreads.

**Item 3E Rates: Cross Currency Basis**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in cross currency basis spreads

**Item 3F Rates: Inflation**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in inflation rates.

**Item 3G Rates: Higher Order**

Report higher order contributions to P/L from changes in interest rates related risks not included in items 3A through 3F.

**Item 3H Rates: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other interest rate related risks not included in items 3A through 3G. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 4 Commodities**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with bank-wide Commodities risk reported in items 4A through 4M. No input required.

**Line items 4A through 4K**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in risks associated with each product category, e.g. report P/L related to changes in prices and volatility of Oil products under the Oil Products category.

**Line item 4L Commodities: Higher Order**

Report higher order contributions to P/L from changes in Commodities related risks not included in items 4A through 4K.

**Line item 4M Commodities: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other Commodities related risks not included in items 4A through 4L. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 5 Securitized Products**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with Securitized

Products and reported in items 5A through 5J. No input required.

**Line items 5A through 5G**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in the values of each product category.

**Line item 5H Securitized Products: Agencies**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in Agency OAS/credit risks.

**Line item 5I Securitized Products: Higher Order**

Report higher order contributions to P/L from changes in Securitized Products related risks not included in items 5A through 5H.

**Line item 5J Securitized Products: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other Securitized Products related risks not included in items 5A through 5I. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 6 Other Credit**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from all credit products in items 7, 8, 9, and 10 through 14. No input required.

**Line item 7 Corporate Credit (Advanced)**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from corporate credit products in Advanced Economies, which are reported in items 7A through 7I. No input required. Reference the Regional Groupings section for the list of countries designated as Advanced Economies.

**Line items 7A through 7H**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in corporate credit risks associated with each product category.

**Line item 7I Corporate Credit (Advanced): Other/Unspecified**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in corporate credit risk to products not included in items 7A through 7H. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Line item 8 Corporate Credit (Emerging Markets)**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from corporate credit products in Emerging Markets, which are reported in items 8A through 8I. No input required. Emerging Markets encompass all countries not defined as Advanced Economies in the Regional Groupings section.

**Line items 8A through 8H**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in corporate credit risks associated with each product category.

**Line item 8I Corporate Credit (Emerging Markets): Other/Unspecified**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in corporate credit risk to products not included in



items 8A through 8H. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Line item 9 Sovereign Credit**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from sovereign credit risks, which are included in items 9A through 9G. No input required.

**Line items 9A through 9G**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in sovereign credit risks associated with each regional category.

**Line item 10 Munis**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in municipal credit risks.

**Line item 11 ARS**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in ARS credit risks.

**Line item 12 Base Correlation**

Report the total contribution to P/L from changes in credit correlation.

**Line item 13 Other Credit: Higher Order**

Report higher order contributions to P/L from changes in traded credit related risks not included in items 6 through 10.

**Line item 14 Other Credit: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from changes in other traded credit related risks not included in items 6 through 13. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 15 Private Equity**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from Private Equity exposures included in items 15A through 15C.

**Line item 15A Private Equity: Funded**

Report the contribution to P/L from funded exposures detailed on the Private Equity Sub-schedule of the FR Y-14Q Trading Schedule.

**Line item 15B Private Equity: Unfunded**

Report the contribution to P/L from unfunded commitments reported on the Private Equity Sub-schedule of the FR Y-14Q Trading Schedule.

**Line item 15C Private Equity: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from other Private Equity exposures not included in items 15A and 15B. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 16 Other Fair Value Assets**

Contains the sum of the contributions to P/L from exposures associated with Other Fair Value Assets included in items 16A through 16C

**Line item 16A Other Fair Value Assets: Debt**

Report the contribution to P/L from debt exposures detailed on the Other Fair Value Assets Sub-schedule of the FR Y-14Q Trading Schedule. Please provide detailed description of these exposures in bank documentation.

**Line item 16B Other Fair Value Assets: Equity**

Report the contribution to P/L from equity exposures detailed on the Other Fair Value Assets Sub-schedule of the FR Y-14Q Trading Schedule. Please provide detailed description of these exposures in bank documentation.

**Line item 16C Other Fair Value: Other**

Report contributions to P/L from other OFVA exposures not included in items 16A and 16B. Please provide detailed description of Other P/L components in bank documentation.

**Item 17 Cross-Asset Terms**

Report the contribution to P/L from intra-asset risks attributable to the co-movement of multiple asset classes. For example, an equity option paying off in a foreign currency would have both Equity and FX risk. The P/L due to this co-dependence would be entered into item 17 and should not be divided among the individual categories listed in items 1 through 2D.

**Item 18 Total**

Contains the sum of the subtotals in items 1 through 6 and 15 through 17. The sum of the totals in columns (A) and (B) must equal line 58, Trading mark-to-market (MTM) loss, reported on the Income Statement worksheet of this schedule.

***Supporting Documentation***

Please refer to Appendix A: Supporting Documentation for guidance on providing supporting documentation.

Banks should also supply any additional information regarding the Trading P&L attribution submission in their supporting documentation, including a description of items included in the Other categories within each asset class.

## ***Counterparty Credit Risk***

**Only the banks subject to the counterparty default scenario are required to complete this worksheet.**

The CCR worksheet collects projected counterparty credit losses as of a date specified by the OCC. Losses should be reported as positive values and gains should be reported as negative values.

**Item 1 Issuer default losses (Trading Book)**

Report losses arising from potential default of the issuers of securities held in the trading book. This should include losses arising from equity products.

**Item 1a Issuer default losses from securitized products (Trading Book)**

Report losses arising from potential default of the issuer of securitized products, including RMBS, CMBS, and other securitized products.

**Item 1b Issuer default losses from other credit sensitive instruments (Trading Book)**

Report losses arising from potential default of the issuers of all other credit sensitive instruments (i.e., all products considered in Trading Incremental Default Risk (IDR) losses other than securitized products), such as sovereigns, advanced economy corporate credits, and emerging market corporate credits.

**Item 2 Counterparty credit MTM losses (CVA Losses)**

Report Counterparty Credit MTM Losses. Report total losses as equivalent to the bank's calculation of aggregate stressed CVA less unstressed CVA for each scenario.

**Item 2a Counterparty CVA losses**

Report Counterparty CVA losses.

**Item 2b Other CVA losses**

Report CVA losses that result from offline/additional CVA reserve.

**Item 3 Counterparty Default Losses**

Report losses arising from potential default of one or more counterparties.

**Item 3a Impact of Counterparty Default Hedges**

Report the reduction to counterparty default losses reported in item 3 due to the gains from single name credit default swap (CDS) hedges of defaulting counterparties.

**Item 4 Other Counterparty Losses**

Report other counterparty losses not reported in items 1, 2 or 3 above.

**Item 5 Funding Valuation Adjustment**

Report funding valuation adjustment losses.

***Supporting Documentation***

Please refer to Appendix A: Supporting Documentation for guidance on providing supporting documentation.

## ***Operational Risk Scenario and Projections***

Operational risk losses are defined in the Capital Framework as losses arising from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. Operational risk losses include legal losses but exclude boundary events. Boundary events are operational losses that could also be classified as credit event losses.

An operational loss is defined as a financial loss (excluding insurance or tax effects) that results from an operational loss event and includes all expenses associated with an operational loss event except for opportunity costs, forgone revenue, and costs related to risk management and control

enhancements implemented to prevent future operational losses. An operational loss event is defined as a financial loss that results from a risk exposure to the bank. Some examples of operational loss events that banks may consider are losses related to improper business practices (including class action lawsuits), execution errors, cybersecurity breaches, natural disasters, and fraud.

In general, baseline projections are expected to match up reasonably with historical, realized losses, taking into account any expected outcomes of current ongoing or pending litigation or other operational events. Operational losses under the Severely Adverse scenario are expected to be higher than the baseline projections regardless of whether the losses can be directly linked to the stressed economic environment. When assessing the reasonableness of its operational risk loss projections, Banks should consider a variety of benchmarks, to include the most recent representative nine-quarter cumulative operational risk losses and the worst historical nine-quarter cumulative operational risk losses.

Operational risk loss projections should be included in the PPNR Projections worksheet in item 29, Operational Risk Expense, and should be excluded from reserves. See Schedule E – Operational Risk for additional operational risk reporting requirements.

### ***Definitions***

Refer to the following definitions when completing the Operational Risk Scenario Inputs and Projections worksheet:

- **Risk Segment:** Risk categories used by the Bank to manage and report its operational risks.
- **Loss Projection:** Loss estimates for each of the five Scenarios generated by different methodologies such as statistical models, scenario analysis, historical averages.
- **Dollar Contribution to Operational Loss Projection:** For each risk segment, report the projected operational loss amount for the respective quarter as well as the total. The total of all segments for each DFAST scenario ~~Macro Scenario~~ (Bank Baseline, Bank Stress, Supervisory Baseline, and Supervisory Severely Adverse) should agree to the projected “Operational risk expense” amount included in line 29 in the scenario’s PPNR Projections worksheet.

### ***Sub-Schedule Instructions***

The Operational Risk Scenario and Projections sub-schedule collects information about the composition of the operational risk loss projections. Each bank should identify the operational risks to which it is exposed, develop and define the risk segments that represent the bank’s risks, and project operational losses using relevant data. Data can include external data, internal data, scenario analysis, risk assessment, etc. As appropriate, quantitative methodologies may be used to convert relevant data into loss projections. The overall Operational Risk loss projections should include input for each risk segment. Reporting institutions are expected to provide the type of data, a brief description of the loss event, how it was categorized (risk segment), and the total loss projection by risk segment.

### ***Loss Projections based on Legal Reserves and Settlements***

Banks should report the potential impact of losses resulting from a bank’s actions to prevent or

mitigate an operational loss settlement with clients, or to prevent future legal action.

Each of the operational risk loss projections in each of the required DFAST scenarios should include all projected settlements, make-whole payments, payouts that satisfy adverse legal rulings, and other legal losses if they are not covered on the PPNR Projections Worksheet under items 14N and 30 (Provisions to Repurchase Reserve / Liability for Residential Mortgage Reps and Warranties).

### ***Unrelated Professional Services***

The cost of outside consulting, routine “business as usual” legal expenses, external audit, and other professional services that are unrelated to operational risk should be included in item 31 (Professional and Outside Services Expenses) on the PPNR Projections Worksheet.

#### ***Supporting documentation:***

Please refer to Appendix A: Supporting Documentation

## ***Pre-Provision Net Revenue***

### ***A. General Instructions***

This section provides general guidance and data definitions for the two PPNR worksheets included in the Summary Schedule.

Certain commonly used terms and abbreviations, including PPNR, are defined at the end of this section. Other definitions are embedded in the Schedule. Undefined terms should be assumed to follow Call Report definitions. In cases where Call Report guidance is unavailable, banks should use internal definitions and include information about the definitions used in the Supporting Documentation.

- All quarterly figures should be reported on a quarterly basis (not on a year to date basis).
- Provide data for all non-shaded cells, except where the data requested is optional.
- If there are no data for certain numerical fields, then populate the fields with a zero (0). If a bank chooses not to report an optional field, leave the field blank.
- For numerical fields requesting information in percent (e.g. average rates earned), use standard format where .01 = 1%. Do not use non-numerical characters in numerical fields.
- If there is no information for certain fields, populate the fields with “N/A.” Do not leave descriptive fields blank.

Banks need to ensure that:

- (a) revenues and expenses reported always reconcile on a net basis to Call Report Schedule RI, item 3 plus item 5.m minus 7.e plus item 7.c.(1) minus item 40 of PPNR Projections worksheet (note that this does not include losses from the trading shock exercise),
- (b) Net Interest Income is equal between the PPNR Projections and PPNR Net Interest Income worksheets,
- (c) Average balances reported for the purposes of the PPNR Net Interest Income worksheet equal

Call Report Schedule RC-K, item 9 for average assets and an average of Call Report Schedule RC, item 21 for average liabilities.

## **Materiality Thresholds**

All banks should complete both sub-schedules.

Report data for all quarters for a given business segment in the PPNR Projections and PPNR Metrics sub-schedules if the total revenue of that business segment (calculated as the sum of net interest income and noninterest income for that segment), relative to total revenue of the bank exceeded 5 percent in any of the most recent four actual quarters.

If international revenue exceeded 5 percent of total revenue in any of the most recent four actual quarters, provide regional breakouts (PPNR Metrics sub-schedule, items 42A-42 D) for all quarters in the PPNR Metrics sub-schedule.

### ***Net Interest Income: Primary and Supplementary Designation***

Banks are expected to report all line items for all worksheets subject to applicable thresholds as detailed in the instructions.

### ***B. Commonly Used Terms and Abbreviations***

**Domestic Revenues:** Revenues from the U.S. and Puerto Rico only. Note that this differs from the definition of domestic on the Call Report.

**International Revenues:** Revenues from regions outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico.

**Pre-provision Net Revenue (PPNR):** Sum of net interest income and noninterest income net of noninterest expense, with components expected to reconcile with those reported in the Call Report when adjusted for certain items. As presented on the PPNR schedules, the adjustments include exclusions of Valuation Adjustment for Bank's debt under fair value option (FVO), goodwill impairment, loss resulting from trading shock exercise (if applicable), as well as adjustments related to operational risk expense required for PPNR purposes. For the related items, reference the PPNR Projections worksheet and related instructions for items 29, 40-42. Gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including OTTI estimates, are not a component of PPNR.<sup>16</sup> All revenue and expenses related to MSRs are components of PPNR to be reported in the associated noninterest income and noninterest expense line items on the PPNR schedules. Total Loans HFS and Loans Accounted for under the Fair Value Option (item 57 of the Income Statement worksheet) are excluded only if they are a result of a market shock exercise. Other Losses (item 66) are excluded as applicable and are expected to be infrequent.

**Revenues:** Sum of net interest income and noninterest income adjusted for selected exclusions, as reported on line item 27 of the PPNR Projections worksheet.

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<sup>16</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not report gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including changes in credit loss provisioning, as a component of PPNR.

**Run-Off or Liquidating Businesses:** Operations that do not meet an accounting definition of “discontinued operations” but which the Bank intends to exit. In order to facilitate the calculation of the proper net interest income on the *PPNR -Net Interest Income worksheet*, report total balances related to discontinued operations as a negative number in “Other” in items 15 and 39 and the corresponding average rates earned in items 32 and 47 Banks should provide a detailed listing of the type (by corresponding line item on the *Net Interest Income worksheet*) of such balances reported as negative items in “Other” and the corresponding rates in the submission documentation.

## **1. PPNR Projections**

Banks should report data in the PPNR worksheets only per the standardized DFAST-14A requirements. However, Banks are encouraged to provide data consistent with their own internal view in supporting documentation, accompanying the DFAST-14A Projections and discuss data differences.

### **Revenue Components**

Revenue items are divided into net interest income and noninterest income, with totals expected to reconcile with what would be reported in the Call Report when adjusted for Valuation Adjustment for bank’s own debt under the fair value option (FVO), loss resulting from trading shock exercise (if applicable), and operational risk expense adjustments required for PPNR purposes. In the documentation supporting the DFAST-14A PPNR submission, banks are encouraged to discuss operational risk losses reported as contra-revenues for Call Report purposes and their reallocation to Operational Risk expense in accordance with the PPNR instructions.

Do not report gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including OTTI estimates, as a component of PPNR.<sup>17</sup>

Report all items either in the segments that generated them and/or segments that they were allocated to through funds transfer pricing (FTP). Net interest income allocation to the defined segments should be based on the cost of funds applicable to those segments as determined by the Bank Supporting Documentation instructions regarding methodology used should be provided in the memo required with the DFAST-14A Projections. Business segments and related sub-components do not have to correspond to but may include certain line items on the Call Report schedule.

The Business segment structure of the worksheet is defined by product/service (e.g., credit cards, investment banking) and client type (e.g., retail, medium size businesses). It is not defined by client relationship.

Banks are encouraged to note which line items contain DVAs and/or CVAs (note: these are different from fair value adjustment on the bank’s own debt under the Fair Value Option (FVO) which is

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<sup>17</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not report gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including changes in credit loss provisioning, as a component of PPNR.

excluded from PPNR by definition), including amounts if available, and whether these are generated with the purpose to generate profit.

**All revenue and expenses related to MSRs and the associated noninterest income and noninterest expense line items should be evolved over the nine-quarter projection horizons and reported in the PPNR schedules.**

### **Business Segment Definitions**

Subject to applicable thresholds, reporting of net interest income and noninterest income items is requested based on a business segment/line view, with business segments/lines defined as follows:

- As general guidance, small business clients are those with annual sales of less than \$10 million. Business, government, not-for-profit, and other institutional entities of medium size are those with annual sales between \$10 million and \$2 billion. Large business and institutional entities are those with annual sales of more than \$2 billion. If a bank's internal reporting for these client segments deviates from this general guidance, continue to report according to internal definitions and describe how the Bank defined these or similar client segments and the scope of related business segments/lines in the memo supporting the submission.
- A Bank may include public funds in the segment reporting based on the type of the relationship that exists between the public funds and the Bank. For example, if the Bank acts in a custodial or administrative capacity, the Bank may report public funds in Investor Services. If a Bank is involved in the management of funds, the Bank may report the public funds in Investment Management.

### ***Net Interest Income by Business Segment***

*(Unless specified otherwise, all numbers are global)*

#### **Item 1 Retail and Small Business**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 1A and 1G. For items 1A through 1F, domestic includes U.S. and Puerto Rico only.

Report in the appropriate sub-item all net interest income related to retail and small business banking and lending, including both ongoing as well as run-off and liquidating businesses. Exclude any revenues related to Wealth Management/Private Banking (WM/PB) clients even if they are internally classified as retail. Banks may include such revenues in WM/PB line items instead. In case of WM/PB mortgage repurchase contra-revenues, if any, report them as outlined in the PPNR Projection worksheet.

#### **Item 1A Domestic**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 1B through 1F.

#### **Item 1B Credit and Charge Cards**

Report interest income from domestic Bank issued credit and charge cards to retail customers including those that result from partnership agreements. May include revenue that is generated on domestic accounts due to foreign exchange transactions. Exclude the following:



- other unsecured borrowing and debit cards;
- small business cards (report in Other Retail and Small Business Lending, item 1F);
- wholesale and commercial cards (report in Treasury Services, item 8); and
- cards to Wealth Management/Private Banking clients (report in Wealth Management/Private Banking, line 19B)

**Item 1C Mortgages**

Report interest income from domestic residential mortgage loans offered to retail customers.

**Item 1D Home Equity**

Report interest income from domestic home equity loans and lines of credit (HELOANs/HELOCs) provided to retail customers.

**Item 1E Retail and Small Business Deposits**

Report interest income from domestic branch banking and deposit-related products and services provided to retail and small business customers. Include debit card revenues in this line. May include revenue that is generated on domestic accounts due to foreign exchange transactions. This item does not include any lending revenues.

**Item 1F Other Retail and Small Business Lending**

Report interest income from other domestic retail and small business lending products and services. These include, but are not limited to, small business cards, loans, auto loans, student loans, or personal unsecured credit. All domestic lending revenues not captured in Credit Cards, Mortgages, and Home Equity should be reported here.

**Item 1G International Retail and Small Business**

Report interest income from retail and small business generated outside of the U.S. and Puerto Rico. Includes, but is not limited to, all international revenues from credit/charge/debit cards, mortgages, home equity, branch and deposit services, auto, student, and small business loans.

**Item 2 Commercial Lending**

Report interest income from lending products and services provided to business, government, not-for-profit, and other institutional entities of medium size, as well as to commercial real estate investors and owners. Exclude treasury, deposit, and investment banking services.

**Item 3 Investment Banking**

Report in the appropriate sub-item all interest income generated from investment banking services provided to business and institutional entities of both medium and large size. Include revenues from new issue securitizations for third parties. Business lines are defined as follows:

- Advisory: Corporate strategy and financial advisory, such as services provided for mergers and acquisitions (M&A), restructuring, financial risk management, among others.
- Equity Capital Markets: Equity investment banking services (e.g., IPOs or secondary offerings).
- Debt Capital Markets: Generally non-loan debt investment banking services.
- Syndicated/Corporate Lending: Lending commitments to larger corporate clients,

including event or transaction-driven lending (e.g., to finance M&A, leveraged buyouts, bridge loans). Generally, all syndicated lending origination activity should be included here (not in Commercial Lending).

#### **Item 4 Merchant Banking/ Private Equity**

Report interest income from private equity (PE), real estate, infrastructure, and principal investments in hedge funds. May include principal investment related to merchant banking activities.

#### **Item 5 Sales and Trading**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 5A and 5B. Report in the appropriate sub-item all interest income generated from sales and trading activities. Any interest income from carry should be included in Sales & Trading net interest income. May include short-term trading made for positioning or profit generation related to the Sales & Trading activities in this line item.

#### **Item 5A Prime Brokerage**

Report interest income generated from securities financing, securities lending, custody, clearing, settlement, and other services for hedge funds and other prime brokerage clients. Include all prime brokerage revenues in this line and not in any other business segments/lines.

#### **Item 5B Other**

Report interest income from all other Sales & Trading activities (that are not reported in item 5A above). These include, but are not limited to:

- Equities: Commissions, fees, dividends, and trading gains and losses on equity products. Exclude prime brokerage services.
- Fixed Income: Commissions, fees, and trading gains and losses on rates, credit, and other fixed income products. Exclude prime brokerage services.
  - Rates: Generally U.S. Treasury, investment grade sovereign, U.S. agency bonds, and interest rate swaps. Rates revenues related to trading activities outside of the Sales & Trading division need not be included into the Rates trading in this section, but describe where they are allocated in the Bank's documentation supporting the submission.
  - Credit: Generally corporate bonds, loans, ABS, muni, emerging markets, CDS. If a bank classifies some of the credit related trading (such as distressed debt) in segments other than "Sales & Trading," it can continue to report it as in its internal financial reports but indicate where they are reported in the documentation supporting submission.
  - Other: e.g., FX/Currencies if not included above.
- Commodities: Commissions, fees, and trading gains and losses on commodity products. Exclude prime brokerage services.

#### **Item 6 Investment Management**

Report all interest income generated from investment management activities. Business lines are defined as follows:

- Asset Management: Professional management of mutual funds and institutional accounts. Institutional clients may include endowments, not-for-profit entities,

governments, and others.

- Wealth Management/Private Banking (WM/PB): Professional portfolio management and advisory services for individuals. Individual clients may be defined as mass market, affluent, and high net worth. Activities may also include tax planning, savings, inheritance, and wealth planning, among others. May include deposit and lending services to WM/PB clients here and retail brokerage services for both WM/PB and non-WM/PB clients.

#### **Item 7 Investment Services**

Report all interest income generated from investment servicing. Exclude prime brokerage revenues. Business lines are defined as follows:

- Asset Servicing: Custody, fund services, securities lending, liquidity services, collateral management; and other asset servicing. Include record keeping services for 401K and employee benefit plans, but exclude funding or guarantee products offered to such clients.
- Issuer Services: Corporate trust, shareowner services, depository receipts.
- Other Investment Services: Clearing and other investment services.

#### **Item 8 Treasury Services**

Report all interest income from cash management, global payments, working capital solutions, deposit services, and trade finance from business and institutional entities of both medium and large size. Include wholesale/corporate and commercial cards.

#### **Item 9 Insurance Services**

Report all interest income from insurance activities including, but not limited to, individual (e.g., life, health), auto and home (property and casualty), title insurance and surety insurance, and employee benefits insurance.

#### **Item 10 Retirement/Corporate Benefit Products**

Report premiums, fees, and other interest income generated from retirement and corporate benefit funding products, such as annuities, guaranteed interest products, and separate account contracts. The fees/revenues that may be recorded here are generally generated as a result of the Bank accepting risks related to actuarial assumptions or the estimation of market returns where guarantees of future income streams have been made to clients.

#### **Item 11 Corporate/Other**

Report interest income associated with:

- Capital and asset-liability management (ALM) activities. Among other items, may include investment securities portfolios (but not gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including OTTI<sup>18</sup>, as these are excluded from PPNR by definition). Also may include principal investment supporting the corporate treasury function to manage firm-wide capital, liquidity, or structural risks.
- Run-off or liquidating businesses (but exclude retail and small business run-

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<sup>18</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not report gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including changes in credit loss provisioning, as a component of PPNR.

- off/liquidating businesses, per Retail and Small Business segment definition).
- Non-financial businesses (e.g., publishing, travel services).
- Corporate support functions (e.g., Human Resources, IT).
- Other non-core revenues not included in other segments (e.g., intersegment eliminations).

### **Item 12 Optional Immaterial Business Segments**

Banks have the option to report less material business segment revenue in Optional Immaterial Business Segments. The reported total optional immaterial business segment revenue relative to total revenue cannot exceed 10%. Banks should provide comprehensive information in the Supporting Documentation on which business segments are included in the Optional Immaterial Business segments line item, their relative contribution to the totals reported in both schedules and the manner in which the revenues were projected. List segments included in this line item in Footnote 7.

### **Item 13 Total Net Interest Income**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 1, 2 through 5, and 6 through 12. Item 13, per column, should equal item 49 on PPNR NII Worksheet, if completed.

### ***Noninterest Income by Business Segment***

*(Unless specified otherwise, all numbers are global)*

### **Item 14 Retail and Small Business**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14A and 14T.

### **Item 14A Domestic**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14B, 14E, 14O, and 14S.

Report in the appropriate sub-item all domestic revenues related to retail and small business banking and lending, including both ongoing as well as run-off and liquidating businesses. Exclude any revenues related to Wealth Management/Private Banking (WM/PB) clients even if they are internally classified as retail. Banks may include such revenues in WM/PB line items instead. In case of WM/PB mortgage repurchase contra-revenues, if any, report them as outlined in the PPNR Projection worksheet.

### **Item 14B Credit and Charge Cards**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14C and 14D. Report in the appropriate sub-item all noninterest income generated from domestic bank issued credit and charge cards to retail customers including those that result from partnership agreements. May include revenue that is generated on domestic accounts due to foreign exchange transactions and corporate cards. Exclude the following:

- other unsecured borrowing and debit cards;
- small business cards (report in Other Retail and Small Business Lending, item 1F);
- wholesale and commercial cards (report in Treasury Services, item 8); and
- cards to Wealth Management/Private Banking clients (report in Wealth Management/Private Banking, line 19B).

**Item 14C Credit and Charge Card Interchange Revenues - Gross**

Report interchange revenues from all domestic bank issued credit and charge cards including those that result from a partnership agreement.

**Item 14D Other**

Report all other fee income and revenue earned from credit and charge cards not captured in item 14C.

**Item 14E Mortgage and Home Equity**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14F, 14I and 14N. Report in the appropriate sub-item noninterest income generated from domestic residential mortgage loans offered to retail customers and domestic home equity loans and lines of credit (HELOANs/HELOCs) provided to retail customers.

**Item 14F Production**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14G and 14H.

**Item 14G Gains/Losses on Sale**

Report gains/(losses) from the sale of domestic mortgages and home equity loans originated through all production channels (retail, broker, correspondent, etc.) with the intent to sell. Such gains/losses should include deferred fees and costs that are reported as adjustments to the carrying balance of the sold loan, fair value changes on loan commitments with rate locks that are accounted for as derivatives, fair value changes on mortgage loans HFS designated for fair value treatment, lower-of-cost or market adjustments on mortgage loans HFS not designated for fair value treatment, fair value changes on derivative instruments used to hedge loan commitments and HFS mortgages, and value associated with the initial capitalization of the MSR upon sale of the loan.

**Item 14H Other**

Report all other fee income/revenue earned from mortgage production not captured in item 14G.

**Item 14I Servicing**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14J, 14K, 14L, and 14M.

**Item 14J Servicing & Ancillary Fees**

Report fees received from activities relating to the servicing of mortgage loans, including (but not limited to) the collection principal, interest, and escrow payments from borrowers; payment of taxes and insurance from escrowed funds; monitoring of delinquencies; execution of foreclosures; temporary investment of funds pending distribution; remittance of fees to guarantors, trustees, and others providing services; and accounting for and remittance of principal and interest payments to the holders of beneficial interests in the financial assets.

**Item 14K MSR Amortization**

Include economic amortization or scheduled and unscheduled payments, net of defaults under both FV and LOCOM accounting methods.

**Item 14L MSR Value Changes due to Changes in Assumptions/Model Inputs/Other Net**

**of Hedge Performance**

Report changes in the MSR value here and not in any other items. Report changes in the MSR hedges here and not in any other items. Include MSR changes under both FV and lower of cost or market (LOCOM) accounting methods.

**Item 14M Other**

Report all other revenue earned from servicing activities not captured in lines 14J through 14L.

**Item 14N Provisions to Repurchase Reserve/Liability for Residential Mortgage Representations and Warranties (contra-revenue)**

Report provisions to build any non-litigation reserves/accrued liabilities that have been established for losses related to sold or government-insured residential mortgage loans (first or second lien).

Do not report such provisions in any other items; report them only in line items 14N or 30, as applicable. Exclude all provisions to litigation reserves/liability for claims related to sold residential mortgages (report in item 29).

**Item 14O Retail and Small Business Deposits**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14P, 14Q and 14R. Report in the appropriate sub-item noninterest income from domestic branch banking and deposit- related products and services provided to retail and small business customers. Include debit card revenues in this line. May include revenue that is generated on domestic accounts due to foreign exchange transactions.

**Item 14P Non-Sufficient Funds/Overdraft Fees – Gross**

Report noninterest income from fees earned from insufficient fund deposit balances and overdrawn client deposit accounts. Report before any contra-revenues (e.g., waivers, etc.).

**Item 14Q Debit Interchange – Gross**

Report noninterest income from interchange fees earned on debit cards. Report before any contra-revenues (e.g., rewards, etc.).

**Item 14R Other**

Among items included here are debit card contra-revenues and overdraft waivers, as applicable.

**Item 14S Other Retail and Small Business Lending**

Report noninterest income from other domestic retail and small business lending products and services. These include, but are not limited to, small business cards, other small business loans, auto loans, student loans, or personal unsecured credit.

**Item 14T International Retail and Small Business**

Report noninterest income from retail and small business generated outside of the U.S. and Puerto Rico. Includes, but is not limited to, all revenues from credit/charge/debit cards, mortgages, home equity, branch and deposit services, auto, student, and small business loans.

**Item 15 Commercial Lending**

Report noninterest income from lending products and services provided to business, government, not-for-profit, and other institutional entities of medium size, as well as to commercial real estate investors and owners. Exclude treasury, deposit, and investment banking services provided to commercial lending clients.

**Item 16 Investment Banking**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 16A through 16D. Report in the appropriate sub-item noninterest income generated from investment banking services provided to business and institutional entities of both medium and large size. Include revenues from new issue securitizations for third parties.

**Item 16A Advisory**

Corporate strategy and financial advisory, such as services provided for M&A, restructuring, financial risk management, among others.

**Item 16B Equity Capital Markets**

Equity investment banking services (e.g., IPOs or secondary offerings).

**Item 16C Debt Capital Markets**

Generally non-loan debt investment banking services.

**Item 16D Syndicated/Corporate Lending**

Lending commitments to larger corporate clients, including event or transaction-driven lending (e.g., to finance M&A, leveraged buyouts, bridge loans). Generally, all syndicated lending origination activity should be included here (not in Commercial Lending).

**Item 17 Merchant Banking/ Private Equity**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 17A through 17C.

Report in the appropriate sub-item revenues from the sponsorship of, management of, or from investing in, distinct long-term investment vehicles, such as real estate funds, private equity funds, hedge funds or similar vehicles. Also include direct long-term investments in securities and assets made primarily for capital appreciation, or investments where the Bank is likely to participate directly in corporate governance. Do not include revenues from sales & trading operations, corporate lending outside of a fund structure, investing in a HTM or AFS securities portfolio, brokerage or mutual fund operations.

**Item 17A Net Investment Mark-to-Market**

Report the net gain or loss from sale or from the periodic marking to market of Merchant Banking/Private Equity investments.

**Item 17B Management Fees**

Report fees and commissions paid by third parties to the bank in connection with sale, placement or the management of above described investment activities.

**Item 17C Other**

Report any noninterest income items not included in items 17A and 17B. Also include the Bank's proportionate share of the income/other adjustments from its investments in equity method

investees.

**Item 18 Sales and Trading**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 18A, 18D, 18H, and 18K. Report in the appropriate sub-item noninterest income generated from sales and trading activities. Any interest income from carry should be included in Sales & Trading under net interest income.

May include short-term trading made for positioning or profit generation related to the Sales & Trading activities in this line item.

**Item 18A Equities**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 18B and 18C.

**Item 18B Commission and Fees**

Report commissions, fees, and dividends on equity products. Exclude prime brokerage services.

**Item 18C Other**

Report all noninterest income for equities sales and trading, excluding prime brokerage (to be reported as a separate line item) and excluding commissions and fees. This includes trading profits and other noninterest non-commission income.

**Item 18D Fixed Income**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 18E, 18F, and 18G. Report in the appropriate sub-item commissions, fees, and trading gains and losses on rates, credit, and other fixed income products. Exclude prime brokerage services.

**Item 18E Rates**

Generally U.S. Treasury, investment grade sovereign, U.S. agency bonds, and interest rate swaps. Rates revenues related to trading activities outside of the Sales & Trading division need not be included into the Rates trading in this section, but describe where they are allocated in the Bank's documentation supporting the DFAST-14A submission.

**Item 18F Credit**

Generally corporate bonds, loans, ABS, muni, emerging markets, CDS. If a bank classifies some of the credit related trading (such as distressed debt) in segments other than "Sales & Trading," it can continue to report it as in its internal financial reports but indicate where they are reported in the documentation supporting DFAST-14A submission.

**Item 18G Other**

Report other fixed income products if not included above (e.g., FX/Currencies).

**Item 18H Commodities**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 18I and 18J.

**Item 18I Commission and Fees**

Report commissions, fees, and trading gains and losses on commodity products. Exclude prime brokerage services.



**Item 18J Other**

Report other noninterest income generated from commodity products, excluding prime brokerage services.

**Item 18K Prime Brokerage**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 18L and 18M. Report in the appropriate sub-item noninterest income from securities financing, securities lending, custody, clearing, settlement, and other services for hedge funds and other prime brokerage clients. Include all prime brokerage revenues in this line and not in any other business segments/lines.

**Item 18L Commission and Fees**

Report commissions and fees on prime brokerage services.

**Item 18M Other**

Report other noninterest income generated from prime brokerage services.

**Item 19 Investment Management**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 19A and 19B. Report in the appropriate sub-item all noninterest income generated from investment management activities.

**Item 19A Asset Management**

Professional management of mutual funds and institutional accounts. Institutional clients may include endowments, not-for-profit entities, governments, and others.

**Item 19B Wealth Management/Private Banking (WM/PB)**

Professional portfolio management and advisory services for individuals. Individual clients may be defined as mass market, affluent, and high net worth. Activities may also include tax planning, savings, inheritance, and wealth planning, among others. May include deposit and lending services to WM/PB clients here and retail brokerage services for both WM/PB and non-WM/PB clients.

**Item 20 Investment Services**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 20A, 20D, and 20E. Report in the appropriate sub-item all noninterest income generated from investment servicing. Exclude prime brokerage revenues.

**Item 20A Asset Servicing**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 20B and 20C. Report in the appropriate sub-item all noninterest income from custody, fund services, securities lending, liquidity services, collateral management, and other asset servicing. Include record keeping services for 401K and employee benefit plans, but exclude funding or guarantee products offered to such clients.

**Item 20B Securities Lending**

Report noninterest income generated from securities lending.

**Item 20C Other**

Report all other noninterest income asset servicing, excluding securities lending.

**Item 20D Issuer Services**

Corporate trust, shareowner services, depository receipts, and other issuer services.

**Item 20E Other**

Report noninterest income from clearing and other investment services not included above.

**Item 21 Treasury Services**

Report cash management, global payments, working capital solutions, deposit services, and trade finance from business and institutional entities of both medium and large size. Include wholesale and commercial cards.

**Item 22 Insurance Services**

Report all noninterest income from insurance activities including, but not limited to, individual (e.g., life, health), auto and home (property and casualty), title insurance and surety insurance, and employee benefits insurance.

**Item 23 Retirement/Corporate Benefit Products**

Report premiums, fees, and other noninterest income generated from retirement and corporate benefit funding products, such as annuities, guaranteed interest products, and separate account contracts. The fees/revenues that may be recorded here are generally generated as a result of the bank accepting risks related to actuarial assumptions or the estimation of market returns where guarantees of future income streams have been made to clients.

**Item 24 Corporate/Other**

Report noninterest income associated with:

- Capital and ALM activities. Among other items, may include investment securities portfolios (but not gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including OTTI, as these are excluded from PPNR by definition).<sup>19</sup> Also may include principal investment supporting the corporate treasury function to manage firm-wide capital, liquidity, or structural risks.
- Run-off or liquidating businesses (but exclude retail and small business run-off/liquidating businesses, per Retail and Small Business segment definition).
- Non-financial businesses (e.g., publishing, travel services).
- Corporate support functions (e.g., Human Resources, IT).
- Other non-core revenues not included in other segments (e.g., intersegment eliminations).

**Item 25 Optional Immaterial Business Segment**

Banks have the option to report less material business segment revenue in separate line items "Optional Immaterial Business Segments." The reported total optional immaterial business segment revenue relative to total revenue cannot exceed 10%. Banks should provide

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<sup>19</sup> Institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should not report gains and losses on AFS and HTM securities, including changes in credit loss provisioning, as a component of PPNR.

comprehensive information in the Supporting Documentation on which business segments are included in the Optional Immaterial Business segments line item. List segments included in this line item in Footnote 7.

**Item 26 Total Noninterest Income**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 through 25. Excludes Valuation Adjustment for bank's own debt under FVO reported in item 40 and the result of trading shock exercise (where applicable), as it is reported in item 42.

**Item 27 Total Revenues**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 13 and 26.

***Noninterest Expense Components***

Noninterest Expense figures are to be broken out as detailed on the worksheet. The total is expected to reconcile with what would be reported in the Call Report when adjusted for certain items. As presented on the PPNR worksheets, the adjustments include exclusions of goodwill impairment and adjustments related to operational risk expense required for PPNR purposes. For the related items, reference PPNR Projections worksheet and relate instructions for line items 29 and 41.

Expense data on the PPNR Submission worksheet are only intended to be reported as firm-wide bank expenses, with exception of line item 34A, i.e., Marketing Expense for Domestic Credit Cards. This line item is for Domestic Credit Cards business line only.

If the Worker's Compensation expense is an expected item or is regularly budgeted and paid out similar to an insurance premium or accrual of agreed-upon expenses, then a bank would report it as Compensation expense or line item 28. If the Worker's Compensation results from a legal settlement, or is part of a large payout to prevent litigation, solve a complaint, or satisfy a penalty or fine, then a bank would report it in line item 29 with Operational Risk Expenses

**Item 28 Compensation Expense**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 28A through 28E.

**Item 28A Salary**

Exclude stock based and cash variable pay compensation and report in items 28D and 28E, respectively.

**Item 28B Benefits**

Exclude stock based and cash variable pay compensation and report in items 28D and 28E, respectively.

**Item 28C Commissions**

Report commissions only in "Commissions" line item 28C; do not report commissions in any other compensation line items.

**Item 28D Stock Based Compensation**

Report all expenses related to stock based compensation as defined by ASC Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation (formerly FASB Statement No. 123(R), *Shared-Based Payment*).

**Item 28E Cash Variable Pay**

Report expenses related to all discretionary variable compensation paid (or to be paid) in the form of cash. Include deferred variable compensation plans not associated with Bank stock.

**Item 29 Operational Risk Expense**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the item on the OpRisk Projected Losses Worksheet. All operational loss items, including operational losses that are contra revenue amounts or cannot be separately identified, should be reported in the operational risk expense. Any legal consultation or retainer fees specifically linked to an operational risk event should be included in the Operational Risk Expense. Include all provisions to litigation reserves/liability for claims related to sold residential mortgages and all litigation settlements and penalties in this line item and not in any other line item.

**Item 30 Provisions to Repurchase Reserve/Liability for Residential Mortgage Representations and Warranties**

Provisions to build any non-litigation reserves/accrued liabilities that have been established for losses related to sold or government-insured residential mortgage loans (first or second lien). Do not report such provisions in any other items; report them only in line items 14N or 30, as applicable. Exclude all provisions to litigation reserves/liability for claims related to sold residential mortgages (report in item 29).

**Item 31 Professional and Outside Services Expenses**

Among items included are routine legal expenses (i.e., legal expenses not related to operational losses), audit and consulting fees, and other fees for professional services.

**Item 32 Expenses of Premises and Fixed Assets**

Report expenses of premises and fixed assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 7.b.

**Item 33 Amortization Expense and Impairment Losses for Other Intangible Assets**

Report amortization expense and impairment losses for other intangible assets, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 7.c.(2).

**Item 34 Marketing Expense**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 34A and 34B.

**Item 34A Domestic Credit and Charge Card Marketing Expense**

Include domestic Bank issued credit and charge cards, as defined in item 1B, including those that result from a partnership agreement. Include both direct and allocated expenses. Report any expenses that are made to expand the company's card member and/or merchant base, facilitate greater segment penetration, enhance the perception of the company's credit card brand, and/or increase the utilization of the existing card member base across the spectrum of marketing and advertising mediums.

**Item 34B Other**

Report all marketing expenses not related to domestic credit and charge cards captured in line 34A.

**Item 35 Other Real Estate Owned Expense**

All expenses associated with other real estate owned that would normally be reported in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 7.d., "Other noninterest expense."

**Item 36 Provision for Unfunded Off-Balance Sheet Credit Exposures (to build/decrease item 141 in Balance Sheet)**

Report the provision for credit losses on off-balance sheet credit exposures.

**Item 37 Other Noninterest Expense**

Provide a further break out of significant items included in Other Noninterest Expense in footnote 4, such that no more than 5% of Noninterest Expense are reported without further breakout.

Report the line item breakout for the combined 9 quarters of projected "Other noninterest expense" (line item 37). A quarterly breakout of these data should be included in the Supporting Documentation.

**Item 38 Total Noninterest Expense**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 28, 29 through 34, and 35 through 37. Excludes Goodwill Impairment included in item 41.

**Item 39 Projected PPNR**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from item 27 less item 38. By definition, PPNR will calculate as net interest income plus noninterest income less noninterest expense, excluding items broken out in items 40 and 41.

**Item 40 Valuation Adjustment for Firm's Own Debt Under Fair Value Option (FVO)**

List segments from which item was excluded in Footnote 9. In footnote 27, list Call Report Schedule RI items in which this amount is normally reported and has been excluded from in this reporting view.

**Item 41 Goodwill Impairment**

Report impairment losses for goodwill, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RI, item 7.c.(1).

**Item 42 Loss Resulting from Trading Shock Exercise (if applicable)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 58 through 62 on the Worksheet 1.a, Income Statement. Banks should not report changes in value of the MSR asset or hedges within the trading book. List segments from which item was excluded in Footnote 25.

**2. PPNR Net Interest Income (NII)**

Banks should complete non-shaded cells only.

Banks should provide average asset and liability balances and average yields to calculate net interest income. The total net interest income calculated should equal the total net interest income reported using a business segment/line view in the PPNR Projections worksheet.

The average balances and rates should reflect the average over each quarter as best as possible. The OCC understands that because of changes in balances over the period, the simple multiplication of average loan rates and balances may not yield the actual interest income. In these cases, the banks may report the average loan rate so that it equals a weighted average rate over the period and the interest income total for each quarter reflects historical results or the bank's projection, as applicable.

Rates on this worksheet are intended to provide a product level view exclusive of transfer pricing activity and should be reported on a gross basis. The reporting of net interest income on the PPNR Projections and PPNR Submission Worksheets provide a business line view and should be reported net of transfer pricing adjustments.

### ***Average Assets***

Banks should reference Call Report and other definitions provided in the PPNR Net Interest Income worksheet when completing this section. The Call Report code references are intended only to provide guidance for the types of items to be included or excluded; but NOT the type of balance to be provided. All requested balance items are averages.

In the case of loans, align definitions with the "total loans" section of the Balance Sheet worksheet. Include PCI loan balances and the interest income recognized on these loans.<sup>20</sup> However, report the aggregate of all nonaccrual loans as line item 9, rather than including them in each loan type.

#### **Item 1 First Lien Residential Mortgages (in domestic offices)**

Report the average balance of first lien residential mortgages in domestic offices (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(a), column B).

#### **Item 2 Second/Junior Lien Residential Mortgages (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 2A and 2B.

#### **Item 2A Closed-End Junior Liens**

Report the average balance of second/junior lien residential mortgages in domestic offices (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(b), column B).

#### **Item 2B Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs)**

Report the average balance of home equity lines of credit in domestic offices (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(1), column B).

#### **Item 3 C&I Loans**

Report the average balance of C&I Graded, Small Business (Scored/Delinquency

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<sup>20</sup> This sentence and reference to purchased credit-impaired loans does not apply to institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 and will be removed upon full adoption of CECL by all institutions.

Managed), Corporate Card, and Business Card loans.

**Item 4 CRE Loans (in domestic offices)**

Report the average balance of CRE loans in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1), and 1.e.(2), column B.

**Item 5 Credit Cards**

Report the average balance of credit cards (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.a, column A).

**Item 6 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 6A through 6C.

**Item 6A Auto Loans**

Report the average balance of auto loans as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.c, column A.

**Item 6B Student Loans**

Report the average balance of student loans.

**Item 6C Other (including loans backed by securities (non-purpose lending))**

Report the average balance of other loans.

**Item 7 Real Estate Loans (not in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 7A and 7B. (Also, defined as Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1, column A, less above items 1, 2, 5, and Call Report Schedule RC- C, item 1.b, column B.)

**Item 7A Residential Mortgages (first and second lien)**

Report the average balance of first and second lien residential mortgages not in domestic offices.

**Item 7B Other**

Report the average balance of other real estate loans not in domestic offices.

**Item 8 Other Loans and Leases**

Report the average balance of other loans and leases. Include loans secured by farmland as defined in Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.b, column B, and other loans not accounted for in the above categories. If total net interest income does not reconcile to Call Report total per PPNR definition using fair value average balances for AFS securities, use "Other" balances (line items 15 and 38) and corresponding rates (line items 31 and 46) to offset the difference.

**Item 9 Nonaccrual Loans**

Report the average balance of nonaccrual loans, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-N. Institutions are to provide additional details within the supporting documentation; the composition of the non-accrual loans by key loan type over the reported time periods for each of the scenarios.

**Item 10 Securities (AFS and HTM) – Treasuries and Agency Debentures**

Report the average balance of AFS/HTM balances in Treasury and Agency debentures, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-B, items 1 and 2.

**Item 11 Securities (AFS and HTM) – Agency RMBS (both CMOs and pass-throughs)**

Report the average balance of AFS/HTM balances in Agency RMBS, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-B, items 4.a.(1), 4.a.(2), 4.b.(1) and 4.b.(2), columns A and D.

**Item 12 Securities (AFS and HTM) - Other**

Report the average balance of all AFS/HTM investments not reported in items 10 and 11, defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 2.a and 2.b less Net II Worksheet items 10 and 11. Institutions that have elected ASU 2016-01 should report average balances from equity securities with readily determinable fair value not held for trading in this item.

**Item 13 Trading Assets**

Report the average balance of trading assets as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-K, item 7.

**Item 14 Deposits with Banks and Other**

Report the average balance of deposits with banks.

**Item 15 Other Interest/Dividend-Bearing Assets**

Report the average balance of other interest/dividend-bearing asset not accounted for in the above categories. In Footnote 2, breakout and explain nature of significant items included in other average interest-bearing asset balances such that no more 5% of total average interest-bearing asset balances are reported without a further breakout.

**Item 16 Other Assets**

Report the average balance of all non-interest bearing assets.

**Item 17 Total Average Asset Balances**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 1, 2, 3 through 6, 7, and 8 through 16, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 12.

***Average Rates Earned***

*All rates are annualized.*

**Item 18 First Lien Residential Mortgages (in domestic offices)**

Report the earned average rate of first lien residential mortgages in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(a), column B.

**Item 19 Second/Junior Lien Residential Mortgages (in domestic offices)**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 19A and 19B.

**Item 19A Closed-End Junior Liens**

Report the earned average rate of second/junior lien residential mortgages in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(2)(b), column B.



**Item 19B Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs)**

Report the earned average rate of home equity lines of credit in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.c.(1), column B.

**Item 20 C&I Loans (excluding small business (scored/delinquency managed))**

Report earned average rate of large commercial credits and small business (graded) loans. Note that the definitions for large commercial credits and small business (graded) are aligned with Balance Sheet definitions.

**Item 21 CRE Loans (in domestic offices)**

Report the earned average rate of CRE loans in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, items 1.a.(1), 1.a.(2), 1.d, 1.e.(1), and 1.e.(2), column B.

**Item 22 Credit Cards**

Report earned average rate of credit cards as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.a, column A.

**Item 23 Other Consumer**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 23A through 23C.

**Item 23A Auto Loans**

Report earned average rate of auto loans as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 6.c, column A.

**Item 23B Student Loans**

Report earned average rate of student loans.

**Item 23C Other, incl. loans backed by securities (non-purpose lending)**

Report earned average rate of other loans.

**Item 24 Real Estate Loans (not in domestic offices)**

Item 24 is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from sum of items 24A and 24B. (Also, defined as Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1, column A, less above items 18, 19, 21, and Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.b, column B.)

**Item 24A Residential Mortgages (first and second lien)**

Report the earned average rate of first and second lien residential mortgages not in domestic offices.

**Item 24B Other**

Report the earned average rate of other real estate loans not in domestic offices.

**Item 25 Other Loans and Leases**

Report the earned average rate of other loans and leases. Include loans secured by farmland as defined in Schedule RC-C, Call Report Schedule RC-C, item 1.b, column B, and other loans not accounted for in the above categories. If total net interest income does not reconcile to Call Report total per PPNR definition using fair value average balances for AFS securities, use "Other" balances (line items 15 and 38) and corresponding rates (line items 27 and 43) to offset

the difference.

**Item 26 Nonaccrual Loans**

Report the earned average rate of nonaccrual loans. Interest income earned on nonaccrual balances is generally expected to be small.

**Item 27 Securities (AFS and HTM) – Treasuries and Agency Debentures**

Report the earned average rate earned on AFS/HTM balances in Treasury and Agency debentures.

**Item 28 Securities (AFS and HTM) – Agency RMBS (both CMOs and pass-throughs)**

Report the earned average rate earned on AFS/HTM balances in Agency RMBS.

**Item 29 Securities (AFS and HTM) - Other**

Report the earned average rate earned on all other AFS/HTM balances.

**Item 30 Trading Assets**

Report the earned average rate of trading assets as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC-K, item 4.a.

**Item 31 Deposits with Banks and Other**

Report the earned average rate of deposits with banks.

**Item 32 Other Interest/Dividend-Bearing Assets**

Report the earned average rate of other interest/dividend-bearing assets not accounted for in the above categories.

**Item 33 Total Interest Income**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of the products of items 1 and 18, 2 and 19, 2A and 19A, 2B and 19B, 3 and 20, 4 and 21, 5 and 22, 6A and 23A, 6B and 23B, 6C and 23C, 7A and 24A, 7B and 24B, 8 and 25, 9 and 26, 10 and 27, 11 and 28, 12 and 29, 13 and 30, 14 and 31, & 15 and 32 annualized.

***Average Liability Balances***

For the classification of domestic and foreign deposit liabilities, Banks should report based on internal definitions (those deemed to best represent the behavior characteristics of deposits). For all other liabilities, Banks should reference Call Report and other definitions provided in the PPNR Net interest Income worksheet when completing this section.

**Item 34 Deposits-Domestic**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 34A through 34E. A sum of average domestic and foreign deposits should be equal to the sum of average Call Report Schedule RC, items 13.a.(1), 13.a.(2), 13.b.(1), and 13.b.(2).

**Item 34A Noninterest-bearing Demand**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 34B Money Market Accounts**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 34C Savings**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 34D Negotiable Order of Withdrawal (NOW), Automatic Transfer Service (ATS), and other Transaction Accounts**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 34E Time Deposits**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 35 Deposits-Foreign**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 35A and 35B. A sum of average domestic and foreign deposits should be equal to the sum of average Call Report Schedule RC, items 13.a.(1), 13.a.(2), 13.b.(1), and 13.b.(2).

**Item 35A Foreign Deposits**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 35B Foreign Deposits-Time**

Report balances using internal definitions.

**Item 36 Fed Funds, Repos, & Other Short Term Borrowing**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 36A through 36C.

**Item 36A Fed Funds**

Report the average balance of Fed Funds purchased in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 14.a.

**Item 36B Repos**

Report the average balance of securities sold under agreement to repurchase as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 14.b.

**Item 36C Other Short Term Borrowing**

Report the average balance of liabilities reported as other borrowed money and subordinated notes and debentures (as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 16 and 19 which the bank would define as short term borrowings). The sum of line items 36C and 39 equals Call Report, Schedule RC, sum of items 16 & 19, less item 20.

**Item 37 Trading Liabilities**

Report the average balance of Trading Liabilities as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 15.

**Item 38 Subordinated Notes Payable to Unconsolidated Trusts Issuing Trust Preferred Securities (TruPS) and TruPS Issued by Consolidated Special Purpose Entities**

If applicable, report the average balance of Preferred Securities (TruPS) and TruPS Issued by Consolidated Special Purpose Entities.

**Item 39 Other Interest-Bearing Liabilities**

Report the average balance of liabilities reported as Other Borrowed Money and Subordinated Notes and Debentures as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 16 and 19 which are not already reported in line item 35c, Other Short Term Borrowing. This includes all long-term debt not included in line item 38 above.

**Item 40 Other Liabilities**

Report the average balance of liabilities reported as Other Liabilities as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RC, item 20.

**Item 41 Total Average Liability Balances**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 34, 35, 36, and 37 to 40.

***Average Liability Rates***

*All rates are annualized.*

**Item 42 Deposits—Domestic**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 42A through 42E.

**Item 42A Noninterest-bearing Demand**

This item is a shaded cell; rates are equal to zero by definition.

**Item 42B Money Market Accounts**

Report the earned average rate of Money Market Accounts reported in item 34B.

**Item 42C Savings**

Report the earned average rate of Savings Accounts reported in item 34C.

**Item 42D Negotiable Order of Withdrawal (NOW), Automatic Transfer Service (ATS), and other Transaction Accounts**

Report the earned average rate of Negotiable Order of Withdrawal (NOW), Automatic Transfer Service (ATS), and other Transaction Accounts reported in item 34D.

**Item 42E Time Deposits**

Report the earned average rate of Time Deposits reported in item 34E.

**Item 43 Deposits-Foreign**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 43A and 43B.

**Item 43A Foreign Deposits**

Report the earned average rate of Foreign Deposits reported in item 35A.

**Item 43B Foreign Deposits-Time**

Report the earned average rate of Foreign Deposits—Time reported in item 35B.

**Item 44 Fed Funds, Repos, & Other Short Term Borrowing**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of items 44A through 44C.

**Item 44A Fed Funds**

Report the average rate paid for Fed Funds purchased in domestic offices as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 14a.

**Item 44B Repos**

Report the average rate paid for Securities Sold under agreements to repurchase as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 14b.

**Item 44C Other Short Term Borrowing**

Report the average rate paid on liabilities reported as other borrowed money and subordinated notes and debentures as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 16 and 19 which the bank defined as short term borrowing.

**Item 45 Trading Liabilities**

Report the average rate of Trading Liabilities as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, item 15.

**Item 46 Subordinated Notes Payable to Unconsolidated Trusts Issuing Trust Preferred Securities (TruPS) and TruPS Issued by Consolidated Special Purpose Entities**

Report the average rate of Preferred Securities (TruPS) and TruPS Issued by Consolidated Special Purpose Entities.

**Item 47 Other Interest-Bearing Liabilities**

Report the average rate paid on the liabilities reported as other borrowed money and subordinated notes and debentures as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, items 16 and 19 which the bank defined as Other Interest Bearing Liabilities.

**Item 48 Total Interest Expense**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from the sum of the products of items 34A and 42A, 34B and 42B, 34C and 42C, 34D and 42D, 34E and 42E, 35A and 43A, 35B and 43B, 36A and 44A, 36B and 44B, 36C and 44C, 37 and 45, 38 and 46, and 39 and 47, annualized.

**Item 49 Total Net Interest Income**

This item is a shaded cell and is derived, per column, from item 33 minus item 48. Amount should equal Worksheet 7.a, PPNR Projections Worksheet, item 13.

***SCENARIO SCHEDULE***

These instructions provide guidance for reporting the variables used in the supervisory and bank- defined macro-economic scenarios underlying the projections of losses, revenue, and capital. These scenarios include the supervisory baseline scenario and supervisory severely adverse scenario, Bank baseline scenario, Bank stress scenario, as well as any additional scenarios generated by the Bank or supplied by the OCC (Additional Scenario #1; Additional Scenario #2; etc.).

**Scenario Variable Definitions:** This worksheet should be used to list and define the variables included in the scenarios.

- The worksheet provides space for the supervisory baseline scenario and supervisory severely adverse scenario, Bank baseline scenario, and Bank stress scenario, as well as space for additional scenarios. If one or more additional scenarios are provided, then a section should be created for each additional scenario and labeled accordingly (Additional Scenario #1; Additional Scenario #2; etc.)
- For each scenario, list the variables included in the scenario in the column titled "Variable Name."
- Variable definitions should be provided in the column titled "Variable Definition." Variable definitions should include a description of the variable. The variable definition should include the source of the variable or derived variable (e.g., Case-Shiller" for a Case-Shiller House Price Index).
- The forecasts and historical data for all the scenario variables are constructed on the same basis. Thus, if a variable is, over history, constructed as an average, its forecast should be interpreted as an average as well. For reference, below are the definitions (i.e., period-average or period- end) of the financial market variables in the scenario:
  - U.S. 3-month Treasury yield: Quarterly average of 3-month Treasury bill secondary market rate discount basis.
  - U.S. 10-year Treasury yield: Quarterly average of the yield on 10-year U.S. Treasury bonds.
  - U.S. BBB corporate yield: Quarterly average of the yield on 10-year BBB-rated corporate bonds.
  - U.S. mortgage rate: Quarterly average of weekly series of Freddie Mac data.
  - U.S. Dow Jones Total Stock Market Index: End of quarter value, Dow Jones.
  - U.S. Market Volatility Index (VIX): Chicago Board Options Exchange converted to quarterly by using the maximum value in any quarter.
- For convenience, the worksheet provides space for 10 variables per scenario, but any number of variables may be reported, depending on the variables actually used in the scenario. Extra lines may be created as needed. The same variables do not necessarily have to be included in each scenario.
- Banks should include all economic and financial market variables that were used in projecting results, including those that affect only a subset of portfolios or positions and those used to calculate model overlays. Banks should not include variables that were not used. For example, if asset prices had a meaningful impact, the assumed level of the equity market and interest rates should be included, or if bankruptcy filings affect credit card loss estimates, then the assumed levels of these should be reported.
- For additional variables generated for the supervisory severely adverse scenario, Banks should set the paths to be as consistent as possible with the paths of the variables already specified in the scenario.
- Banks should also include any variables capturing regional or local economic or asset

value conditions, such as regional unemployment rates or housing prices, if these were used in the projections. Each regional or local variable used should be listed separately in the variable definitions sheet.

- Banks should include one quarter of historical data, as well as projections, for all variables.

### **B.1—Supervisory Baseline Scenario**

This sub-schedule should be used to report the values of any additional variables generated for the supervisory baseline scenario.

### **B.3—Supervisory Severely Adverse Scenario**

This sub-schedule should be used to report the values of any additional variables generated for the supervisory severely adverse scenario.

### **B.4—Bank Baseline Scenario**

This sub-schedule should be used to report the values of the variables included in the Bank baseline scenario.

### **B.5—Bank Stress Scenario**

This sub-schedule should be used to report the values of the variables included in the Bank stress scenario.

### **B.6+ —Additional Scenario #1/#2/etc.**

These sub-schedule should be used to report the values of the variables included in any additional scenarios. **Additional Scenarios are Optional.**

Please create a separate sub-schedule (tab) for each additional scenario. Name the sub-schedules “Additional Scenario #1”; “Additional Scenario #2”; etc.

### ***All Scenarios***

The following applies to all of the scenario tabs:

- The variables should be the same (and have the same names) as the variables listed in the corresponding sections of the *Scenario Variable Definitions* Sub-schedule.
- Variable names should begin with the general name of the variable followed by terms that further define the specific nature of the variable. For example, overnight Libor could be defined as “LIBOR\_ON” and for Libor 3-month, “LIBOR\_3M.”
- List quarterly values for the variables starting with the last realized value through the end of the forecast horizon.
- If a Bank needs to infer a monthly (instead of quarterly) progression of variables, it should smooth or prorate the variables, rather than holding the quarterly value constant over the quarter months.

## **REGULATORY CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS SCHEDULE**

### ***General Guidance***

The Regulatory Capital Instruments schedule collects actual (historical) data and projections over the nine-quarter horizon of Banks' balances of the funded instruments that are included in regulatory capital. The schedule collects data on the historical balances and projected balances of funded regulatory capital instruments by instrument type, in addition to projections for issuances and redemptions that contribute to changes in balances under the Bank baseline scenario.

This schedule collects the total balances of capital instruments and planned redemptions and issuances at an aggregate instrument-type level (e.g., common stock, non-cumulative perpetual preferred, subordinated debt, etc.).

The instructions for the sub-schedule should be read in conjunction with the regulatory capital guidelines issued by the OCC and the regulatory capital rule.

### ***Projected Capital Actions and Balances Sub-schedule***

Banks must report information on both a notional basis and on the basis of the dollar amount included in regulatory capital. For "Notional Amount" report the total notional amount of each instrument. Banks must provide the "Notional Amount" regardless of whether there is an associated amount recognized in regulatory capital. For example, 100% of subordinated debt nearing maturity with limited or no recognition in regulatory capital should be included. For "Amount Recognized in Regulatory Capital" report the portion of the notional amount that is recognized in regulatory capital.

Banks should use the "Comments" field to provide identification of individual instruments that have changed in value. Respondents should also include any other characteristics that impact the investment value. All Banks must report quarter ending balances under the "Actual As of Date" and projected balances under Projection Quarters PQ1, PQ2, PQ3, PQ4, PQ5, PQ6, PQ7, PQ8, and PQ9 for both the "Notional Amount" and the "Amount recognized in regulatory capital."

For any instrument type the Bank has not issued and does not project to issue, Banks must leave the field blank.

For both the "Notional amount" and "Amount recognized in regulatory capital" within the "Revised regulatory capital treatment section," Banks must provide the actual and projected aggregate dollar amounts (\$Millions) for each line item under the regulatory capital rule. Submissions must reflect the necessary transition provisions for non-qualifying capital instruments with their quarter ending actual balances reported.

For "Quarterly Redemption/Repurchase Activity," report the actual and projected aggregate dollar amount (\$Millions) of planned redemptions and repurchases to be conducted in each quarter for each type of capital instrument. All redemptions and repurchases must be reported as negative



values. "Quarterly Redemption/Repurchase Activity" must include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for the employee stock compensation.

For "Quarterly Issuance Activity," report the actual and projected aggregate dollar amount (\$Millions) of planned issuances to be conducted in each quarter for each instrument type. "Quarterly Issuance Activity" must include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for the employee stock compensation.

Conversion of preferred stock to common stock should be reported as a redemption of preferred stock and an issuance of common stock in the same quarter.

For "Quarterly Activity – Other than Issuances, Repurchases, or Redemptions," report the actual and projected aggregate dollar amount (\$Millions) of planned changes in regulatory capital instruments that are not the direct result of issuances, repurchases, or redemptions, including but not limited to: (1) Maturities of capital instruments; and (2) Equity contributions from a parent that do not involve the issuance of common stock.

For "Capital Balances," report the actual aggregate balances (\$Millions) of each type of capital instrument for the as-of quarter end date, reflecting the impact of planned capital actions. "Capital Balances" "Notional Amount" the actual must be completed, even if the instrument is not recognized in regulatory capital. Projection quarters are calculated based on the activity reported in the "Quarterly Redemption/Repurchase Activity," "Quarterly Issuance Activity," and "Quarterly Activity – Other than issuances and repurchases" and the reported "Actual".

### ***Quarterly Redemption/Repurchase Activity***

#### **Line Item 1 Common Stock (CS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

1. "Common Stock" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24, provided it meets the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital based on the regulatory capital rules of the OCC. Include capital instruments issued by mutual banking organizations that meet the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital;
2. PLUS: "Surplus" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 25;
3. LESS: "Other equity capital components" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 26(c); and
4. LESS: "Issuances associated with the U.S. Department of Treasury Capital Purchase Program: Warrants to Purchase Common Stock," if applicable.

Line 1 should exclude amounts reported in line 2 as described below.

#### **Line Item 2 Common Stock (CS) - Employee Stock Compensation (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the carrying amount of common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 issued as part of an ESOP and included in equity capital on the balance sheet. Include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for employee stock for employee stock compensation.

**Line Item 3 CS Warrants (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants to issue common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 and included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 4 CS USG Investment (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury to purchase common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 of the reporting institution that is included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 5 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, report capital instruments issued by a fully consolidated subsidiary of the reporting institution to a third-party investor that qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 4. To qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital, the capital instruments must be issued by a depository institution or a foreign bank that is a consolidated subsidiary of a banking organization.

**Line Item 6 Other Common Equity Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report all other Common Equity Tier 1 instruments issued that are not included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line items 1, 2, 4 and 5.

**Line Item 7 Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (NCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, and any other capital instrument and related surplus that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 8 NCP Convertible (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of NCP Convertible securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 9 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 10 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of mandatory convertible preferred securities issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury by Banks that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 3.

**Item 11 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of tier 1 minority interest not included in common equity tier 1 capital that is includable at the consolidated level as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 22. For tier 1 minority interest, there is no requirement that the subsidiary be a depository institution or a foreign bank. However, the instrument that gives rise to additional tier 1 minority interest must meet all the criteria for additional tier 1 capital instrument.

**Line Item 12 Other Additional Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 7 through 11 that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 13 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of CPP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 14 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 15 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of Mandatory Convertible Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 16 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP USG Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 17 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 18 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of USG Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are

subject to phase out.

**Line Item 19 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 1 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments other than those include in line items 14 through 18 that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 20 Subordinated Debt (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report subordinated debt instruments that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39. Include instruments that were (i) issued under the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, or, prior to October 4, 2010, under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 and (ii) were included in the tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) under the OCC's general risk-based capitalrules.

**Line Item 21 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of total capital minority interest not included in tier 1 capital, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 41.

**Line Item 22 Other Tier 2 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 20 and 21, that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39.

In addition, report tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and cumulative perpetual preferred) that have been phased-out of tier 1 capital in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21.

For items 23 through 29, holding companies may include in regulatory capital debt or equity instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010, that do not meet the criteria for additional tier 1 or tier 2 capital instruments in 12 CFR 3.20 of the regulatory capital rules but that were included in tier 1 or tier 2 capital respectively as of September 12, 2010 (non-qualifying capital instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010) up to the percentage of the outstanding principal amount of such non-qualifying capital instruments as of January 1, 2014, in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, line item 21.

**Line Item 23 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 24 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 25 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of MCP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 26 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 27 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 28 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 29 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 2 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of all capital instruments other than the ones included in line items 23 through 28 that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

***Quarterly Issuance Activity***

**Line Item 30 Common Stock (CS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report (1) "Common Stock" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24, provided it meets the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital based on the regulatory capital rules of the OCC. Include capital instruments issued by mutual banking organizations that meet the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital;

(2) PLUS: "Surplus" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 25;

(3) LESS: "Other equity capital components" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 26(c); and

(4) LESS: "Issuances associated with the U.S. Department of Treasury Capital Purchase Program: Warrants to Purchase Common Stock," If applicable.

Line 30 should exclude amounts reported in line 31 as described below.

**Line Item 31 Common Stock (CS) - Employee Stock Compensation (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the carrying amount of common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC,

line item 24 issued as part of an ESOP and included in equity capital on the balance sheet. Include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for employee stock for employee stock compensation.

**Line Item 32 CS Warrants (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants to issue common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 and included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 33 CS USG Investment (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury to purchase common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 of the reporting institution that is included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 34 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, report capital instruments issued by a fully consolidated subsidiary of the reporting institution to a third-party investor that qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 4. To qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital, the capital instruments must be issued by a depository institution or a foreign bank that is a consolidated subsidiary of a banking organization.

**Line Item 35 Other Common Equity Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report as defined in the regulatory capital rule (July 2013).

**Line Item 36 Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (NCPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of NCPP stock and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, and any other capital instrument and related surplus that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 37 NCPP Convertible (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of NCPP Convertible securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 38 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 39 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury by Banks that satisfy

all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 3.

**Line Item 40 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of tier 1 minority interest not included in common equity tier 1 capital that is includable at the consolidated level as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 22. For tier 1 minority interest, there is no requirement that the subsidiary be a depository institution or a foreign bank. However, the instrument that gives rise to additional tier 1 minority interest must meet all the criteria for additional tier 1 capital instrument.

**Line Item 41 Other Additional Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 36 through 40 that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 42 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of CPP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 43 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 44 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 45 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP USG Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 46 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 47 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of USG Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 48 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 1 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments other than those included in line items 42 through 47 that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 49 Subordinated Debt (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report subordinated debt instruments that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39. Include instruments that were (i) issued under the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, or, prior to October 4, 2010, under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 and (ii) were included in the tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and cumulative perpetual preferred) under the OCC's general risk-based capital rules.

**Line Item 50 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of total capital minority interest not included in tier 1 capital, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 41.

**Line Item 51 Other Tier 2 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 49 and 50, that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 27. In addition, report tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) that have been phased-out of tier 1 capital in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21.

For items 52 through 58, holding companies may include in regulatory capital debt or equity instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010, that do not meet the criteria for additional tier 1 or tier 2 capital instruments in 12 CFR 3.20 of the regulatory capital rules but that were included in tier 1 or tier 2 capital respectively as of September 12, 2010 (non-qualifying capital instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010) up to the percentage of the outstanding principal amount of such non-qualifying capital instruments as of January 1, 2014, in Schedule RC-R, item 21.

**Line Item 52 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 53 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.



**Line Item 54 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of MCP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 55 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 56 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 57 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 58 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 2 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of all capital instruments other than the ones included in line items 52 through 57 that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

***Quarterly Activity - Other than issuances or repurchases***

**Line Item 59 Common Stock (CS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report

1. "Common Stock" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24, provided it meets the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital based on the regulatory capital rules of the OCC. Include capital instruments issued by mutual banking organizations that meet the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital;
2. PLUS: "Surplus" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 25;
3. LESS: "Other equity capital components" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 26(c); and
4. LESS: "Issuances associated with the U.S. Department of Treasury Capital Purchase Program: Warrants to Purchase Common Stock," if applicable.

Line 59 should exclude amounts reported in line 60 as described below.

**Line Item 60 Common Stock (CS) - Employee Stock Compensation (Regulatory capital rule treatment – CET1)**

If applicable, report the carrying amount of common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC,

line item 24 issued as part of an ESOP and included in equity capital on the balance sheet. Include increases and decreases in APIC attributable to the amortization of employee stock compensation and any changes in APIC, treasury or common stock as a result of the actual issuance of common stock for employee stock compensation.

**Line Item 61 CS Warrants (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants to issue common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 and included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 62 CS USG Investment (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report the carrying amount of warrants issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury to purchase common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 of the reporting institution that is included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

**Line Item 63 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, report capital instruments issued by a fully consolidated subsidiary of the reporting institution to a third-party investor that qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 4. To qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital, the capital instruments must be issued by a depository institution or a foreign bank that is a consolidated subsidiary of a banking organization.

**Line Item 64 Other Common Equity Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

Report as defined in the regulatory capital rule.

**Line Item 65 Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (NCPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of NCPP stock and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, and any other capital instrument and related surplus that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 66 NCPP Convertible (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of NCPP Convertible securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 67 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 68 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury by Banks that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 3.

**Line Item 69 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of tier 1 minority interest not included in common equity tier 1 capital that is includable at the consolidated level as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 22. For tier 1 minority interest, there is no requirement that the subsidiary be a depository institution or a foreign bank. However, the instrument that gives rise to additional tier 1 minority interest must meet all the criteria for additional tier 1 capital instrument.

**Line Item 70 Other Additional Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 65 through 69 that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

**Line Item 71 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of CPP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 72 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 73 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 74 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of MCP USG Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 75 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 76 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of USG Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 77 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 1 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

Report the amount of all other capital instruments other than those included in line items 71 through 76 that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 78 Subordinated Debt (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report subordinated debt instruments that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39. Include instruments that were (i) issued under the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, or, prior to October 4, 2010, under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 and (ii) were included in the tier 2 capital nonqualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) under the OCC's general risk-based capital rules.

**Line Item 79 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of total capital minority interest not included in tier 1 capital, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 41.

**Line Item 80 Other Tier 2 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

Report all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 78 and 79, that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39.

In addition, report tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) that have been phased-out of tier 1 capital in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21.

For items 81 through 87, banks may include in regulatory capital debt or equity instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010, that do not meet the criteria for additional tier 1 or tier 2 capital instruments in 12 CFR 3.20 of the regulatory capital rules but that were included in tier 1 or tier 2 capital respectively as of September 12, 2010 (non-qualifying capital instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010) up to the percentage of the outstanding principal amount of such non-qualifying capital instruments as of January 1, 2014, in Schedule RC-R, item 21.

**Line Item 81 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 28) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 82 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

If applicable, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred instruments that were included in tier 2

capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 83 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of MCP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 84 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 85 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 86 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

**Line Item 87 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 2 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

Report the amount of all capital instruments other than the ones included in items 81 through 86 that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

***Capital Balances***

**Line Item 88 Common Stock (CS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report

(1) "Common Stock" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24, provided it meets the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital based on the regulatory capital rules of the OCC. Include capital instruments issued by mutual banking organizations that meet the criteria for common equity tier 1 capital;

(2) PLUS: "Surplus" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 25;

(3) LESS: "Other equity capital components" as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 26(c); and

(4) LESS: "Issuances associated with the U.S. Department of Treasury Capital Purchase Program: Warrants to Purchase Common Stock," if applicable.

Line 88 should exclude amounts reported in line 89 as described below.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 1, 2, 30, 31, 59, 60 and actual as-of date item 88. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 1, 2, 30, 31, 59, 60 and the prior projection period's item 88.

**Line Item 89 CS Warrants (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the carrying amount of warrants to issue common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 and included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 3, 32, 61 and actual as-of date item 89. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 3, 32, 61 and the prior projection period's item 89.

**Line Item 90 CS USG Investment (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the carrying amount of warrants issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury to purchase common stock as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 24 of the reporting institution that is included in equity capital on the balance sheet.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 4, 33, 62, and actual as-of date item 90. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 4, 33, 62 and the prior projection period's item 90.

**Line Item 91 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

If applicable, for the actual as-of date, report capital instruments issued by a fully consolidated subsidiary of the reporting institution to a third-party investor that qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 4). To qualify for inclusion in common equity tier 1 capital, the capital instruments must be issued by a depository institution or a foreign bank that is a consolidated subsidiary of a banking organization.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 5, 34, 63 and actual as-of date item 91. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 5, 34, 63 and the prior projection period's item 91.

**Line Item 92 Other Common Equity Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Common Equity Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report as defined in the regulatory capital rule.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 6, 35, 64 and actual as-of date item 92. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 6, 35, 64 and the prior projection period's item 92.

**Line Item 93 Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (NCPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of NCPP stock and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, and any other capital instrument and related surplus that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 7, 36, 65 and actual as-of date item 93. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 7, 36, 65 and the prior projection period's item 93.

**Line Item 94 NCPP Convertible (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of NCPP Convertible securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 8, 37, 66 and actual as-of date item 94. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 8, 37, 66 and the prior projection period's item 94.

**Line Item 95 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of MCP securities and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC, line item 23, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 9, 38, 67 and actual as-of date item 95. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 9, 38, 67 and the prior projection period's item 95.

**Line Item 96 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of MCP securities issued to the U.S. Department of Treasury by Banks that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 10, 39, 68 and actual as-of date item 96. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 10, 39, 68 and the prior projection period's item 96.

**Line Item 97 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

If applicable, for the actual as-of date, report the amount of tier 1 minority interest not included in common equity tier 1 capital that is includable at the consolidated level as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 22. For tier 1 minority interest, there is no requirement that the subsidiary be a depository institution or a foreign bank. However, the instrument that gives rise to additional tier 1 minority interest must meet all the criteria for additional tier 1 capital instrument.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 11, 40, 69 and actual as-of date item 97. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 11, 40, 69 and the prior projection period's item 97.

**Line Item 98 Other Additional Tier 1 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Additional Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 93 through 97, that satisfy all the additional tier 1 criteria in 12 CFR 3.20(c) of

the regulatory capital rules of the OCC.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 12, 41, 70 and actual as-of date item 98. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 12, 41, 70 and the prior projection period's item 98.

**Line Item 99 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 13, 42, 71 and actual as-of date item 99. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 13, 42, 71 and the prior projection period's item 99.

**Line Item 100 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

If applicable, for the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 14, 43, 72 and actual as-of date item 100. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 14, 43, 72 and the prior projection period's item 100.

**Line Item 101 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

**Line Item 102 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of MCP USG Preferred securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 16, 45, 74 and actual as-of date item 102. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 16, 45, 74 and the prior projection period's item 102. For the actual as-of date, report the amount of MCP securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 15, 44, 73 and actual as-of date item 101. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 15, 44, 73 and the prior projection period's item 101.

**Line Item 103 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment –**



**Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 17, 46, 75 and actual as-of date item 103. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 17, 46, 75 and the prior projection period's item 103.

**Line Item 104 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of USG Preferred TRUPS securities that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 18, 47, 76 and actual as-of date item 104. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 18, 47, 76 and the prior projection period's item 104.

**Line Item 105 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 1 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 1)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of all other capital instruments other than those included in line items 99 through 104 that were included in tier 1 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 19, 48, 77 and actual as-of date item 105. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 19, 48, 77 and the prior projection period's item 105.

**Line Item 106 Subordinated Debt (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report subordinated debt instruments that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 27. Include instruments that were (i) issued under the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, or, prior to October 4, 2010, under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 and (ii) were included in the tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) under the OCC's general risk-based capital rules.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 20, 49, 78 and actual as-of date item 106. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 20, 49, 78 and the prior projection period's item 106.

**Line Item 107 Capital Instrument Issued by Subsidiary (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

If applicable, for the actual as-of date, report the amount of total capital minority interest not included in tier 1 capital, as defined in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 41.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 21, 50, 79 and actual as-of date item 107. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as

the sum of current projection period items 21, 50, 79 and the prior projection period's item 107.

**Line Item 108 Other Tier 2 Instruments (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report all other capital instruments, other than those included in line items 106 and 107, that satisfy all eligibility criteria under the regulatory capital rules of the OCC and related surplus included in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 39.

In addition, report tier 2 capital non-qualifying capital instruments (e.g., TruPS and CPP) that have been phased-out of tier 1 capital in the Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 21.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 22, 51, 80 and actual as-of date item 108. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 22, 51, 80 and the prior projection period's item 108.

For items 109 through 115, banks may include in regulatory capital debt or equity instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010, that do not meet the criteria for additional tier 1 or tier 2 capital instruments in 12 CFR 3.20 of the regulatory capital rules but that were included in tier 1 or tier 2 capital, respectively as of September 12, 2010 (non-qualifying capital instruments issued prior to September 12, 2010) up to the percentage of the outstanding principal amount of such non-qualifying capital instruments as of January 1, 2014, in Schedule RC-R, item 21.

**Line Item 109 Cumulative Perpetual Preferred (CPP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 23, 52, 81 and actual as-of date item 109. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 23, 52, 81 and the prior projection period's item 109.

**Line Item 110 CPP TARP Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

If applicable, for the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP TARP Preferred instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 24, 53, 82 and actual as-of date item 110. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 24, 53, 82 and the prior projection period's item 110.

**Line Item 111 Mandatory Convertible Preferred (MCP) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of MCP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 25, 54,

83 and actual as-of date item 111. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 25, 54, 83 and the prior projection period's item 111.

**Line Item 112 MCP USG Preferred (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 26, 55, 84 and actual as-of date item 112. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 26, 55, 84 and the prior projection period's item 112.

**Line Item 113 Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of Cumulative Dated Preferred (TRUPS) instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 27, 56, 85 and actual as-of date item 113. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 27, 56, 85 and the prior projection period's item 113.

**Line Item 114 USG Preferred TRUPS (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of CPP instruments that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 28, 57, 86 and actual as-of date item 114. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 28, 57, 86 and the prior projection period's item 114.

**Line Item 115 Other Non-qualifying Instruments in Tier 2 (Regulatory capital rule treatment – Non-qualifying Instrument in Tier 2)**

For the actual as-of date, report the amount of all capital instruments other than the ones included in line items 109 through 114 that were included in tier 2 capital (Call Report Schedule RC-R, Part I, line item 40) and outstanding as of January 1, 2014, and that are subject to phase out.

For projection period PQ1, the item is calculated as the sum of projection period PQ1 items 29, 58, 87 and actual as-of date item 115. For projection periods PQ2 through PQ9, the item is calculated as the sum of current projection period items 29, 58, 87 and the prior projection period's item 115.

**Line Item 116 Cash dividends declared on preferred stock**

Report planned cash dividends declared on preferred stock, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A, line item 8. [This item should be reported on a quarter to date basis.](#)

**Line Item 117 Cash dividends declared on common stock**

Report planned cash dividends declared on common stock, as defined in the Call Report, Schedule RI-A, line item 9. This item should be reported on a quarter-to-date basis.

**Line Item 118 Common shares outstanding (Millions)**

If applicable, report the number of common shares outstanding at the time dividends on common stock are declared such that line item 119 reflects the bank's planned quarterly distribution of common dividends per share.

**Line Item 119 Common dividends per share (\$)**

If applicable, report the bank's intended quarterly distribution in common dividends per share.

**Line Item 120 Common equity tier 1 capital ratio:**

Not collected by the OCC in this schedule.

**Line item 121 Tier 1 capital ratio:**

Not collected by the OCC in this schedule.

**Line Item 122 Total capital ratio:**

Not collected by the OCC in this schedule.

**Line Item 123 Net income:**

Not collected by the OCC in this schedule.

## ***OPERATIONAL RISK SCHEDULE***

### **Legal Reserves Reporting**

The Legal Reserves Reporting worksheet must be completed by all institutions. For each year, report the total dollar values of the institution's legal reserve balance, representing the total legal reserve balance that was included on the institution's financial statements as of December 31. The bank's initial submission should contain annual legal reserve balances for at least five years through the reporting quarter.

On a voluntary basis, report the total dollar value of the institution's legal reserves pertaining to repurchase litigation which was included on the institution's financial statements as part of the total legal reserve on the as-of date. Also please indicate the subset of this amount that is related only to contractual R&W claims, (excluding any amounts set aside for damages, penalties, and fees).

### **Material Risk Identification**

In the table in the report form, provide a list of the bank's material operational risks included in the Bank Baseline and Bank Stress Operational Risk loss projections. The table should also include the line of business impact and the methodology used to estimate losses. Also under Section B, list any material risks that were excluded from loss projections.

Material operational risks are those which are considered material according to the Bank's risk management framework. Also identify any material risks that were excluded from the loss projections.

Column Definitions:

**Material Operational Risk Name:** The risks identified and managed with the greatest potential to impede the accomplishment of business objectives according to the bank's risk management framework. The risks which could result in losses of significant negative impact on the bank's overall condition impacting the bank's financial stability or achievement of strategic goals.

**Brief Description:** Provide a brief description of the material operational risk.

**Business Line:** Name of the business line impacted by the material operational risk. If the risk applies to all lines of business, report the business line as "Bank-Wide".

**Loss Estimation Methodology:** Methodology used to estimate the operational risk losses for the risk listed (for example, scenario analysis, historical data, regression model, etc.

**Bank Baseline Projection Amount – 9 Quarter Loss Projection:** The dollar contribution to the operational loss estimate for each material risk listed under the Bank Baseline Scenario in millions.

**Bank Stress Projection Amount – 9 Quarter Loss Projection:** The dollar contribution to the operational loss estimate for each material risk listed under Bank Stress Scenario in millions.

### **Operational Risk Scenarios**

In the table in the report form, provide a list of the Bank's Operational Risk scenarios included in the Bank Baseline and Bank Stress Operational Risk loss projections including the operational risk scenario name and loss contribution for each operational risk scenario. Note the methodology for applying scenario results to the loss projections, such as model inputs, overlays, or other methods.

**Operational Risk Scenario Name:** A brief description of each operational risk scenario with the bank assigned name which may be the same as the material risk the scenario represents.

**Operational Risk Bank Baseline 9 Quarter Projection:** The dollar contribution to the operational loss estimate for the Bank Baseline Scenario.

**Operational Risk Bank Stress 9 Quarter Projection:** The dollar contribution to the operational loss estimate for the Bank Stress Scenario.

## ***BUSINESS PLAN CHANGES***

The OCC will not require the submission of the Business Plan Change reporting form for the 2023~~2~~ DFAST submission. Banks should continue to describe and provide information for business plan changes in the supporting documentation.

## ***COLLECTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL CECL INFORMATION***

This schedule is only to be completed one-time by banks that have adopted ASU 2016-13. If a bank plans to adopt ASU 2016-13 in the first quarter of the year immediately following the as of date, then the bank should report this schedule on the as of date. For example, if a bank will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the first quarter of 2020, then it should report this schedule with its report as of December 31, 2019. If a bank will not adopt ASU 2016-13 until the second through fourth quarters of 2020, then the bank should report this schedule with its report as of December 31, 2021

### **Item 1 First Quarter of CECL Adoption**

Report as a date the first quarter in which the actual or projected values for the DFAST-14A incorporate the adoption of CECL. For example, if PQ4 is the first quarter that incorporates the adoption of CECL, report the quarter end date for that PQ. If the actual values (i.e., not projected) values incorporate the adoption of CECL, report the as of date of the DFAST-14A filing.

### **Item 2 Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provisions**

An institution may elect to use the transition provisions associated with CECL, as provided in section 301 of the regulatory capital rules. Such an institution may begin applying the transition provisions as of the institution's CECL adoption date. An electing banking organization must indicate in its Call Report its election to use the transition provisions, by reporting the amounts in the affected line items of the regulatory capital schedule, adjusted for the transition provisions. For purposes of this item, banks should report the effects of electing the transition provisions associated with CECL using the CECL, DTA, and adjusted allowance for credit losses (AACL) transitional amounts (collectively, "day one effect"), and not the modified CECL and modified AACL transitional amounts as provided in section 301 of the regulatory capital rules. See the instructions for the Call Report for more information on the transition provisions.

An institution that has adopted CECL should report whether it is using transition provisions associated with CECL, as defined in section 301 of the regulatory capital rule. The institution can choose from the following entries: 0=No; 1 = 3-year CECL Transition; 2 = 5-year 2020 CECL Transition. An institution that has not adopted CECL should not complete item 2.

For items 2a through 2e, banks should report the day one transition provision amount that is added back to regulatory capital in year one. For example, for item 2a, banks should report the portion of the CECL transitional amount, as provided in section 301 of the regulatory capital rule that is added back to retained earnings for regulatory capital purposes in year one.

### **Item 2a Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provisions: Retained Earnings**

An institution that will elect or has elected to apply transition provisions associated with CECL must provide the day one effect transition provisions on retained earnings. An institution that will not

elect or has elected not to apply transition provisions associated with CECL must enter 0 in this item.

**Item 2b Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provision: DTAs from Temporary Differences**

An institution that will elect or has elected to apply the transition provisions must provide the day one effect of the transition provisions on DTAs from temporary differences. An institution that will not elect or has elected not to apply the transition provisions must enter 0 in this item.

**Item 2c Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provisions: Credit Loss Allowances Eligible for Inclusion in Regulatory Capital**

An institution that will elect to or has elected to apply the transition provisions must provide the day one effect of the transition provisions on credit loss allowances eligible for inclusion in regulatory capital. An institution that will not elect or has elected not to apply the transition provisions must enter 0 in this item.

**Item 2d Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provisions: Average Total Consolidated Assets**

An institution that will elect to or has elected to apply the transition provisions must provide the day one effect of the transition provision on average total consolidated assets. An institution that will not elect or has elected not to apply the transition provisions must enter 0 in this item.

**Item 2e Institutions Applying CECL Transition Provision: Total Leverage Exposure**

An institution that is subject to the supplementary leverage ratios and that will elect or has elected to apply the transition provisions must provide the day one effect of the transition provisions on total leverage exposure. An institution that will not elect or has elected not to apply the transition provisions must enter 0 in this item.

**Item 3 Adoption of Current Expected Credit Loss Methodology: ASC Topic 326**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report in this item the cumulative-effect adjustment for the changes in the allowances for credit losses, net of any related deferred tax assets, recognized in retained earnings as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under CECL in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. For example, if an institution will adopt ASU 2016-13 in 2020, the institution would report this item as if it had adopted CECL as-of December 31, 2019. Exclude from this line item the gross up amounts of purchased credit-impaired assets to purchased credit-deteriorated assets. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 4 Allowances for Credit Losses Recognized Upon the Acquisition of Purchased Credit-Deteriorated Assets**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report in this item, as a positive number, the initial allowance for credit losses recognized on purchased credit-deteriorated assets as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under CECL in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. For example, if an institution will adopt ASU 2016-13 in 2020, the institution would report this item as if it had adopted CECL as-of December 31, 2019. This item is applicable both in the DFAST-14A submission prior to the year in which an institution adopts ASU 2016-13 and in any subsequent

periods in which an institution acquires purchased credit-deteriorated assets. For those subsequent periods, an institution should report an amount in this line item only in the reporting period in which the purchased credit-deteriorated assets have been acquired. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 5 Effect of Adoption of Current Expected Credit Losses Methodology on Allowances for Credit Losses on Loans and Leases Held for Investment and Held-to-Maturity Debt Securities**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report in this item the change in the amount of allowances from initially applying ASU 2016-13 to these two categories of assets as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under CECL in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL, including the initial allowance gross-up for any purchased credit-deteriorated assets held as of the effective date. For example, if an institution will adopt ASU 2016-13 in 2020, the institution would report this item as if it had adopted CECL as-of December 31, 2019. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 6 Total Allowance for Credit Losses**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report the total allowance for credit losses, as well as sub-items 6.a., 6.b, and 6.c, as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under CECL in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. For example, if an institution will adopt ASU 2016-13 in 2020, the institution would report items 6, 6.a, 6.b, and 6.c as if it had adopted CECL as-of December 31, 2019. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 6a Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans and Leases Held for Investment**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under CECL in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 6b Allowance for Credit Losses on Held to Maturity Securities**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report the allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity debt securities as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under 2016-13 in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.

**Item 6c Allowance for Credit Losses on Available for Sale Securities**

An institution that will adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should report the allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities as if the institution had measured its credit loss allowances under 2016-13 in the December 31 as of date of the year prior to when it first adopts CECL. An institution that will not adopt ASU 2016-13 in the year immediately following the December 31 as of date should leave this line item blank.



## **APPENDIX A: SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION**

For each part of the Summary Schedule, Banks must submit supporting documentation that clearly describes the methodology used to produce the Bank's projections. The OCC expects banks will provide the most material supporting documentation via BankNet at the time of submission with other documentation available upon request. The supporting documentation should include the following:

### **A. Documentation on DFAST Integrity Controls**

Banks must submit written procedures, and/or other documentation, that outlines internal controls and processes used to ensure the accuracy of the DFAST-14A submissions and quarterly Call Reports. This documentation should also list any management self-identified weaknesses or control deficiencies in the preparation and submission of regulatory reports.

### **B. Documentation on Model Inventory**

Banks must provide a comprehensive inventory of models used in the projection of losses, revenues, expenses, balances, RWAs, and the status of validation/independent review for each. The inventory or list of models should be organized around the DFAST-14A line items. The documentation should clearly map each model/methodology listed in the inventory to a specific product or line item in the DFAST-14A schedules. In addition, each model description should include details of any model overlays or driver-based tools and should quantify how the model outcome changes when the overlay/driver-based tool is applied.

The inventory should identify, at a minimum, the name of the model, model owner, model output and intended use (i.e., model purpose), and dates of completed or planned validation activities. The model inventory also should include *significant* end-user computing (EUC) applications that support projections of losses, revenues, expenses, balances, and RWAs. EUCs include spreadsheets, databases, and desktop applications (e.g., queries/scripts).

### **C. Documentation on Summary Schedule**

- Submit documentation that clearly describes the methodology used to produce the Bank's projections for each part of the Summary Schedule.
- Describe how the Bank translated the macroeconomic factors (or market shock for the Trading and Counterparty Risk sections) associated with the scenario into the Bank's projections and technical details of any underlying statistical methods used.
- Provide information on model validation and independent review.
- Where judgment is an essential part of the forecast, include documentation that demonstrates rationale and magnitude, as well as the process involved to ensure consistency of projections with scenario conditions.

- Include thorough discussion of any material deviations from the instructions and how the materiality of such deviations was decided upon.
- Additional information to be included in the documentation is described below and in more detail in each section of the schedule instructions.
- When submitting supporting documentation for Schedule A – Summary, provide each response in a separate document.

#### **D. Documentation on Model Risk Management**

Banks should include in their submission their model risk management policies, which should provide the Bank's general framework for model development, implementation and use; model validation, and governance policies and controls (consistent with supervisory guidance on model risk management), including oversight by specifying criteria and controls across various stages of the model lifecycle (Identification; Inventory/ Tracking; Development and Documentation; Independent Validation; Approval for Implementation; Ongoing monitoring; Model Retirement).

#### **E. Documentation of Risk Measurement Practices**

Submissions should include documentation of key risk identification and measurement practices supporting Bank-wide stress testing. Bank submissions should also include internal documentation describing the Bank's framework for development, calibration, estimation, validation, oversight, and escalation of key risk identification and measurement practices.

#### **F. Methodology Documentation**

Banks should include in their submissions thorough documentation that describes and makes transparent key methodologies and assumptions for performing stress testing on their portfolios. This documentation should describe how the Bank translated the macroeconomic factors (or market shock for the Trading and Counterparty Risk sections) associated with the scenario into the Bank's projections and technical details of any underlying statistical methods used, including information on model validation and independent review. Where judgment is an essential part of the projection, the methodology documentation should demonstrate the rationale and magnitude, as well as the process involved to ensure consistency of projections with scenario conditions. Methodology documentation should include, at a minimum, the following documents:

##### **Methodology and Process Overview**

Banks should provide documentation that describes key methodologies, processes, and assumptions for performing stress testing on the Bank's portfolios, business, and performance drivers. Documentation should clearly describe the model-development process, the derivation of outcomes, and validation procedures, as well as assumptions concerning the evolution of balance sheet and RWAs under the scenarios, changing business strategies, and other impacts to a Bank's risk profile. Supporting documentation should clearly describe any known model weaknesses.

##### **Model Technical Documents**

Banks should submit model technical documentation for key models used to perform stress testing on the Bank's portfolios. The documentation should include:

- A description of the model methodology;

- An explanation of the theory, logic, and design underlying the model methodology and support from published research and sound industry practice;
- A discussion of historical data set construction, including data sources, adjustments to the data set, and documentation validating the use of any external data;
- The rationale for portfolio segmentation and a discussion on how a particular methodology and model captures the key characteristics and the unique risk drivers of each portfolio;
- Description of model selection and specification, variable choice, and estimation methodology, including the statistical results used to arrive at the selected model;
- Analysis of the model output, including the congruence of inputs with the assumed economic scenario, the justification of any qualitative adjustment, along with the statistical analysis used to support the model output; and
- Model inventory log specifying the model's version, the date of model approval, the date of its last revision, its intended use, the name of its model owner and developer, the model's priority, the date of the model's last independent validation, and the date of the model's next expected independent validation.

If third-party models are used, the documentation should describe how the model was constructed, validated, and any known limitations of the model. Documentation should clearly describe assumptions concerning new growth and changes to credit policy. Supporting documentation should transparently describe internal governance around the development of comprehensive capital plans. Documentation should demonstrate that senior management has provided the board of directors with sufficient information to facilitate the board's full understanding of the stress testing used by the Bank.

### **Model Validation and Independent Review**

Models employed by Banks (either developed internally or supplied by a vendor) should be independently validated or otherwise reviewed in line with model risk management expectations presented in existing supervisory guidance, including OCC Bulletin 2011-12. Institutions should provide model validation documentation on the following elements: conceptual soundness, inputs, transparency, implementation, reporting, model robustness and limitations, use of expert judgment, exception reports, outcomes analysis (backtesting and/or benchmarking) and qualitative adjustments.

Validation documentation should include the Bank's assessment of the vulnerability of their models to error, an understanding of any of their other limitations, and consideration of the risk to the Bank should estimates based on those models prove materially inaccurate. Specifically, validation reviews should examine the efficacy of model use in both base case and stress scenarios. While the use of existing risk measurement models and processes provides a useful reference point for considering stress scenario potential loss estimates, validation efforts should consider whether these processes generate outputs that are relevant in a stressful scenario or if the use of models should be supplemented with other data elements and alternative methodologies. To the extent available, the above items should also be provided for any vendor supplied models used by the Bank, along with any third-party validation documentation available for the vendor supplied model.

Within this methodology documentation, Banks should provide credible support for all assumptions used to derive loss estimates, including assumptions related to the components of loss, severity of loss, and any known weaknesses in the translation of assumptions into loss estimates. Banks should

demonstrate that these assumptions are clearly conditioned on the stated macroeconomic scenario, are consistent with stated business strategies and reflect the competitive environment of each business line. If bank-specific assumptions (other than broad macroeconomic assumptions) are used, also describe these assumptions and how they relate to reported projections. If the Bank models rely upon historical relationships, provide the historical data and clearly describe why these relationships are expected to be maintained in each scenario. The impact of assumptions concerning new growth or changes to credit policy on forecasted loss estimates relative to historical performance should be clearly documented.

While judgment is an essential part of risk measurement and risk management, including for loss forecasting, Banks should not be over-reliant on judgment to prepare their loss estimations without providing documentation or evidence of transparency and discipline around the process. Banks should adequately support their judgments and should ensure that judgments are in line with scenario conditions. Banks should be consistently conservative in the assumptions they make to arrive at loss rates. Where appropriate, documentation should quantify the impact of qualitative adjustments from modeled output.

Furthermore, within this methodology documentation, Banks should include a thorough discussion of any material deviations from the instructions and how the materiality of such deviations was decided upon.

Additional information to be included in the methodology documentation is described in more detail in sections below.

### **Consolidated Pro Forma Financials Methodology**

Banks should submit documentation that describes (1) how the various balance sheet and income statement line items were developed and reported, (2) the specific assumptions used to calculate regulatory capital, including a discussion of any proposed capital distributions, and (3) any other information necessary to understand the Bank's capital calculations (e.g., calculations related to the projections of deferred tax assets or servicing assets that may be disallowed for regulatory capital purposes). Additional information to be provided as part of this documentation is outlined in section A.1 below for the DFAST-14A Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and Capital sub-schedules.

### **Governance**

Banks should include in their submission supporting documentation that transparently describes internal governance around the development of stress testing models and methodologies, and discuss how the stress testing methodologies have been implemented in the Bank's existing firm-wide risk management practices. Furthermore, documentation should include a discussion of the stress testing outcomes in terms of the nature of the portfolio and the modeled scenario. The Bank should demonstrate that senior management provided the board of directors with sufficient information to facilitate the board's full understanding of the stress testing used by the firm for capital planning purposes and allow for the appropriate level of challenge of assumptions and outcomes.

## **G. Documentation on Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and Capital**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for the Income Statement and Balance Sheet should be submitted in following folder: **PPNR**. Supporting documents for the Capital sub-schedule should be submitted in the following folder: **Capital Planning**.

Banks should submit supporting documentation that clearly describes the methodologies used to make the loss, reserve change, and revenue projections that underlie the pro forma projections of equity capital. You may submit separate documents for different models/methodologies. The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_CAPITAL\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different models and/or methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_CAPITAL\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

Model Type refers to the type of capital model.

Each Bank should include in its supporting documentation a clear description of how the various balance sheet and income statement line items were reported.

Provide information on the specific assumptions used to calculate regulatory capital, including a discussion of any proposed capital distributions. When appropriate, clearly state assumptions related to the corporate tax rate and the evolution of the deferred tax assets. In situations where the Bank chooses not to project components of the balance sheet, those components should be held constant at the last current level and the Bank should explain why the zero delta assumption is appropriate in the given scenario.

Banks should submit any other information and documentation necessary to support or understand its capital calculations. Where applicable, Banks should link the additional supporting documentation to the Summary Memo of Capital Methodology and Assumptions and the Capital worksheet.

## **H. Documentation on Retail**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Retail**.

Banks should submit separate documentation for their retail-related projections. The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_RETAIL\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different models and/or methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_RETAIL\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

Model Type refers to the type of Retail model. Documentation should be submitted for all aspects of the retail portfolio, including purchased credit impaired loans and mortgage repurchase risk. Mortgage repurchase documentation should include descriptions of all important assumptions made in each scenario, including, but not limited to, assumptions about legal process outcomes and counterparty behavior. All retail documentation should include documentation of assumptions, governance, validation and independent review as outlined in the Supporting Documentation section of the Overview.

**I. Documentation on Wholesale**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Wholesale**.

Banks should submit separate documentation for their Wholesale (Corporate and CRE) loan balances and loss projections. The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_WHOLESALE\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_ WHOLESALE\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

Model Type refers to the type of Wholesale model.

Banks should include supporting documentation that describes the key methodologies and assumptions for performing stress testing on each wholesale portfolio. Documentation should include an index of documents submitted, a general overview document providing a broad summary of the stress testing methodologies utilized, and detailed supporting documentation that clearly describes the model development process, the derivation of outcomes, and validation procedures as outlined below. The methodologies' formulaic specification, assumptions, numerical techniques, and approximations should be explained in detail with particular attention to both their merits and limitations.

Specifically, documentation should include:

- Discussion of historical data set construction, including data sources, adjustments to the data set, and documentation validating the use of any external data.
- Time period of model calibration.
- Rationale for portfolio segmentation and a discussion on how a particular methodology and model captures the key characteristics and the unique risk drivers.
- A description of how the loss estimates appropriately capture the severity of the macroeconomic scenario, reflecting both industry and borrower characteristics.

Documentation should include a justification for explanatory variables selected, including coefficients from statistical models, measures of their statistical significance, and qualitative assessments where appropriate. Where relevant, descriptive statistics, including their mean, median, minimum, maximum, and standard deviation should be outlined.

- Step-by-step examples of loss calculation, including a transparent breakdown of all components of forecasted loss (i.e., probability of default, severity of loss, exposure at default) and how each component is adjusted for the given macroeconomic scenario.
- Discussion of how losses were distributed to each quarter in the forecasted period as it relates to changes in the macroeconomic factors within the modeled scenario.
- Qualitative or quantitative adjustment to main model output. Banks should perform pre-adjustment/post-adjustment loss analysis and supply that analysis for material disparity.

Where the current total balances in the wholesale line items do not tie directly to the corresponding category on the Call Report, Banks should provide a reconciliation which accounts for all wholesale balances. To the extent that loss projection line items include the consolidation of various loan portfolios which have different risk characteristics, supporting documentation should break out the relevant sub-portfolio losses. Furthermore, Banks should provide supporting documentation and forecasts for any wholesale loan portfolios acquired after the beginning quarter of the stress scenario and/or for loans covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC.

#### **J. Documentation on Loans HFS and Loans Under FVO**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Wholesale** or **Retail**.

Banks should submit separate documentation for their FVO and HFS retail and wholesale loans. The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_FVOHFS\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different models and/or methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_FVOHFS\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

The documentation should include:

- Total loss and outstanding fair market value balances segmented by Commercial/Wholesale, Commercial Real Estate and Retail along with explanation as to the main drivers of loss for each category noted above;
- The amount of funded and non-funded commitments for wholesale loans and for retail loans. Please include the average amount of loans that had been rejected or were not in conformance with agency standards;
- An attestation to completeness: describe the process and governance & oversight for ensuring the full set of positions were accounted for and included;
- Instances where different methodologies were used across different business lines with like

- assets;
- Where judgment was used in defining and allocating exposure;
- Where shocks were used that differed from prescribed shocks;
- Approach and asset coverage under these approaches;
- Any additional broadening or simplification of the scenario done to get the requisite amount of granularity needed to run to scenario,

## **K. Documentation on AFS/HTM Securities**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **AFS HTM**.

The supporting document should be titled:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_SECURITIES\_METHODODOLOGY\_YMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_SECURITIES\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YMMDD.**

Starting from 2020 DFAST cycle, institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13 should continue to submit supporting documentation on their OCI and OTTI projections; institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13 should submit supporting documentations on their OCI, expected credit loss and provision projections. Documentation should include documentation of methodologies/models, assumptions, governance, validation and independent review as outlined in the Supporting Documentation section of the Overview. An institution may submit separate documents for different models and/or methodologies.

The documentation should, at a minimum, address the questions outlined below by major product/portfolio type (e.g., non-agency RMBS, CMBS, auto ABS, corporate bonds, etc.).

### **Projected OTTI for AFS Securities and HTM Securities by CUSIP OTTI Methodology<sup>21</sup>**

- Describe the model/methodology used to develop stressed OTTI losses. Please state whether a vendor or proprietary model was used.
- If a vendor model was used, please provide the name of the vendor model. If a vendor model was used, has the Bank independently reviewed the vendor model?
- What data source(s) was used to estimate the model?
- What were the key inputs/variables and how were these determined? (e.g., how were default, severity, and other elements determined? What were the key inputs in determining default, severity, and other elements? What were the key assumptions and how were these assumptions determined?)
- If using a cash flow model, was a vendor or proprietary model used? If using a vendor model,

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<sup>21</sup> The request for information associated with OTTI methodology will be eliminated upon full adoption of ASU 2016-13.



please provide the name of the vendor and model.

- How did the model/methodology (whether vendor or proprietary) incorporate macroeconomic assumptions?
- If relevant, how were macroeconomic assumptions (as prescribed under the supervisory stress scenario) used to determine projected collateral default and severity?
- Were all securities reviewed for impairment? If not, describe the rationale, decision rule, or filtering process.
- If the threshold for determining OTTI on structured products was based on a loss coverage multiple, describe the multiple used.
- If OTTI was estimated for multiple quarters, describe the process for determining OTTI in each period of the forecast time horizon.
- Is the Bank using shortcuts or rules of thumb to recognize the OTTI charges for this analysis or going through the Bank's normal process for recognizing OTTI charges? If using shortcuts or rules of thumb, state how this process differs from the normal process for recognizing OTTI charges.

### **Fair Market Value Determination**

- If more than one third-party vendor is used as the principal pricing source for a given security, what are the criteria for determining the final price? (e.g., is a mean, median, weighting scheme or high/low price taken?) Is there a hierarchy of sources? If appropriate, describe responses by major product or portfolio type (e.g., non-agency RMBS, CMBS, Consumer ABS).
- If an internal model is used as the principal pricing source for a given security, are prices (from an internally created model) compared with third-party vendor prices? If so, which vendors are used? If prices are not compared with third-party vendors, state the reason. If appropriate, describe responses by major product/portfolio type (e.g., non-agency RMBS, CMBS, Consumer ABS).
- Describe any additional adjustments made to prices determined by internal model(s) and/or third parties. How is the ultimate price determined?
- If an internal model is used as the principal pricing source for a given security, what are the primary market pricing variables used for fair value estimation?
- Describe briefly the Bank's price validation and verification process. Provide readily available documentation related to the Bank's price validation and verification process.

### **Projected OCI and Fair Market Value for AFS Securities**

- Describe the model/methodology used to develop stressed OCI losses. If appropriate, describe responses by major product or portfolio type (e.g., non-agency RMBS, CMBS, Consumer ABS). State whether the same model was used to derive OTTI losses. If not, detail the specific model/methodology and rationale for utilizing a different model.
- Detail if a vendor or proprietary model was used. If a vendor model was used, provide the name of the vendor model. If a vendor model was used, has the Bank performed an independent review of the vendor model?
- What data source(s) was used to estimate the model?
- What were the key inputs/variables and how were these determined? (e.g., how were fair value losses, and other elements determined?) What were the key inputs in determining OCI loss and how were they determined?
- If using a cash flow model, was a vendor or proprietary model used? If using a vendor model, please provide the name of the vendor and model.

- How did the model/methodology (whether vendor or proprietary) incorporate macroeconomic assumptions? How were macroeconomic assumptions (as prescribed under the supervisory stress scenario) used to determine projected OCI?
- Were all securities reviewed for OCI? If not, describe the rationale, decision rule, or filtering process. If OCI was estimated for multiple quarters, describe the process for determining OCI in each period of the forecast time horizon.
- Is the Bank using shortcuts or rules of thumb to recognize the OCI charges for this analysis or going through the Bank's normal process for recognizing OCI charges? If using shortcuts or rules of thumb, state how this process differs from the normal process for recognizing OCI charges.

### **Expected Credit Loss and Provision for Credit Loss**

- Describe the models/methodologies used to estimate expected credit losses and provision by major product or portfolio type. Documentation should include descriptions of all important assumptions, in particular the scenario assumptions and development process for expected credit losses and provision.

### **L. Documentation on Trading**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Trading**.

The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_TRADING\_METHODODOLOGY\_YMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_TRADING\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YMMDD.**

- Documentation should include supporting details explaining the main drivers and attribution of loss for the overall trading and MTM loss estimate, and for each respective primary risk/business unit area details on the loss attribution by the primary risk factors.
- Documentation should provide a complete and technical definition of second and higher order risk factors (cross gamma, vanna, etc.) and describe the methods undertaken by the bank to estimate the cross gamma and higher-order effects.
- Estimate the contribution to total losses from higher-order risks.
- Describe the evolution of risk per each risk area two weeks before and after the submission date, i.e. make note of positions that may expire or terminate within this time frame that significantly alters a risk profile.
- Describe the process and governance & oversight for ensuring the full set of positions were accounted for and included.
- A detailed and technical description of modeling methods (including pricing models) used,
- Documentation should clearly make note of instances where different methodologies were used across different business lines with like assets.

- Document approach (e.g., full revaluation vs. grid based approach) and asset coverage under these approaches.
- Please identify those products or exposures where the bank used models or systems that were outside of the normal routine stress testing framework for the FRB stress scenario and indicate if they were reviewed or validated by an independent Model Review function.
- The decision-making used for allocating exposures according to risk area. Documentation should make note where judgment was used in defining and allocating exposure per each risk area.
- Where shocks were used that differed from prescribed shock.
- Describe any additional broadening or simplification of the scenario done to get the requisite amount of granularity needed to run the scenario.

## M. Documentation on Counterparty Credit Risk

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **CCR**.

The supporting document should be titled

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_CCR\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different models and/or methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_CCR\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

Model Type refers to CVA, CCR IDR, Trading IDR, and Other CCR Losses.

The documentation should include a detailed description of the methodologies used to estimate Trading IDR, CVA, and CCR IDR losses under the stress scenario as well as methodologies used to produce the data in the CCR schedule. All information relevant for supervisors to understand the approach should be included. Any differences between the bank and the scenarios in methodology, position capture, or other material elements of the loss modeling approach should be clearly described.

As part of the detailed methodology document, banks should provide an Executive Summary that gives an overview of each model and answers each of the questions below. If one of the questions below is not fully addressed in the Executive Summary, cite the page number(s) of the methodology document that fully addresses the question.

In addition to the Executive Summary, there should be a section of the methodology document devoted to any divergence from the instructions to the Counterparty Risk Worksheet or the Schedule. Use this section to explain any data that is missing or not provided as requested. This section should also be used to describe where and how judgment was used to interpret an instruction.

### 1. Data and systems

- a. What product types are included and excluded? Specifically, comment on whether equities are excluded and what types of securitized products, if any, are excluded. Comment on the materiality of any exclusions.
  - b. Are there any issuer type exclusions? Comment on the materiality of any exclusions.
  - c. Are there any exposure measurement or trade capture limitations impacting the Trading IDR loss estimate in Item 1 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE? If so, make sure to elaborate in the documentation, particularly where these limitations understate losses.
  - d. Are there any discrepancies in position capture between the MV and Notionals reported in Worksheets Corporate Credit-Advanced, Corporate Credit-EM, Sovereign Credit, Credit Correlation, or IDR- Corporate Credit? If so, elaborate on the discrepancies in the documentation.
  - e. Are any index or structured exposures decomposed/unbundled into single name exposures? If so, provide a description of the exposures that are decomposed and the methodology used.
  - f. What types of CVA hedges are included in Item 10 on the Trading Worksheet of the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE (e.g., market risk hedges, counterparty risk hedges)? Which, if any, of these hedges are excluded from the Trading IDR loss estimates (Item 1 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet of the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE)? Confirm that hedges modeled in Trading IDR are excluded from CCR IDR.
2. PD methodology
    - a. How is the severity of default risk treated? Is a stressed expected PD used, or is it an outcome in the tail of the default distribution? If an outcome in the tail is used, what is the tail percentile?
    - b. How is default risk represented over the horizon of the stress test? Is a cumulative two- year PD or a one-year PD used as a model input? How is migration risk captured?
    - c. What data sources and related time periods are used to generate the assumptions on stressed expected PD or the default distribution? In the documentation, provide a breakdown of PDs (e.g., by rating, asset category). Provide stressed PDs if a stressed PD is used, or provide PD inputs if an outcome in the tail is used.
  3. Correlation assumptions
    - a. What correlation assumptions are used in the Trading IDR models?
  4. LGD methodology
    - a. Do the models assume a static LGD or a stochastic LGD with a non-zero recovery rate volatility?
      - i. If a static LGD is used, were the mean LGDs stressed? What data sources and related time periods were used to determine the LGDs? In the methodology documentation, provide the relevant breakdown of LGDs used in the model (e.g., by ratings, assetcategory).
      - ii. If a stochastic LGD is used, elaborate on the assumptions generating the stochastic LGD in the documentation, including assumptions on the LGD mean and volatility and rationale for modeling choices.
  5. Liquidity horizon
    - a. What liquidity horizon assumptions are used?
  6. Exposure at default (EAD)
    - a. What Exposure at Default (EAD) is used for Trading IDR? For example, is the calculation based on actual issuer exposures, stressed exposures, a mix of both, or

something else? If exposures are stressed, please explain how the exposures were stressed.

7. Treatment of gains
  - a. Are any gains being reflected in the Trading IDR calculations? If so, elaborate in the documentation how gains are treated.

## CVA

1. Divergence from instructions
  - a. In the Summary Schedule, is liability-side CVA (i.e., DVA) included in any element of the submission? If so, elaborate in the documentation.
  - b. In the Summary Schedule, is bilateral CVA included in any element of the submission (i.e., CVA where the counterparty default probabilities are conditional on the survival of the bank)? If so, elaborate in the documentation.
  - c. Is there any place where CVA data is reported net of hedges on Item 2 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE?
2. Data and systems: In the documentation, clearly identify, describe, and comment on the materiality of any exclusions that prevent 100 percent capture of counterparties or trades. At a minimum, address the questions below and elaborate in the documentation where appropriate.
  - a. Are any counterparties excluded from the losses reported in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE (Item 2 in the Counterparty Risk Worksheet)? In the documentation, elaborate on the nature, materiality, and rationale for these exclusions.
  - b. Are any add-ons or alternative methodologies used to calculate stressed or unstressed CVA? Elaborate regarding the nature and rationale for each type of add-on in the documentation.
  - c. In calculating stressed CVA, are there occasions where it is assumed additional collateral has been collected after the shock? If so, provide detail, including the rationale, in the documentation.
  - d. Are there any additional/ offline CVA reserves? If so, elaborate about the nature of these reserves in the documentation. Explain what counterparties, counterparty types, or trade types are included, why are they calculated as reserves, and how they are stressed.
  - e. Is there any exposure measurement or product capture limitations impacting the loss estimate in Item 2 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE? If so, make sure to elaborate in the documentation, particularly where these limitations understate losses.
3. LGD methodology
  - a. For the LGD used to calculate PD, are market implied recovery rates used? If not, elaborate on the source of the LGD assumption in the methodology documentation.
  - b. Is the same recovery/LGD used in the CVA calculation as is used to calculate PDs from the CDS spread? If not, in the documentation provide a detailed rationale and backup data to support the use of a different LGD, and provide the source of the LGD used to calculate CVA.
4. Exposure at default (EAD)
  - a. What Margin Period of Risk (MPOR) assumptions are used for unstressed and stressed CVA?
  - b. Are collateral values stressed in the numbers reported in the CCR Schedule or Items 2 or 3 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE? If so, elaborate on the

- stress assumptions applied.
5. Application of shocks
    - a. Are the shocks applied to CVA (for calculating Item 2 in the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE) the same as those applied to the Trading Book (Item 10 in the Trading Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE)? Where they are different, or where shocks applied diverge from the OCC shock scenario, elaborate in the documentation.
    - b. Have the models for CVA been validated? If not, elaborate on the review process, if any.

## CCR IDR

1. Data and systems
  - a. Is there any exposure measurement or product capture limitations impacting the loss estimate in Item 3 on the Counterparty Risk Worksheet in the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE? If so, make sure to elaborate in the documentation, particularly where these limitations understate losses.
  - b. What types of CVA hedges are included in CCR IDR? Confirm that hedges modeled in CCR IDR were excluded from Trading IDR.
2. PD methodology
  - a. How is the severity of default risk treated? Is a stressed expected PD used, or is it an outcome in the tail of the default distribution? If an outcome in the tail is used, what is the tail percentile?
  - b. How is default risk represented over the horizon of the stress test? Is a cumulative two-year PD or a one-year PD used as a model input? How is migration risk captured?
  - c. What data sources and related time periods are used to generate the assumptions on stressed expected PD or the default distribution? In the documentation, provide a breakdown of PDs (e.g., by rating, counterparty type). Provide stressed PDs if a stressed PD is used, or provide PD inputs if an outcome in the tail is used.
3. Correlation assumptions
  - a. What correlation assumptions are used in the CCR IDR models?
4. LGD methodology
  - a. Do the models assume a static LGD or a stochastic LGD with a non-zero recovery rate volatility?
  - b. If a static LGD is used, are the mean LGDs stressed? What data sources and related time periods are used to determine the LGDs? In the methodology documentation, provide the relevant breakdown of LGDs used in the model (e.g., by ratings, counterparty type).
  - c. If a stochastic LGD is used, elaborate on the assumptions generating the stochastic LGD in the documentation, including assumptions on the LGD mean and volatility and rationale for modeling choices.
5. Liquidity horizon
  - a. What liquidity horizon assumptions are used?
6. Exposure at default (EAD)
  - a. Provide an overview of how EAD is modeled for CCR IDR.
  - b. Is any downgrade triggers assumed in the CCR IDR model? If so, elaborate in the documentation.
  - c. What Margin Period of Risk (MPOR) assumptions are modeled in CCR IDR?
7. Treatment of gains
  - a. Are any gains being reflected in the CCR IDR calculations? If so, elaborate in the documentation how gains are treated.

## **Other CCR Losses**

### **1. Data and Systems**

- a. What types of CCR losses are included in the "Other CCR Losses" Counterparty Risk Worksheet of the SUMMARY\_SCHEDULE? What are the loss amounts for each major category of "Other CCR Losses"? For any material losses, discuss the methodology and rationale in the documentation.

## **N. Documentation on Operational Risk**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Op Risk**.

The reporting institution should provide any supporting information including statistical results, data, summary tables, and additional descriptions in a separate document and cross reference the document to the respective question/item.

The supporting document should be titled:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_OP\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Banks may submit separate documents for different methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_OP\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

### **Documentation**

Generally, a Bank should have robust internal controls governing its operational risk loss projection methodology and process components, including sufficient documentation, model validation and independent review. Supporting documentation should cover all loss projection methodologies and processes. Adequate documentation includes comprehensive and clear operational risk management framework policies and procedures. For statistical models, adequate documentation includes specific delineation of all key assumptions for projecting operational losses under each scenario, a description of the underlying operational risk data used to determine projected losses and the approach for translating the data into loss projections. If a budgeting process was used, the Bank should describe the budgeting process and provide specific detail on how operational losses are estimated. Adequate documentation should also include a discussion of how pending litigation and reserves for litigation were incorporated into operational loss projections for all requested scenarios. The Bank should provide a description of the internal controls that ensure the integrity of reported results and demonstrate that all material changes to the process and its components are appropriately reviewed and approved.

## **O. Documentation on Pre-Provision Net Revenue (PPNR)**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **PPNR**.

The supporting document should be titled:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_PPNR\_METHODODOLOGY\_YMMDD.**

Separate documents may be submitted for different methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_PPNR\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YMMDD.**

Each methodological memo should clearly describe how a Bank approached the PPNR projection process and translated macro-economic factors into the reported projections.

**Projected Outcomes**

- 1) Provide an explanation summarizing the reasonableness of projected outcomes relative to the stated macroeconomic scenario, business profile, as well as regulatory and competitive environment. Especially in the more adverse scenario(s), include substantial supporting evidence for PPNR estimates materially exceeding recently realized values.
- 2) Banks should discuss linkages between PPNR projections and the balance sheet as well as other exposure assumptions used for related loss projections.
- 3) Include discussion of PPNR outcomes by component (i.e., Net Interest Income, Non-Interest Income, and Non-Interest Expense) and by major source of each component (e.g., by major balance/rate category, type of revenue/expense, and/or business activity).
- 4) Consideration should be given to how changes in regulation will impact the Bank's revenues and expenses over the projection period. The memo should include a section that addresses how recent or pending regulatory changes have impacted projected figures and business strategies and in which line items these adjustments are reflected.

**Models and Methodology**

- 1) The documentation should include a full list of all models and parameters used to generate projections of PPNR components for DFAST purposes and whether these models are also used as part of other existing processes (e.g., the business-as-usual budgeting and forecasting process). Where existing processes are leveraged, discuss how these are deemed appropriate for stress testing purposes, including any modifications that were necessary to fit a stressful scenario. Also discuss those items that are particularly challenging to project and identify limitations and weaknesses in the process.
- 2) Thorough discussion of use of management/expert judgment, including information about rationale and process involved in translation of macroeconomic scenario variables into projections of various PPNR components should be provided. Where a combination of a modeled approach and management judgment was used to project an item, quantify the impact of qualitative adjustments to modeled output.
- 3) Provide support for all key assumptions used to derive PPNR estimates, with a focus on the link of these assumptions to projected outcomes and whether the assumptions are



consistent with the stated macroeconomic scenario, regulatory and competitive environment as well as business strategies for each of the major business activities. Document the impact of assumptions concerning new growth, divestitures or other substantial changes in business profile on PPNR estimates. In cases where there is a high degree of uncertainty surrounding assumptions, discuss and reference sensitivity of projections to these assumptions. Also ensure that all relevant macroeconomic factors used for PPNR projections are also reported on the bank submitted Scenario Schedule.

- 4) In addition to broad macroeconomic assumptions that will guide the exercise, it is expected that more specific assumptions will be used by Banks in projections of PPNR, Including macro-economic factors other than those provided by the OCC as well as Bank specific assumptions. Such assumptions and their link to reported figures, standardized and/or Bank business segments and lines should be discussed in the methodology memo.
- 5) Where historical relationships are relied upon (e.g., ratios of compensation expense to total revenues), Banks are expected to document the historical data used and describe why these relationships are expected to hold true in each scenario.
- 6) Projecting future business outcomes inevitably relies on the identification of key relationships between business metrics and other explanatory variables. Key limitations and difficulties encountered by the Bank in the process to model these relationships should be identified and discussed in the memo.
- 7) Highlight changes in various aspects of Bank's PPNR forecasting models and methodology, primarily focusing on the changes that occurred since the last DFAST submission.

### **Projections Governance and Data**

- 1) Banks are asked to describe governance aspects for the PPNR projections development. This includes but is not limited to a description of:
  - a. The roles of business lines and management teams involved in the process
  - b. How the projections are generated. Particular attention should be given to how the Bank ensures that assumptions are consistent across different business line projections, how assumptions are translated into projections of revenue and expenses, and the process of aggregating and reporting the results.
  - c. Senior management's involvement in the process and the process in which the assumptions are vetted and challenged. Also note whether established policies and procedures are in place related to this process.
- 2) Also include a separate section devoted to any divergence from the instructions in completing the PPNR worksheets. Use this section to explain any data that is missing or not provided as requested. Use this section to discuss major instances where judgment was used to interpret PPNR instructions.
- 3) Highlight changes in various aspects of the Bank's PPNR forecasting governance and data, primarily focusing on the changes that occurred since the last DFAST submission.

### **Other**

- 1) Banks are also expected to address items requested in the Supporting Documentation portion of the Overview section (beginning on page 4) as applicable to PPNR if not already addressed per PPNR documentations guidance as stated above.
- 2) Banks are encouraged to submit any other information and documentation (including data series)

that would support the bank's PPNR projections. One example of such information would be identification and discussion of major deviations of the Bank's historical performance from forecasted figures, focusing on the last four quarters and noting items

that the Bank regards as non-recurring and/or non-core. Where applicable, it would be useful to reference this additional supporting information in the memo outlined above.

## **P. Documentation on MSR Projection**

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **PPNR**.

The supporting document should be titled:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_MSR\_METHODODOLOGY\_YYMMDD.**

Separate documents may be submitted for different models and/or methodologies. In this case, title the documents:

**RSSD\_BANKMNEMONIC\_MSR\_METHODODOLOGY\_MODELTYPE\_YYMMDD.**

The documentation should address the questions outlined below.

### a) Models and Methodologies

- Describe the models and related sub-models that were used to complete the submission, and please state whether the model is a third-party vendor or proprietary model.
  - o Income/Expense/Valuation Engine
  - o Prepayment Model
  - o Default Model
  - o Delinquency Model
  - o Hedging Simulation
- If a vendor model was used, please provide the name of the vendor model. If a vendor model was used, has the Bank performed an independent review of the vendor model?
- Has the model undergone rigorous model validation, with results reviewed independently of the business line?
- Has any performance testing been conducted on the model? If so, what type of performance testing has been conducted?
- What data sources were used to calibrate each model?
- What were the key inputs/variables and how were these determined?
- How did the model (whether vendor or proprietary) incorporate macroeconomic assumptions?

### b) Assumptions

- For each quarter, what new loan capitalizations and amortizations are assumed over both the baseline and supervisory stress scenarios?
- How were the new loan capitalization forecast assumptions developed?

- What excess spread assumptions were made with respect to new loan capitalizations in each scenario and how was this assumption derived (e.g., historical buy-up/buy-down grids, etc.)?
- How were HARP assumptions, if any, estimated?
- What market share is assumed, and does this change within the stress scenario?
- Does the submission include any MSR sales or purchases under the supervisory stress? If yes, please provide detail.
- What is the composition of the underlying portfolio of loans serviced for others with respect to the following, and how does this composition change (if at all) during the supervisory stress scenario?
  - o Loan type
  - o Geographical region
  - o Credit score
- How were macroeconomic assumptions as prescribed under the supervisory baseline and stress scenarios used to determine the respective projected loan prepayment, delinquency, and default experience for each quarter?
- How were macroeconomic assumptions that were not prescribed under the supervisory baseline and stress scenarios (for example, interest rate volatility, option adjusted spreads, primary to secondary spreads) used to determine the respective projected loan prepayment, delinquency, and default experience for each quarter?
- What are the voluntary prepayment speeds (e.g., conditional prepayment rates (CPRs) associated with refinancing) assumed for each quarter in the respective baseline and supervisory stress scenarios? Do not include constant default rates (CDRs).
- What are the factors that drive or explain the level and trend in prepayment speeds through the nine quarters over the baseline and supervisory stress scenarios?
- What are the default rates assumed for each quarter in the respective baseline and supervisory stress scenarios?
- What are the factors that drive or explain the level and trend in default rates through the nine quarters over the baseline and supervisory stress scenarios?
- How were the assumptions regarding cost of service with respect to both the baseline and stressed scenarios derived?
- Was inflation incorporated into the projection?
- What is the servicing cost structure on a per loan basis on a base and incremental basis for each level of delinquency? What are the foreclosure costs per loan?
- Does the cost structure per loan stay the same throughout the nine quarters with the number of delinquent loans changing, or do both change?
- What foreclosure time frames are used in the baseline scenario? Do these lengthen or contract in the supervisory stress?
- Is late fee income included in the submission?
- If so, what is the Bank's actual late fee income structure, as well as waiver policy if applicable?
- What is the late fee income assumed in the baseline and stress scenarios?
- Is it assumed that late fees are 100% collectable in the stress scenario?
- Are earnings on escrow and other balances included in the submission?
- If yes, how are the balances forecasted, and what is the crediting rate?
- Is cost to finance advances to investors relating to delinquent loans incorporated in the submission?

- If yes, how is the borrowing rate determined?

#### c) Hedging and Rebalancing

- Are MSR hedges assumed to be rebalanced or rolled-over at any time during the nine quarter DFAST horizon? How often are hedges assumed to be rebalanced or rolled-over? What is the timing of such rebalancing or roll-over trades?
- What are the hedge rebalancing and/or roll-over rules applied during the baseline and stress scenarios?
- Are the hedge rebalancing and/or roll-over rules applied in the baseline and stress scenarios consistent with the bank's risk appetite statement and Board/management approved limit structure?
- To what degree does hedge effectiveness decline in the stress scenarios? How was this estimated?
- How is the impact of hedging instrument bid-ask spreads captured in the submission? To what degree does the bid-ask spread widen in the stress scenario? How was this estimated?
- How does the bank account for the liquidity risk from concentrated hedge positions?
- What is assumed regarding collateral requirements?
- What are the current risk tolerance limits with respect to MSR hedging?

#### Q. Documentation on Scenario

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Other Supporting Documents**.

For the Bank-specific scenarios, the Bank should include documentation on the scenario development process, which, at a minimum, should describe how the risk identification process relates to the scenario design and how the scenario design corresponds to the Bank's idiosyncratic risks.

To the degree that the Bank anticipates that its specific vulnerabilities or risk profile is different from the BHC, the Bank should include supporting documentation which qualitatively identifies key differences in the risk profiles between the Bank and the BHC and how these differences are anticipated to affect the Bank-specific scenario results.

Similar to other inputs to the stress testing process, models and methodologies that are associated with the additional scenarios should be well supported and follow established supporting documentation requirements.

#### R. Documentation on Regulatory Capital Instruments

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **Capital Planning**.

Appropriate supporting documentation is required for this schedule.

## S. Documentation on Consideration of Certain Off-Balance Sheet Risks

**BankNet Instructions:** When uploading the supporting documentation to the BankNet site, supporting documents for this specific area should be uploaded to the folder: **PPNR**.

Supporting documentation should clearly highlight how each institution (i) identified unconsolidated entities and sponsored products to which the Bank has potential exposure, (ii) evaluated those entities/sponsored products under stressed scenario conditions, and (iii) projected and reported any associated financial losses – whether in the form of non-contractual support or reflected elsewhere in PPNR (e.g., foregone revenue).

1. **Identification:** The submission should include a complete inventory of all off-balance sheet entities and sponsored products. Those assessed collectively may be aggregated for the purposes of reporting the information requested below, except that all investment management products that seek to maintain a stable net asset value (NAV) should be listed separately. Please include, at a minimum, the following information related to unconsolidated entities/sponsored products:
  - Product category. For example, ABCP conduits, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Hedge Funds, SEC-registered mutual funds, Collective Investment Funds, etc.
  - Total assets by product or category (for those that are aggregated).
  - Revenues earned by product or category for the most recent four quarters and a description of the nature of such revenues.
  - Product name and/or unique identifier for those listed separately.
  - For stable NAV funds only, the regulatory framework by which each product is offered. For example, Investment Company Act of 1940, Rule 12 CFR 9.18, etc.

Each bank should also include a brief description of the process utilized to develop inventory.

2. **Evaluation Methodology:** Clearly describe the methodology that was applied to the inventory in order to determine the unconsolidated entities/sponsored products for which there is a potential for non-contractual support, for example based on client expectations. This should include even those entities/sponsored products which the bank may choose not to support but such a decision could lead to lost revenues and/or other costs. Indicate the resulting decision for each product or category.
3. **Determination of Related Losses:** For each unconsolidated entity/sponsored product for which it was determined that a client expectation of non-contractual support may exist:
  - a) Describe the expected impact of macroeconomic and/or idiosyncratic stress factors to these entities/sponsored products.
    - This might include, but is not limited to, market value shocks, increased redemption activity, rollover risk, counterparty-default-related losses, etc.
    - Critical assumptions such as assumed counterparty LGD rates, velocity of redemptions amid stress, and nature of market shocks should be highlighted.
  - b) Describe the decision framework applied in determining whether non-contractual support would be provided and include a discussion of the

identified costs/benefits related to each decision by major category and/or product.

- c) Quantify and provide calculations of any related financial losses expected to be borne by the bank either in the form of non-contractual support or lost revenues and legal/operational costs and provide related calculations of those losses.
  - This should include both direct impacts (e.g., product closure and/or potential litigation costs) and indirect (i.e., second-order) impacts, such as lost revenue in other products that results from client attrition, where a decision to not support has been applied.
- d) Clearly indicate the line items within the summary schedule where such projected financial losses have been recorded.